Appendix A: Summaries of Representations and Responses – Development Strategy

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Greater Cambridge in 2041: consultation format and process

Consultation format and approach

Hyperlink for all comments

Open this hyperlink- Greater Cambridge in 2041 > then go to the sub-heading 'Tell us what you think'> click the magnifying glass symbol

Number of Representations for this section: 240 (albeit see note below)

Note

Whilst the webpage linked above effectively included only the vision and aims, a significant proportion of comments attached to this webpage relate to the development strategy, consultation approach and plan process. Comments shown in this section relate only to consultation approach. Comments relating to Vision and Aims were published for the JLPAG meeting held on 4th October. Comments relating to development strategy have been moved to either S/JH or S/DS as relevant. Representations which have been moved in this way are denoted with an asterisk in the following format Representation number* (Name of respondent).

Abbreviations

PC= Parish Council

DC= District Council

TC= Town Council

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Executive summary

Some representations commented on the format and approach to consultation. Regarding consultation format, a few comments by community organisations noted the complexity of information provided and requested simpler presentation; a few individuals noted challenges in responding via electronic means; Campaign for the Protection of Rural England argued that more hard copies should have been made available in accessible locations. Regarding consultation approach, a number of comments suggested that the consultation was premature and should have waited for greater certainty, for example in relation to regional water planning processes, and that there should have been greater consideration of the interrelationship of this consultation with other related consultations including those run by Greater Cambridge Partnership. Other comments suggested specific amendments or corrections to diagrams or wording in the consultation.

Table of representations: Consultation format and approach

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting
	this issue
Welcome opportunity to comment and largely support approach taken. Appreciate digitally	59705 (Central
presented and structured documentation to make it as accessible as possible to everyone. Use of	Bedfordshire Council)
maps and diagrams is effective. Ability to explore documentation through "themes" and "maps" is	
particularly helpful way of organising.	
Note the complexity of information. Not easy for people to understand the proposals sufficiently to	59717 (Swavesey PC)
meaningfully comment. Ask that future consultations use simpler language and format.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting
	this issue
Consultation Process - pleased with opportunity to engage to the extent it is able. But convoluted	59858 (Barrington PC)
process, material is voluminous, 60 policies and maps difficult to interpret electronically, militates	
against inclusion of diverse age and socio-economic groups in a rural population. Further thought	
needed into reducing complexity but increasing inclusion, accessibility, and meaningfulness of	
consultation.	
Economic and social consequences of pandemic and its aftermath could be significant, yet no	60250* (T Orgee), 58896*
assessment of any possible future changes is built into proposals. A delay to consultation would give	(R Donald)
time for some indications of impacts relating to local jobs and housing to emerge and be integrated.	
Questionable issues of timing. Premature plan because too many key facts which will inform it	59545 (Campaign to
remain unavailable; Making Connections, Cambridge Eastern Access, LTCP consultation, Water	Protect Rural England)
Resources East Regional Water Plan, Ox-Cam Arc. Also, relationship to UK Innovation and	
Cambridge-Norwich Tech Corridors, driven by business interests but little public debate and not part	
of accepted national strategy.	
Democratic deficit in process and evidence basis. Engagement events planned at too short notice.	60240 (Federation of
	Cambridge Residents'
	Associations)
Democratic deficit in process and evidence basis. Sewage in rivers and chalk streams is of national	60240* (Federation of
concern, not part of Water Resources East remit. Consultation on regional water plan summer 2022.	Cambridge Residents'
Plan appears inordinately influenced by unelected Greater Cambridge Partnership, has business	Associations)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting
	this issue
interests on its board. Consistent with self-appointed Arc Leaders Group promoting Ox-Cam Arc.	
Modelling used to inform CPIER, cited in Employment Land and Economic Development Study,	
does not take into account social and environmental issues.	
Webpage wording discourages feedback whilst saying it welcomes it. Emailed response because	59436 (Anonymous)
couldn't see another way of responding that wasn't the quick questionnaire.	
Concerns regarding the consultation approach including:	59540 (Campaign to
 Concern at length and complexity of information in technical documents; combined with over- 	Protect of Rural England)
simplification of consultation material, making it difficult to get a sense of the whole	
proposition.	
 Concern that the consultation was not easily accessible to those without computer and 	
internet access; only very limited availability to the documents in hard copy at public	
locations; information regarding location of available documents was not included in public	
notice.	
 Public events were not accessible to more rural areas of the district 	
Overlap in timing with related Greater Cambridge Partnership consultations	
 Overlap with consultation and development of Combined Authority's Local Transport and 	
Connectivity Plan	
Premature ahead of confirmation of water supply	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting
	this issue
All offered response formats are inadequate. Consultation makes too many assumptions, and	59459 (Cambridge Labour
demands a formulaic response to a complex and interconnected series of issues.	Party Environment Forum)
Short tick-box 'survey' and your 'detailed response' mechanisms wholly unsatisfactory. Options to	60209 (J V Neal)
use phones, apps etc. are of zero benefit; I do not own a smart phone.	
Introduction should make the plan period more obvious	56872 (J Prince)
Graphic of tree is misleading as it suggests the proposals represent best way of achieving the	59598 (M Lynch)
benefits, whereas the benefits either already exist or can be achieved by other and less damaging	
means. Use of the image therefore indicates a significant flaw underlying the proposals.	
Misleading omission of housing proposed as part of Cambridge Biomedical Campus in Figure 4	56963* (Trumpington
	Residents Association)
Figure 33 not all of the annotations are correct. For example new allocations at Gt Shelford and	59645 (Historic England)
Duxford should be purple.	
Glossary - Please add Scheduled Monument and Registered Park and Garden, significance, and	59688 (Historic England)
setting.	
Glossary - Welcomes inclusion of 'waterways and bodies of water' (page 358) in definition of green	60485 (Anglian Water
infrastructure. Term blue and green infrastructure could equally be used. Welcome inclusion of	Services Ltd)
water, waste, and green infrastructure in definition of infrastructure (page 360). Text for SuDS (page	
366) requires editing.	

How much development and where?

Hyperlink for all comments

Open this hyperlink- <u>How much development and where?</u>> then go to the sub-heading 'Tell us what you think'> click the magnifying glass symbol

Number of Representations for this section: 92 (albeit see note below)

Note

Content in the webpage linked above provided a narrative overview of the proposed strategy. All comments responding to this page relate to the development levels and strategy. Within this document, these comments have been moved to either policy S/JH or policy S/DS as relevant. Representations which have been moved in this way are denoted with an asterisk in the following format: Representation number* (Name of respondent).

S/JH: New Jobs and Homes

Hyperlink for all comments

Open this hyperlink- Policy S/JH: New Jobs and Homes then go to the sub-heading 'Tell us what you think' click the magnifying glass symbol

Number of Representations for this section: 189

Note

A small number of representations attributed to 'How much development and where' and 'New settlements' were relevant to Policy S/JH and have therefore been included in the table below. Representations which have been moved in this way are denoted with an asterisk in the following format: Representation number* (Name of respondent).

Executive summary

A number of comments, in particular those also promoting specific development sites, welcomed the decision to exceed the housing target derived from the national 'standard method' for calculating the number of new homes. However, they also stressed the economic strengths of Greater Cambridge and, therefore, wanted the higher jobs forecast to apply and for this to influence a higher housing target. Evidence cited to inform this view included the Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Independent Economic Review (CPIER) 2018, historic growth trends, housing affordability and the ongoing need to reduce in-commuting to Greater Cambridge. In many cases, references to this evidence were linked to the promotion of individual development sites not included in the Plan. Some respondents wanted to see the housing target regarded as a minimum, which should be reviewed regularly in

relation to jobs growth. A considerable amount of detailed technical evidence was provided which challenged the methodology for and approach to calculating the jobs and homes targets. This included concerns about the approach not taking account of supressed demand in past trends, recognising that historically employment growth across the area has been higher than forecasted.

Conversely, a range comments, particularly from individuals, parish councils, residents' associations and other organisations, questioned the need for the levels of growth included in the Plan. Concerns raised included the effect on climate change; the availability of water supply and the effect of development on water quality; insufficient transport and healthcare infrastructure; a reduced quality of life for existing residents and a harmful impact on local character. Some respondents noted the challenges associated with accurately forecasting jobs and homes over the plan period, due particularly to the effects of Brexit, the Covid pandemic and higher levels of homeworking. Reference was also made to the importance of taking account of the 2021 Census. A number of respondents expressed concern that housing targets for Neighbourhood Areas are likely to dissuade areas from preparing Neighbourhood Plans; others wanted to see more land allocated in sustainable rural settlements to support local services.

Table of representations: S/JH: New Jobs and Homes

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
The higher job forecast across the Plan period should be used and	Individuals
thereby a greater number of homes are required as:	56480 (V Chapman), 56488 (D & B Searle), 56498 (W
The lower figure does not take on board CPIER forecasts.	Grain), (RJ & JS Millard), 57061 (C Meadows), 57102 (J

Summary of issues raised in comments

- Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Economic Review
 (CPIER) 2018 has recognised that there has been a higher
 rate of economic growth than forecast, predicts this growth
 will continue and states that doubling economic output by
 2040 is realistic.
- The Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Devolution Deal indicates that higher levels of growth should be planned for the Greater Cambridge
- The lower figure does not reflect the anticipated growth aspirations of the Oxford to Cambridge Arc Spatial Framework and the key role of Greater Cambridge in achieving them
- the lower figure does not reflect the fact that the economic success of Greater Cambridge and its sectors are of national and international importance.
- The lower figure does not reflect previous trends a historic reversion to the mean would show that the most acceptable Plan projection to be KS1 (2.1% p.a.)
- The draft Plan, knowingly, focuses only on the 'most likely' of just two employment growth scenarios, with no weighting

Comments highlighting this issue

Francis), 57300 (AJ Johnson), 58145 (Mr James Manning), 58363 (D Moore), 58627 (R Grain), 58789 (S Grain), 60385 (David Wright), 60477 (P,J & M Crow),

Other Organisations

60518 (Cambridge Ahead)

Developers, Housebuilders and Landowners

56711 (KB Tebbit Ltd), 57112 (Cambridge District Oddfellows),

56894 (RWS Ltd), 56993 (Hastingwood Developments), 57050 (CEMEX UK Properties Ltd), 57081 (Shelford Investments), 57092 (RO Group Ltd), 57120 (KG Moss Will Trust & Moss Family), 57149 (Southern & Regional Developments Ltd), 57192 (European Property Ventures - Cambridgeshire), 57196 (MPM Properties (TH) Ltd and Thriplow Farms Ltd), 57329 (Clarendon Land and Development Ltd), 57341 (HD Planning Ltd), 57344 & 58496 (Bloor Homes Eastern), 57472 & 57473 (Vistry Group - Linden Homes), 57513 (R2 Developments Ltd),

Summary of issues raised in comments

given to the scenario that is based on the most recent trends. Were weighting to be given to the scenario that is based on the most recent trends, it is likely that the associated housing requirement would increase by c. 9% to 48,300 homes.

- Preferred option is based on an employment growth rate to 2041 for life sciences and other key sectors as the lower quartile between the EEFM baseline and the historic growth rate between 2001-17, therefore planning for reduced economic development in those sectors
- There is a need to provide housing for employees and overcome existing severe difficulties recruiting talent for the knowledge-based jobs that are being created in the Cambridge area.
- There is a need to improve housing affordability and to ensure that it does not become worse.
- There is a need to reduce in-commuting.
- There is an existing imbalance between rates of economic growth and housing delivery in Greater Cambridge.
- If a correct balance between jobs and houses is not achieved,
 this runs the risk of further increasing house prices.

Comments highlighting this issue

57543, 57546, 57552, 57555 & 58476 (Cheveley Park Farms Limited), 57633 (Dudley Developments), 57647 (Endurance Estates - Balsham Site), 57682 (Endurance Estates - Bassingbourn Sites), 57892 & 58527 (Martin Grant Homes), 58002 (Imperial War Museum/Gonville and Caius College), 58151 (Hill Residential), 58185 (Enterprise Property Group Limited), 58189 (SmithsonHill), 58216 (Hallam Land Management Limited), 58253 (Bletsoes), 58273 (Pigeon Land 2 Ltd), 58301 (University of Cambridge), 58360 (Hill Residential Ltd and Chivers Farms Hardington LLP58367 (Hawkswren Ltd), 58424 (NW Bio and its UK Subsidiary Aracaris Capital Ltd), 58454 & 58504 (Hill Residential Limited), 58529 (MacTaggart & Mickel), 58542 (Artisan UK Projects Ltd), 58556, 58958, 59108, 59241, 59737 & 59738 (Endurance Estates), 58583 (Endurance Estates -Caxton Gibbet Site), 58637 (Abbey Properties Cambridgeshire Limited), 58659 & 58683 (Wates Developments Ltd), 58661 (The Church Commissioners for England), 58727 (Trumpington Meadows Land

Summary of issues raised in comments

- The significant momentum and political weight behind funding, infrastructure improvements and growth initiatives in Greater Cambridge.
- Using the lower figure means Greater Cambridge would be planning for growth comparable to area's that do not have GC's unique life sciences cluster. This will undermine the 'Cambridge Phenomenon' that has been gathering pace since the 1960s, but is only now starting to convert the academic advances in life sciences into commercial success.
- To provide flexibility to support the significant economic growth in the area.
- The Covid-19 pandemic has highlighted the importance of all aspects of life science research.
- Technical issues with the employment modelling used.
- No account is taken of reductions in floorspace, the demand for logistics and data centres, and the fact most of the supply is not available until post 2041.

Comments highlighting this issue

Company), 58795 (Redrow Homes Ltd), 58902 (Ely Diocesan Board of Finance), 58909 (Clare College, Cambridge), 58946 (North Barton Road Landowners Group), 58954 (Jesus College - working with Pigeon Investment Management and Lands Improvement Holdings - a private landowner and St John's College), 59075 (L&Q Estates Limited and Hill Residential Limited), 59142 (Silverley Properties Ltd), 59319 (Bridgemere Land Plc), 59475 (Cheffins), 59832 (MCA Developments Ltd), 60147 (U&I PLC and TOWN), 60185 (Home Builders Federation), 60218 (Thakeham Homes Ltd), 60244 (Bidwells), 60262 & 60266 (Gonville & Caius College), 60267 (The White Family and Pembroke College), 60270 (Commercial Estates Group), 60294 (Miller Homes -Fulbourn site), 60301 (Miller Homes - Melbourn site), 60309 (Gladman Developments), 60322 (Daniels Bros (Shefford) Ltd60509 (Taylor Wimpey UK Ltd), 60540 (Beechwood Homes Contracting Ltd), 60546 (Thakeham Homes Ltd), 60562 (Countryside Properties), 60567 (Countryside Properties – Fen Ditton site), 60578 (Martin

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
	Grant Homes), 60608 (Endurance Estates – Orwell site),
	60609 (CALA Group Ltd), 60623 (NIAB Trust - Girton
	site), 60631 (NIAB Trust), 60667 (Mill Stream
	Developments), 60758 (U+I Group PLC)
Questions/concerns whether sufficient upward adjustments to the	Individuals
housing requirement have been made to meet the requirements of	57061 (C Meadows), 57102 (J Francis); 57300 (AJ
Section Id.2a of the Planning Practice Guidance on Housing and	Johnson), 58145 (J Manning),
economic needs assessment to take into account:	
growth strategies	Developers, Housebuilders and Landowners
strategic infrastructure improvements	56993 (Hastingwood Developments), 57050 (CEMEX UK
housing affordability	Properties Ltd), 57081 (Shelford Investments), 57092 (RO
	Group Ltd); 57112 (Cambridge District Oddfellows),
	57120 (KG Moss Will Trust & Moss Family); 57196 (MPM
	Properties TH Ltd and Thriplow Farms Ltd), 57344 &
	58496 (Bloor Homes Eastern), 57633 (Dudley
	Developments), 57647 (Endurance Estates - Balsham
	Site), 57682 (Endurance Estates - Bassingbourn Sites),
	58185 (Enterprise Property Group Limited), 58367
	(Hawkswren Ltd), 58424 (NW Bio and its UK Subsidiary

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
	Aracaris Capital Ltd), 58902 (Ely Diocesan Board of
	Finance), 58946 (North Barton Road Landowners Group),
	60147 (U&I PLC and TOWN)
There is a recognition amongst national and local agencies that	Individuals
there is a need to substantially increase housing delivery in Greater	57061 (C Meadows), 57102 (J Francis); 58145 (J
Cambridge to support economic growth and address significant	Manning)
housing affordability issues.	
	Developers, Housebuilders and Landowners
	56993 (Hastingwood Developments), 57050 (CEMEX UK
	Properties Ltd), 57081 (Shelford Investments), 57092 (RO
	Group Ltd); 57120 (KG Moss Will Trust & Moss Family);
	57196 (MPM Properties TH Ltd and Thriplow Farms Ltd),
	57300 (AJ Johnson), 57344 & 58496 (Bloor Homes
	Eastern), 57633 (Dudley Developments), 57647
	(Endurance Estates - Balsham Site), 57682 (Endurance
	Estates - Bassingbourn Sites), 58185 (Enterprise Property
	Group Limited), 58367
	(Hawkswren Ltd), 58424 (NW Bio and its UK Subsidiary
	Aracaris Capital Ltd), 58709 (TWI), 58902 (Ely Diocesan

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
	Board of Finance), 58946 (North Barton Road
	Landowners Group), 60147 (U&I PLC and TOWN)
The higher growth level option will require infrastructure funding, but	Developers, Housebuilders and Landowners
there are existing transport improvements already planned for	56993 (Hastingwood Developments), 57050 (CEMEX UK
Greater Cambridge and further investment in infrastructure (e.g.	Properties Ltd), 57061 (C Meadows), 57081 (Shelford
water and electricity) will need to be secured as part of the Oxford to	Investments), 57092 (RO Group Ltd); 57102 (J Francis);
Cambridge Arc.	57112 (Cambridge District Oddfellows); 57120 (KG Moss
	Will Trust & Moss Family); 57196 (MPM Properties TH Ltd
	and Thriplow Farms Ltd), 57344 & 58496 (Bloor Homes
	Eastern), 57633 (Dudley Developments), 57647
	(Endurance Estates - Balsham Site), 57682 (Endurance
	Estates - Bassingbourn Sites), 58145 (J Manning), 58185
	(Enterprise Property Group Limited), 58367 (Hawkswren
	Ltd), 58424 (NW Bio and its UK Subsidiary Aracaris
	Capital Ltd), 58946 (North Barton Road Landowners
	Group), 60147 (U&I PLC and TOWN)
Marshall recognises the level of growth that has been put forward by	58349 (Marshall Group Properties)
the GCSP and the proposed delivery of a number of homes that	
exceeds the standard methodology calculations. Marshall	
encourages the GCSP to reconsider the opportunity to aspire for	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
greater employment growth that captures the true economic	
potential of Greater Cambridge.	
The SA should have tested the higher jobs forecast as a reasonable	58851 (Scott Properties)
alternative, given it is a possible albeit not the most likely future	
scenario.	
The SA fails to consider any alternative other than the level of need	60244 (Bidwells)
set out in the GCLP first proposals consultation. The SA should	
reflect the uncertainty about housing and employment needs. The	
SA fails to recognise that the greater in-commuting resulting from a	
higher employment need would be negated by increased housing.	
Its reasons for limiting the assessment of reasonable alternatives are	
self-defeating. The justification for discounting Option B however is	
clearly erroneous. If it was only necessary to assess the "most likely	
future scenario", there would be no assessment of alternatives of	
any kind. This is contrary to the entire purpose of SA and SEA.	
The 'Maximum continue existing patterns' scenario - 78,000 jobs and	58529 (MacTaggart & Mickel)
53,500 homes, is not just possible but is what the evidence suggests	
is actually the most likely future scenario.	
It is requested that jobs requirements in Policy S/JH are based on	58709 (TWI)
delivering the higher growth level option	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
The housing provision should be towards the top range of 2,900	57329 (Clarendon Land and Development Ltd)
homes per year as suggested by the CPIER report and 2,825 homes	
per year (56,500 homes over the plan period) as set out in the	
HERR report. It is imperative to ensure that the growth in	
employment is matched by housebuilding. If a correct balance	
between jobs and houses is not achieved, this runs the risk of further	
increasing house prices.	
OAN should be increased to at least 2,549dpa to align housing and	60322 (Daniels Bros (Shefford) Ltd)
economic growth and support the objectives of the Oxford-	
Cambridge Arc.	
An indicative calculation based on CPIER suggests that, if the jobs	60385 (David Wright)
growth targets are to be achieved, around 2,900 homes a year	
would need to be built - an indicative total of 66,900 homes over	
2020-2041.	
44,000 new homes should be expressed as a minimum and that the	57249 (Deal Land LLP), 60270 (Commercial Estates
policy should have flexibility to allow further homes to come forward	Group)
in certain circumstances e.g. the planned supply of homes not	
coming forward during the currently anticipated timescales, or if	
growth in the number of jobs leads again to the current problems of	
higher house prices and higher in-commuting.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Were a 2:1 weighting to be applied to the two ('central' and 'higher')	58795 (Redrow Homes Ltd)
scenarios, in favour of the 'most likely' but not dismissing the	
potential contribution of the most trends, one would arrive at a	
projected jobs growth of c. 65,200 and a consequential need for	
between c. 45,800 and 48,300 homes. Adopting the same approach	
that leads to the proposed housing requirement of 44,400 homes	
would result in a requirement for 48,300 homes – approximately 9%	
more than is proposed.	
Housing target should be based on achieving a blended economic	58946 (North Barton Road Landowners Group)
growth rate of 2.8% per annum and should be 4,400 dwellings per	
annum to meet this economic growth rate.	
The additional 550 homes a year should be regarded as a minimum	60043 (Cambridgeshire Development Forum)
figure, which should be reviewed regularly in relation to the growth in	
jobs within the travel-to-work areas.	
The Plan period should be extended to at least 2050 in order to align	58661 (The Church Commissioners for England), 60567
with the Plan period for the OxCam Arc's Strategic Framework. This	(Countryside Properties – Fen Ditton site)
would help facilitate for properly planned strategic growth across the	
wider region over the next 30 years.	
Issues with the employment modelling:	57472 & 57473 (Vistry Group - Linden Homes), 60244
	(Bidwells)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
The EEFM model is constrained to the 2016 Sub National	
Population Projections at the regional level.	
 Many of the assumptions of the EEFM model are fixed at the 	
2011 Census results, such as in the commuting matrix that	
determines residence employment.	
 The dampening down of the exponential growth in recent 	
historical average growth rates were applied is based on the	
EEFM baseline projection. This projection fails to adequately	
address growth in the key sectors in the first place.	
 No consideration appears to have been given to a scenario 	
using the upper quartile.	
There appears to be little analysis of which quartile (which are	
in themselves arbitrary) might be the most appropriate	
beyond the assertion that the Greater Cambridge economy is	
at a peak and over the longer-term growth will likely be lower	
than that seen in the past decade. This fails to recognise the	
unique narrative behind the exceptional growth seen in the	
past decade.	
 Up until 2018 development in Greater Cambridge had been 	
constrained/dampened by County and regional planning, the	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Cambridge Green Belt and the 2008 recession. It was	
therefore only after 2018 that investment truly started to	
reflect its full potential. Given that most of the data used in the	
ELEDES pre-dates 2018, prior to the adoption of the local	
plans, it is highly unlikely that it represents the peak in the	
Greater Cambridge economic cycle.	
The mid-point or the upper quartile might be more	
appropriate, perhaps an even higher figure.	
The analysis in the ELEDES does not seem to recognise the	
'sticky' relationship between sectors. If one sector is being	
uplifted from the EEFM baseline, all other sectors should also	
be uplifted to some degree to balance the economy.	
 The lowest the GCLP should be planning for is 45,761 jobs, 	
which is linked to the Local Housing Need Standard Method	
(LHNSM), rather than the EEFM 40,100 jobs.	
 Employment need is likely to be the average between the 	
2001-2017 annual average change and 2011-2017 annual	
average change, 90,250 jobs. This closely reflects the CPEIR	
proxy result of 92,100 jobs. This would seem to best fit the	
requirements of the NPPF by reflecting an unconstrained view	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
of employment growth while recognising what is realistically	
deliverable.	
The methods for developing the employment projection scenarios	60518 (Cambridge Ahead)
deviate, markedly so, from the historic and recent growth rates in the	
area without any basis in evidence. The actual long run figures	
produced by GL Hearn appear substantially reduced in the Plan	
without any evidential basis, which has the effect of aligning	
projections on the same basis as the EEFM previously criticised by	
the CPIER.	
How GL Hearn's analysis of the historical data and projections to	60518 (Cambridge Ahead)
2041 set out in Table 51 relate to the earlier Tables 43 and 48, and	
then proceed on the basis of this analysis to recommend the Plan's	
projected growth rates - KS3/1.1% and KS2/1.5% set out in Table	
5227 - is entirely opaque yet is such a critical element of the overall	
analysis.	
Against this argument about growth in the period 2011-17 being	60518 (Cambridge Ahead)
extraordinary and should therefore be discounted in assessing the	
prospective Plan rates of growth, the BRES results for actual growth	
across 2017-20, let alone for the combined BRES/CBR data, entirely	
contradict the view that the underlying rate of growth is falling back.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Question the jobs numbers, whether gross or net, forecasts or	59764* (B Hunt)
projections.	
Concerned about how required housing has been assessed.	59258* (Teversham PC)
There should be no more homes or businesses than are required by	57221* (D Lott)
Government. The resources of the area cannot cope and there is not	
the capacity to increase those resources.	
Approach to forecasting employment growth must also take into	57647 (Endurance Estates - Balsham Site), 58958, 59108
account suppressed demand and more accurately account for	& 59241 (Endurance Estates), 60608 (Endurance Estates
historic or current property market dynamics. Fundamental concerns	- Orwell site)
in this regard, particularly in relation to industrial land which is highly	
constrained in the area and exhibits old stock. Additional factors	
need to be taken into account in estimating future need, including:	
Typical levels of demand at other similar local authorities of up to	
27,300 sqm (300,000 sqft) per annum;	
National benchmarks of floorspace per dwelling of about 6.4 sqm	
per dwelling compared to Greater Cambridge's 3.5 sqm per dwelling;	
• Future demand generated by the 44,400 new dwellings to be	
delivered over the draft plan period; and	
Footloose demand from national and international occupiers	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
In terms of job growth target and employment floorspace	58216 (Hallam Land Management Limited)
requirement, the following comments are made:	
1. In projecting past trends, the floorspace requirement will constrain	
jobs growth to levels below what has been forecast, particularly the	
level forecast by the Cambridge & Peterborough Independent	
Economic Review (2018) (CPIER);	
2. Floorspace requirements do not take into account reductions in	
floorspace over the Plan period as older or lower quality employment	
land and buildings are redeveloped for alternative uses;	
3. Implications of the growth in logistics arising from changes in the	
economy, including growth in online retailing, should be considered	
in light of the findings of the update to the Retail and Leisure Study;	
and,	
4. Implications of the growth in Data Centres on the demand for	
employment floorspace over the Plan period should be considered.	
In terms of supply to meet the employment floorspace requirement,	58216 (Hallam Land Management Limited)
noted that a substantial proportion of the identified supply is not	
available until post 2041. It cannot therefore contribute to meeting	
the requirement and the jobs target. Additional supply is therefore	
required, in the form of new allocations.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Alternative figures provided for employment growth:	57472 & 57473 (Vistry Group - Linden Homes)
 The lowest the GCLP should be planning for is 45,761 jobs, 	
which is linked to the Local Housing Need Standard Method	
(LHNSM), rather than the EEFM 40,100 jobs.	
Realistically, employment need is likely to be the average	
between the 2001-2017 annual average change and 2011-	
2017 annual average change, 90,250 jobs. This closely	
reflects the CPEIR proxy result of 92,100 jobs. This would	
seem to best fit the requirements of the NPPF by reflecting an	
unconstrained view of employment growth while recognising	
what is realistically deliverable.	
Plan should provide flexibility to facilitate higher job growth.	58659 & 58683 (Wates Developments Ltd), 60518
Historically the employment growth across Greater Cambridge has	(Cambridge Ahead)
been higher than predicted. This is also notwithstanding the recent	
introduction of Use Class E, which may see greater movement	
between the previous Class B Uses and additional employment sites	
coming forward with the potential intensification of existing	
employment sites, thereby increasing the need for housing land.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
To provide for appropriate flexibility for unforeseen economic growth,	58659 & 58683 (Wates Developments Ltd)
a range of additional contingency site allocations should be included	
within the housing trajectory.	
The 10% buffer proposed is not sufficient and additional sites should	58795 (Redrow Homes Ltd)
be allocated to provide flexibility. Further work will be required to	
identify the size of an increased buffer but this should be at least	
15%	
Whilst the Councils have nominally been able to show that they will	58795 (Redrow Homes Ltd)
be able to demonstrate a 5YHLS on adoption of the Plan, this	
projection is prone to challenge and is not robust	
There is a housing supply of 5.15 years which is close to the	59068 (A P Burlton Turkey's Ltd)
minimum amount required. The uncertainty around the deliverability	
of sites means that there is reasonable potential for the council to	
not meet its housing targets if multiple developers fail to provide	
housing within the five year period. Therefore, the council should	
consider additional suitable housing sites through a more dispersed	
approach to development across settlements within the Plan area	
that could be delivered within the five year period to ensure that it	
can safely meet its housing target	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
To meet its assessed need, the Council is only proposing a limited	59737 & 59738 (Endurance Estates)
number of new allocations at urban extensions and new settlements	
and is seeking to realise additional capacity from existing allocated	
and committed sites as provided for in the existing strategy. In	
practice, the risks to delivery mean that the Council's stated	
provision for the 'medium' scenario plus a 10% buffer is unlikely to	
be achieved within the plan period utilising very limited additional	
sources of flexibility.	
As per para 10.19 of the October 2021 Housing Delivery Study	60279 (Commercial Estates Group)
(HDS), Waterbeach is assumed to deliver at 250dpa, but Bourn	
Airfield and Cambourne West are set to only deliver at 150dpa with	
the odd year of delivery rising to 200dpa. The clear evidence to	
justify this disparity in sites of a similar scale is unclear.	
Northstowe is consistently assumed to deliver 250 dpa but within the	
next 4 years is to deliver in excess of 300dpa. This approach would	
not appear to have been taken with regard to Table 18 of the HDS,	
which sets out that average build out rate of urban extensions	
delivering 2,000+ homes are 225-275. An expected delivery of over	
300dpa for multiple years is highly optimistic and it is not clear from	
the evidence base how this is justified, to ensure no optimism bias	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
this should be lowered to a more realistic average build out rate of	
250dpa, which fits within the identified range above.	
Policies S/JH and D/DS would not be sound on the basis because	60667 (Mill Stream Developments)
they would not be justified or effective. Our view is that for a housing	
delivery strategy to be effective, it will be required to take into	
account all reasonable alternatives to deliver the right amount of	
housing in the right place, including further small and medium sized	
additional housing sites.	
For the housing delivery strategy to be effective, it will be required to	60667 (Mill Stream Developments)
take into account all reasonable alternatives to deliver the right type	
and amount of rural housing, in the right place to meet local needs,	
including much-needed affordable homes. The absence of additional	
housing allocations within the rural southwestern part of South	
Cambridgeshire other than the two sites at Melbourn, means that	
Plan is unlikely to meet the specific housing needs of this part of	
Greater Cambridge.	
Development should be focused towards existing employment	58709 (TWI)
clusters, such as Granta Park	
The HERR recommends a jobs target of 58,500-78,700. This range	58527 (Martin Grant Homes), 60274 (Commercial Estates
is vast given the importance of the issue and the need for planning	Group), 60518 (Cambridge Ahead)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
policies to be flexible and respond to changing circumstances (NPPF	
para 33); as such:	
 The higher jobs growth should be planned for as a minimum 	
or further work is required by the Councils to identify an	
appropriate point within this range for the GCLP to positively	
plan for.	
 an early review mechanism is included if employment growth 	
continues to run substantially above anticipated levels, in	
order that sufficient sites can be brought forward more quickly	
to accommodate this growth.	
Our assessment of the proposed employment numbers over the	57543, 57546, 57552 & 57555 (Cheveley Park Farms
Plan period shows that growth in the Plan area has been	Limited)
underestimated. Our assessment outlines what we consider to be	
more realistic job numbers which are higher than those in the	
emerging Plan [NB Alternative job numbers apparently not specified	
in representations]	
The supply figures incorporate some large sites which will be built	58216 (Hallam Land Management Limited)
out well beyond the plan period, as such the identified unmet need	
within the plan period is potentially far greater than identified above.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Statements in paragraphs 6.37 and 6.38 of the ELR are	58216 (Hallam Land Management Limited)
contradictory, and it is not clear whether the ELR considers that the	
loss of B8 floorspace will continue in Cambridge City or not.	
Notwithstanding, we consider it prudent for the Councils to plan on	
the basis of the full identified need for B8 floorspace in South	
Cambridgeshire (i.e. 93,849 sq m).	
It is important that sites which are in locations capable of delivering	58556 (Endurance Estates)
B2/B8 employment uses or capable of accommodating existing	
businesses who wish to relocate are fully considered and identified	
through the Local plan process in order that the future demand can	
be met.	
In considering new employment growth consideration should be	58556 (Endurance Estates)
given through the plan making process to identify potential	
employment sites which are located on key transport corridors (A14;	
M11 or A10) to ensure this employment sector is catered for and	
suitable sites are identifies throughout the district.	
Draft Policy S/JH clearly underestimates and fails to meet the need	59076 & 59318 (Newlands Developments)
for employment floorspace, particularly Class B8 logistics floorspace.	
This does not reflect NPPF para 83 that calls for planning policies to	
recognise and address the specific locational requirements of	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
different sectors, including storage and distribution operations at a	
variety of scales and in suitably accessible locations.	
Changes Requested:	59076 (Newlands Developments)
The evidence base supporting the draft Local Plan is updated to	
reflect recent market and economic trends, particularly in terms of e-	
commerce and the impact this has had on demand for logistics	
floorspace.	
The scale of employment development envisaged within the	
evidence base and emerging Local Plan is significantly increased to	
align with economic trends and to take into account the wider	
ambitions for the region and the vision for the Oxford-Cambridge	
Arc.	
The Brickyard Farm site is allocated to assist in meeting the	
employment needs of Greater Cambridge.	
Ensuring policy sets the assessed land requirement as a minimum	
rather than a ceiling on employment-generating development in	
Greater Cambridge.	
The proposed Policy restriction on large scale regional and national	
warehousing and distribution within the area in draft Policy J/NE be	
removed to align with national planning policy guidance.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Despite the decision by the EELGA to discontinue updating the	57472 & 57473 (Vistry Group - Linden Homes)
EEFM, it should not be automatically disregarded. It provides a good	
indicator of how the economy may develop within the context of the	
assumptions included in the model.	
Companies are being 'priced out' of Cambridge, not only reducing	57647 (Endurance Estates - Balsham Site), 58958 &
the range of businesses present but the range of job opportunities	59241 (Endurance Estates)
for the local population as a direct result. This does not appear to	
have been picked up in the Councils' evidence base and is an	
important reminder that the success of the Cambridge phenomenon	
cannot be taken for granted. Local Plan needs to address the knock-	
on impact of the phenomenon on other areas of the economy and	
ensure that these are also supported.	
Greater Cambridge relies on other parts of the wider region to	57647 (Endurance Estates - Balsham Site), 58958, 59108
provide industrial premises, which is contrary to national guidance	& 59241 (Endurance Estates), 60608 (Endurance Estates
and planning policy. Whilst the Councils' study identifies an existing	- Orwell site)
deficit in the supply of B2/B8 premises (reflecting anticipated losses)	
of 55,000 sqm, the study's three forecast methods generate weak to	
negative levels of need that do not account for the need to address	
the ongoing losses of industrial premises and the current highly	
limited options for industrial occupiers in Greater Cambridge	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Is there flexibility in the type and location of employment sites? Does	60518 (Cambridge Ahead)
the Council have a clear understanding of which sectors have been	
its key growth areas in recent years and what type of employment	
space and infrastructure would be needed (and where) if these	
sectors continue to grow?	
Economic growth must be sustainable and it would be inappropriate	57472 & 57473 (Vistry Group - Linden Homes)
to determine a level of need that is undeliverable, as advocated by	
the NPPF.	
It is difficult to determine exactly how much employment need there	57472 & 57473 (Vistry Group - Linden Homes)
is in the context of such a vibrant economy.	
It would be more appropriate, at least as a reasonable alternative, to	57472 & 57473 (Vistry Group - Linden Homes), 60244
reverse the analysis and instead consider the available capacity for	(Bidwells)
growth in the area and determine how this sits with the various	
economic projections under consideration. This work will be	
essential to determining if any unmet housing and/or employment	
needs exist for the purposes of the Duty to Cooperate, determining	
the level of employment and housing need that is actually	
deliverable.	

Comments highlighting this issue
57526 (H d'Abo)
57472 & 57473 (Vistry Group - Linden Homes), 60244
(Bidwells)

Sumi	mary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
	and different blends of the two. This would allow the reader to	
	understand the sensitivities involved.	
•	Modelling should be revised to consider the implications of a	
	1:1 commuting scenario on all jobs to be delivered by the	
	GCLP as:	
0	LHNSM is purely a policy tool for determining the minimum	
	number of homes LPAs should seek to plan for. Its	
	inaccuracies are well documented and there is no valid	
	reason to include it in any form in a more comprehensive	
	analysis of housing need.	
•	It would be appropriate to consider the implications of a	
	further uplift in housing to remedy the rise in in-commuting as	
	a result of the adopted local plans failing to provide sufficient	
	housing for the actual growth in employment. This has led to	
	housing pressures in surrounding areas that were not planned	
	for and would perpetuate a pattern of unsustainable	
	commuting unless addressed.	
•	There appears to be confusion by what is actually meant by	
	'homes' (referred to in the Topic Paper and GCLP first	
	proposals) and 'dwellings' (referred to in the HER).	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
It is clear that a considerable number of homes in communal	
establishments were delivered in 2017/18 and 2018/19, and it	
is highly likely that similar numbers were delivered each year	
since 2011. Therefore the starting assumptions for the base	
date are likely to be incorrect and this is likely to have	
influenced the household formation rates used.	
 The housing requirement of 44,400 must be dwellings only 	
because it does not include any consideration of communal	
establishments of any kind.	
The economic variables used that are considered acceptable include	57472 & 57473 (Vistry Group - Linden Homes)
unemployment rates, economic activity rates and double-jobbing.	
The differing outputs of the two economic growth scenarios is too	56711 (KB Tebbit Ltd)
vast for the Councils to conclude at this early stage of the plan	
preparation process that the GCLP should plan for the lower figure.	
The HERR states that the GCLP should plan for economic growth	
within the range of the two scenarios and the Councils should	
undertake further work to establish a housing requirement within this	
range or plan for the higher figure.	
Likely that the ELEDES will require revision before the GCLP is	57472 & 57473 (Vistry Group - Linden Homes), 60244
adopted due to data from the 2021 Census becoming available as	(Bidwells)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
areas of substantial change such as Greater Cambridge are likely to	
see the greatest revision.	
The higher growth (i.e. recommended scenario) relates to an	59034 (Lolworth Developments Limited)
additional 78,700 jobs across the plan period (see 2020 ELEDES	
para 6.11, pg.97). Therefore, there is an internal inconsistency	
across the Local Plan and its supporting evidence, and it is not clear	
how the recommended higher growth scenario of 78,700 jobs has	
been translated into the Local Plan's lower provision of 58,500 jobs.	
The labour demand scenario is used to inform the employment	59034 (Lolworth Developments Limited)
space	
requirements for office and R&D uses, while light industrial, general	
industrial and storage and distribution space requirements have	
been based on the past trends scenario, and particularly a projection	
of the annual net completions between the monitoring years of	
2011/12 and 2017/18, which is considered a very short period of	
time to inform policy recommendations over the next 20 years.	
According to 2020 ELEDES Table 10 (pg.94), the job growth	59034 (Lolworth Developments Limited)
associated with "2011-17 annual average change", which is	
understood to reflect the recommended scenario for the	
industrial/warehousing uses, equates to 125,200 jobs across all	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
sectors for the 2020 to 2041 period. There is no available data	
provided in	
terms of how these jobs are distributed across the various	
employment segments. As a result, there is no transparent evidence	
of how the proposed jobs growth is distributed across the various	
employment space	
types and on this basis, we consider that the evidence in relation to	
jobs growth estimation lacks transparency and robustness.	
The Plan needs to reflect the current and future needs of the logistic	60398 (Tritax Symmetry)
industry as that need is now manifesting itself, post Covid and post	
Brexit. While it is seeking to provide a range of new employment	
space this will not, together with the existing allocations, provide a	
good range in the type, size and location of sites that respond to the	
needs of businesses.	
The estimation of the office and R&D jobs growth is based on a	59034 (Lolworth Developments Limited)
series of forecasts highlighting a policy-on view on how those	
sectors (which are considered historically as the key drivers of the	
local economy) are expected to grow further. The emphasis on	
office-based segments appears to characterise the approach in the	
Local Plan as a whole, and which therefore does not acknowledge	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
the importance of other economic sectors, including logistics and	
industrial-based activity.	
With regard to paragraphs 6.36 to 6.37 of the ELEDES, the evidence	59034 (Lolworth Developments Limited)
demonstrates clearly that there are specific market signals showing	
'market pressure' in Cambridge City together with demand for larger	
units as e-commerce increases and automation evolves, both the	
evidence and the emerging policies choose to ignore these signals	
and driven by policy choices to focus on the office-based economy.	
This is contrary to NPPF paras 81, 82 and 83	
Various inconsistencies and deficiencies within the Councils'	59034 (Lolworth Developments Limited)
evidence that means the anticipated B8 and the combined	
Eg(iii)/B2/B8 requirements and jobs growth are significantly	
underestimated. Both jobs scenarios of 58,400 or 78,700 additional	
jobs across the Plan period suggest that over the next 20 years B8	
jobs will grow by 457 jobs or 21.7 jobs per annum, while the	
combined Eg(iii)/B2/B8 equivalent will decrease by 1,339 jobs or by -	
63.7 jobs per annum across the Plan period. This contradicts the	
market signals and recent activity that highlight pressures to identify	
additional employment land in Greater Cambridge to avoid losing	
businesses that want to either invest or expand in the area.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Additional B8 job growth of around 3,100 jobs to 5,700 jobs should	59034 (Lolworth Developments Limited)
be anticipated across the Plan period, once the strategic logistics	
requirements are considered as identified by NPPF and PPG.	
The emerging policy is not soundly-based. There is need for the	59034 (Lolworth Developments Limited)
supporting evidence to objectively and robustly identify employment	
requirements across office, industrial and storage and distribution	
uses rather than taking a policy-on view that largely focuses on	
office growth and does not adequately assess the needs arising for	
other segments of the economy.	
Agree that the Plan should formulate proposals based upon the	60441 (Westley Waterless Parish Council)
forecast of the most likely level of new jobs	
Principle of exceeding the standard method housing target is	56711 (KB Tebbit Ltd), 56894 (RWS Ltd), 57513 (R2
welcomed	Developments Ltd), 58527 (Martin Grant Homes), 58659
	& 58683 (Wates Developments Ltd), 58661 (The Church
	Commissioners for England), 58727 (Trumpington
	Meadows Land Company), 58851 (Scott Properties),
	58909 (Clare College, Cambridge), 59068 (A P Burlton
	Turkey's Ltd), 59142 (Silverley Properties Ltd), 59319
	(Bridgemere Land Plc), 59832 (MCA Developments Ltd),
	60185 (Home Builders Federation)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
	60218 (Thakeham Homes Ltd), 60294 (Miller Homes -
	Fulbourn site), 60301 (Miller Homes - Melbourn site),
	60385 (David Wright), 60477 (P,J & M Crow), 60509
	(Taylor Wimpey UK Ltd), 60546 (Thakeham Homes Ltd),
	60567 (Countryside Properties – Fen Ditton site), 60578
	(Martin Grant Homes)
Supports ambitions for 44,000 new homes and 58,500 new jobs	57199 (Abrdn), 57267 (Universities Superannuation
across all employment sectors.	Scheme - Commercial), 57249 (Deal Land LLP), 58202
	(Universities Superannuation Scheme - Retail), 58911
	(Metro Property Unit Trust), 59147 (Cambourne TC),
	59485 (Shepreth PC), 59692 (Central Bedfordshire
	Council)
Support for the identified requirement for 44,400 new homes	58601* (Vistry Group and RH Topham & Sons Ltd),
	58748* (Great Shelford -Ten Acres- Ltd)
The Medium Growth Scenario is a sensible approach and takes into	57315 (Huntingdonshire DC)
account the need to reduce commuting to the economic hubs within	
the authorities' areas however further work is required to confirm	
whether this target could be achieved, especially in relation to water	
supply infrastructure.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Entire projection of housing needs seems to be based on two reports	57888 (C Schofield)
from a single external consultancy. Given the importance of these	
projections, there should be more than one professional opinion	
sought.	
Due to the disparity between the different approaches to calculating	59597 (M Lynch)
homes and jobs numbers the Councils should take seriously the	
qualification expressed on employment levels and therefore housing	
need in the Hearn 2 report at para 5.5: "Although the above data	
sets have broadly similar views on the level of employment at 2017,	
the count and therefore the rate of change differed substantially,	
making future forecasting problematic."	
Must be strong reservations about the advisability of basing the	59597 (M Lynch)
planning policy for 2021 -2041 entirely on the figures set out in	
Hearn 1. The Standard Method was introduced by the Government	
in 2017 in order to set an 'ambitious target' of providing 300,000 new	
homes across the whole of the UK. The only justification for the	
construction of more dwellings than the Standard Method requires is	
the need to foster and sustain the remarkable advances in life	
sciences and healthcare led by the particular strength of scientific	
and technical expertise in Cambridge and the surrounding area.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
The 2014-based household projection for 2020 for Greater	60674 (Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire Green
Cambridge was 119,400 households. In the 2018 based projections	Parties)
the estimate for 2020 is 108,500, so in four years the 2014-based	
projections have over-projected by around 10,000 households.	
Urgent need for the most rigorous measures to reduce Co2	59597 (M Lynch)
emissions to a minimum following the Government's undertakings at	
the Glasgow COP 21 conference. To help to achieve this: (i) the	
number of currently unoccupied dwellings in the Greater Cambridge	
area should be properly taken into account within the 'in the pipeline'	
figure; and (ii) the number of new dwellings in addition to that	
calculated according to the Standard Method should be as far as	
possible secured to the sole occupation of the families of employees	
of scientific and technical undertakings in the fields of life sciences	
and health care.	
Minimum or Medium (but not Medium Plus) housing growth	56851 (Save Honey Hill Group), 57635 (J Conroy)
recommended and justified by sustainability, already significant	
growth proposed that needs to be delivered, changes in working	
practices due to COVID-19 reduces need for housing close to work	
Support growth and development in our region, but it needs to be	59944 (L Frazer MP)
delivered in a sustainable fashion. Keen to ensure that further	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
growth plans do not negatively impact on a number of villages and	
residents in my constituency. Concerned about the level of growth	
that has been outlined and encourage the local authorities,	
especially South Cambridgeshire, not to seek to increase building	
levels beyond the government minimum target. Also, imperative that	
local leaders identify and support the infrastructure requirements that	
our regions' already higher than average housing growth demands.	
A moderated target would lessen the uncertainty of deliverability,	60109 (C Blakely)
ease of the identified water supply issue and give time to for water	
companies to decide and implement sound options, and reduce	
climate impacts. Could provide more reserve housing sites,	
providing flexibility to maintain a five year housing supply, reduce	
pressure on villages and start to slow the pace of change in an area.	
Support the allocation of 10% more housing than required by the	59878 (Cottenham PC)
standard test to avoid unplanned development as happened in	
Cottenham (an extra 500 houses now being built in unplanned	
locations as a result of speculative development) while waiting for	
the adoption of the 2018 South Cambridge District Plan.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Huntingdonshire District Council are not currently looking towards	57315 (Huntingdonshire DC)
neighbouring authorities to assist in meeting their housing or jobs	
need.	
Why do you need each house to only accommodate 1.3 workers?	56736 (Croydon PC)
The GCLP should be allocating a proportionate housing requirement	58527 (Martin Grant Homes)
to established sustainable settlements, particularly those which have	
a Neighbourhood Plan or are a designated NP Area.	
Proposed approach to Neighbourhood Plan housing targets does not	56711 (KB Tebbit Ltd), 57513 (R2 Developments Ltd),
comply with NPPF paras 66 & 67 as it states that NP housing	58253 (Bletsoes), 58527 (Martin Grant Homes)
requirements would be met using the Local Plan windfall housing	
numbers - exposes shortcomings in the proposed development	
strategy	
Widespread promotion of Neighbourhood Plans is likely to act as a	57082 (C King), 57293 (C Sawyer Nutt), 59108
constraint on development in rural area as conflict between aim of	(Endurance Estates), 60335 & 60346 (FC Butler Trust),
boosting housebuilding and local community NIMBYism. Housing	60367 (HJ Molton Settlement), 60375 (S & J Graves),
targets for Neighbourhood Areas is likely to dissuade areas from	60385 (David Wright), 60477 (P,J & M Crow)
preparing Neighbourhood Plans	
The Councils should carry out up-to-date local housing need surveys	59108 (Endurance Estates)
for the whole area (e.g. at ward or parish level) to determine local	
needs. Used as robust evidence for the determination of planning	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
applications, this would be a fairer system which would guide	
development to the right locations and deliver affordable housing	
Adoption of the GCLP should trigger the formal review of an adopted	57513 (R2 Developments Ltd), 58527 (Martin Grant
Neighbourhood Plan to ensure that distributed growth to sustainable	Homes)
settlements is allocated at sustainable sites within the NP Area	
Support an approach which identifies new housing targets for future	58273 (Pigeon Land 2 Ltd)
neighbourhood areas, which do not form part of the homes figures to	
be met by allocations.	
The GCLP should proactively allocate a proportionate amount of	57513 (R2 Developments Ltd)
housing growth to sustainable rural settlements, such as Group	
Villages, which would be consistent with NPPF para 79	
The general approach to identifying new rural allocations for housing	58881 (St John's College Cambridge)
is supported	
To allow rural settlements to thrive and offer an increased housing	58253 (Bletsoes), 58360 (Hill Residential Ltd and Chivers
opportunities (including affordable housing) the GCLP should seek to	Farms Hardington LLP), 58881 (St John's College
allocate sites for development in a broader variety of settlements.	Cambridge)
More small and medium sized sites should be allocated in the Rural	58428 (Grosvenor Britain & Ireland)
Southern Cluster, provided the sites are very well served by	
sustainable transport, in order to: provide homes where the need is	
greatest; reduce the need for in-commuting by workers at the	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
research parks, and reduce carbon emissions; improve access to	
labour in the life science sectors of south Cambridge; speed up	
housing delivery in the first half of the plan; reduce reliance on	
windfall sites; greatly improve housing choices for residents and	
sustain the villages.	
A more flexible approach towards the allocation and delivery of	59068 (A P Burlton Turkey's Ltd)
housing sites in Rural Areas is needed. The proposed approach is	
preventing obvious development opportunity sites such as farm	
buildings within/contiguous with settlements from being developed.	
Such sites would enable investment and regeneration in rural	
communities, whilst minimising the amount of greenfield land	
needed for housing.	
There is a need to deliver student accommodation for the	58909 (Clare College, Cambridge)
undergraduate and postgraduate population; note that the First	
Proposals document confirms that these units also contribute to the	
overall housing requirement.	
Concerns about the notion of "Windfall Development". Either we	59850 (Barrington PC)
have a Development Plan or not – the notion of "unplanned"	
"windfall" or "opportunistic" development – especially if it were to be	
determined by officers as opposed to councillors – is not compatible	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
with "plan-led development". The opening the door to opportunistic	
applications that run counter to the direction of the Development	
Plan.	
Scope of the plan inevitably creates tensions between the interests	59850 & 59853 (Barrington PC)
of the city and those of the surrounding, primarily rural areas. The	
First Proposals also seek to support both the Oxford Cambridge Arc	
Spatial Framework and the proposed East West Rail connection -	
both of which introduce additional development pressures and	
significant environmental impacts upon South Cambridgeshire. No	
longer a "Local" Development Plan, but in effect a Regional	
Development Plan where the local interests and concerns of villages	
such as Barrington lie at the bottom of the hierarchy of interest and	
control.	
Local government should not be planning more economic and	60032 (S Fenn), 60235 (Federation of Cambridge
population growth in this area or more housing than current	Residents' Associations)
government targets require, but prioritising social housing and new	
water infrastructure to reduce stress on our rivers and wildlife.	
Cambridge City Council has declared a climate emergency, which	60032 (S Fenn)
this plan simply doesn't reflect. Request that it be rejected, rewritten	
and re-submitted for full public consultation	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Concern about jobs led growth without any restrictions other than the	56964 (Trumpington Residents Association)
market	
A greater variety of jobs (and possibly more of them), with a wide	57644 (Histon & Impington PC)
range of options including opportunities for those not wishing a desk	
flying career, to return to the 1:1 ratio of jobs in the village and	
village residents working from 2001. This would aid the sustainability	
search	
Greater Cambridge is dominated by high end tech and science jobs.	57862 (Histon and Impington PC)
Not enough diversity of opportunity. For climate change we need a	
higher level industrial strategy across the county. Some lost	
industries should be onshored, reducing global transport emissions	
and not relying on Chinese coal powered electricity for	
manufacturing.	
Green jobs should be prioritised over high-tech jobs in part because	56527 (C Preston)
of the evidence that high-tech employment led growth is not	
beneficial to low-skilled workers	
Predicting job growth is difficult and must be monitored throughout	58235 (Cambridge Past, Present & Future)
the plan period, due to: the impact of Brexit on the local economy is	
not yet known; some large employers are leaving Cambridge	
(Marshalls and the County Council); hybrid/home-working will	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
change the dynamic between where people work and where they	
live; hot-desking will increase in offices meaning that individual office	
buildings will support larger numbers of workers/jobs, this could	
decrease the amount of floor space required; people will commute	
fewer days per week and therefore will tolerate longer commutes in	
order to take advantage of cheaper housing	
Employment land in the new settlements must be safeguarded and	58235 (Cambridge Past, Present & Future)
not lost to other uses.	
GCSPS must work with other LAs to support the employment	58235 (Cambridge Past, Present & Future)
requirements of surrounding market towns.	
Homes should include all types, sizes and tenures, and include self-	56480 (V Chapman), 56488 (D & B Searle), 56498 (W
build	Grain), 56516 (RJ & JS Millard), 58363 (D Moore), 58627
	(R Grain), 58789 (S Grain),
The First Proposals as a whole fail to set a figure or a range for the	59737 & 59738 (Endurance Estates)
number of specialist housing for older people needed across the	
plan area. The issues identified mean that, together with considering	
full housing needs, and the requirement for an increased supply	
buffer, consideration must be given to specifying the amount of	
homes to be provided for to meet the demand for Extra Care and	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
other types of specialist accommodation, and then how these will be	
delivered, in accordance with NPPF para 60	
Welcome the recognition within the plan for a policy to guide	60518 (Cambridge Ahead)
proposals for specialist housing and homes for older people through	
'whole life housing' approaches.	
Need to consider impacts on Green Belt for this amount of growth	56511 (C Martin)
Cambridge Greenbelt has two purposes, to stop urban sprawl and to	59498 (Babraham PC)
protect the setting of the City. Further major developments around it	
will put the Greenbelt under even greater pressure because of the	
major damage being done to the essentially rural landscapes	
beyond the Greenbelt.	
Figure of 2,111 new homes per annum mentioned here. Using pre-	59862 (Dry Drayton PC)
covid data and rejecting the Government standard models for	
development.	
Need much higher standards for new developments	56511 (C Martin)
Key issue in Cambridge is unaffordable housing – the housing crisis	56527 (C Preston)
is a matter of policy and the solution isn't necessarily building more	
homes. The housing crisis is a matter of policy and ownership rather	
than a question of the number of homes in existence. Priorities	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
should include: building more council housing, a return to secured	
tenancies, introduction of a land value tax	
New homes need to be affordable to:	56860 (Bassingbourn-cum-Kneesworth PC), 57644
allow people to live near their work	(Histon & Impington PC)
avoid external care requirements rather than a close family	
member living nearby providing basic care	
Important to reduce long distance commuting by car	56571 (Gamlingay PC)
Important to recognise different working patterns post covid – these	56571 (Gamlingay PC), 56680 (N Campbell), 56736
need to be taken into account when projecting housing requirements	(Croydon PC), 56843 (S Vale), 56851 (Save Honey Hill
and considering relationship between locations of housing and	Group), 57610 (J Pratt), 57888 (C Schofield), 57932 (F
employment sites. Housing aspirations have changed; major	Goodwille)
conurbations are not now so attractive.	
The existing allocations for employment must be fully utilised before	57932 (F Goodwille)
any further release of land (eg S/CBC/A) is permitted.	
Too much unsustainable growth and development is being	56685 (A Kennedy), 56851 (Save Honey Hill Group),
proposed, resulting in risk for:	57533 (A Martin), 57635 (J Conroy), 57835 (S Sinclair),
Greater Cambridge and Vision & Aims of Local Plan;	57785 (Cambridge Doughnut Economics Action Group),
completely changing the character of Cambridge;	59122 (C Martin), 59207 (D Fox), 59498 (Babraham PC),
a much less pleasant place to live, which does support the	59940 & 59943 (Fen Ditton PC), 60032 (S Fenn), 60035
needs/mental health of existing residents;	(H Warnock), 60235 (Federation of Cambridge Residents'

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
no difference to the affordability crisis, people will continue to	Associations), 60507 (R & K Whitaker), 60674
have to live further out and commute;	(Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire Green Parties)
a lot of the apartments being purchased by investors which won't	
help housing crisis;	
existing infrastructure, including water and roads/inadequate	
transport and effects on sewage system;	
insufficient green space;	
climate change and higher carbon emissions from construction	
and materials;	
food security and ecosystems	
Increase in population resulting from the additional homes target of	60076 (Guilden Morden PC)
44,000 will have a negative impact on an already struggling traffic,	
school and healthcare infrastructure. Existing transport	
infrastructure at capacity or ineffective.	
Review required after COVID/Brexit	59122 (C Martin)
The policy related to employment needs is fundamentally flawed. It	58368 (F Gawthrop)
is developer and Cambridge University led for their own profit with	
no consideration of the wider implications of the impact on the	
housing needs of local Cambridge people and the environment of	
our City. The local plan should be resisting further commercial	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
development which is driving further inroads into the green belt and	
the destruction of the unique nature of Cambridge	
Not clear how the base number accounts for actual completions in	59943 (Fen Ditton PC)
2020 and 2021. A buffer of 10% should not be added to what has	
already been built.	
The 2021 census will give a more accurate base for the actual	59943 (Fen Ditton PC)
numbers of houses needed to meet the total need in 2041.	
Employment patterns appear to be changing rapidly. If numbers of	59943 (Fen Ditton PC)
persons employed have dropped in addition to the noted drop or low	
growth in economic output, the overall employment target for 2041	
may be too optimistic. Therefore, necessary to either change the	
forecast housing need or remove/reduce the 10% buffer.	
Changes to the planning regulations governing change of use should	59943 (Fen Ditton PC)
be assessed and the amount of qualifying space should be	
estimated, and impact on the high value jobs underpinning the	
growth aspiration and potential for conversion of such spaces to	
housing should be assessed.	
The additional jobs, to be supported by housing, is not necessary:	57785 (Cambridge Doughnut Economics Action Group)
unemployment here is very low. It is being forced on the area by	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
external actors, including international investors. Cambridge is being	
exploited for financial gain.	
The Cambridge area has a very high level of employment so it's not	59498 (Babraham PC)
as if we need more businesses, and hence housing developments,	
coming to this area	
The Government's Standard Method is normally used as a default.	57785 (Cambridge Doughnut Economics Action Group)
In going beyond this method the Plan should also include the total of	
existing unoccupied dwellings in the 'already in the pipeline' figure in	
calculating the number of dwellings required, and to explore all	
possible means, by incentive, penalty or otherwise, to ensure that	
such dwellings are occupied within a reasonable time; and adopt a	
policy that of all new dwellings constructed above the 'Standard	
Method' number, at least 25% should be housing for social rent	
Other parts of the UK that may be better for growth than Cambridge	57034 (W Harrold), 57785 (Cambridge Doughnut
 need to work with new department for levelling up 	Economics Action Group), 59207 (D Fox), 59498
	(Babraham PC), 60032 (S Fenn), 60035 (H Warnock),
	60235 (Federation of Cambridge Residents' Associations)
Do we have resources for more development? In particular, Water is	58351 (Linton PC)
in short supply with over-abstraction threatening aquifers and rivers.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Suitable transport infrastructure, not car based, with homes close to	
work.	
Impact on carbon expenditure, water use and flood risk due to	57610 (J Pratt)
ground cover: assess in light of climate change and that Cambridge	
has extremely stretched water resources	
No further allocations should be permitted until water supplies have	57932 (F Goodwille), 60072 (R Evans)
been secured.	
Fully endorse that delivery of the water infrastructure required to	59120 (M Berkson)
prevent further deterioration of local chalk aquifers is potentially a	
"deal-breaker" within the timescales of the Local Plan.	
Controlling the level of housebuilding is the single most important	60248 (A Browne MP)
step to save our chalk streams and secure a sustainable water	
supply. Therefore, need to : reduce its housebuilding target to (at	
most) the Government's standard method figure; and work with me	
and others to make the case to the Department for LHC for a	
downward adjustment of the standard method figure, until such time	
as a comprehensive plan to protect the chalk aquifer is delivered by	
Cambridge Water and the Government.	
The development proposed would damage our rivers, chalk streams,	59498 (Babraham PC), 60072 (R Evans), 60229 (H
our ecology and our farming because we do not have sufficient	Warwick)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
water supplies at present, a point a previous Local Plan had made.	
Water supplies certainly will not support the proposed level of	
development and piping it in from an area that is also Water	
Stressed makes no sense.	
Our sewerage system is inadequate and further development will put	59498 (Babraham PC), 60035 (H Warnock)
additional strain on it, increasing the risk of sewerage outflows into	
rivers.	
Object to the scale of growth proposed due to the lack of available	58235 (Cambridge Past, Present & Future), 59716
water supply without damaging the River Cam and its tributaries,	(Swavesey PC), 60035 (H Warnock)
including chalk streams. This includes impacts on water quality.	
Water industry plans may be delayed or not fully delivered. Policies	
or mechanisms should be included in the draft Plan that set out how	
development approvals will be aligned to improvements in water	
supply, and what will happen if those improvements are not	
achieved.	
Note concerns relating to water supply necessary to accommodate a	58273 (Pigeon Land 2 Ltd)
higher level of growth, however this could be addressed through a	
stepped requirement allowing for the necessary infrastructure to be	
delivered.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
The consultation for the Regional Water Plan is not due until	59498 (Babraham PC)
summer 2022 yet the public consultation for the Local Plan is going	
ahead when we have no idea if and how water and sewerage	
challenges can be met and what trade-offs have been proposed.	
Therefore you had insufficient information on which to base your	
draft Local Plan and responders have insufficient information to base	
responses on.	
Any further development around Cambridge, will necessarily take	59498 (Babraham PC)
scarce grade 2 and 3a land out of production. Developments in Fen	
land will deprive us of grade 1 agricultural land. Grade 1 designation	
is reserved almost solely for the peat-based soils of the drained fens.	
Proposed developments around the Waterbeach area are therefore	
thought to be very unwise. This land is already needed for food	
production in a country which imports c. 60% of its food supply.	
The draft Local Plan appears to be inordinately influenced by the	59498 (Babraham PC)
unelected GCP which has business interests and ambitions	
represented on its board and no counteracting resident's interests.	
Much of the text of the draft Local Plan appears to be consistent with	
announcements made by the self-appointed Arc Leaders Group	
which promotes the Ox-Cam Arc.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
We request that the Plan is rejected, rewritten, addressing the points	59498 (Babraham PC), 60235 (Federation of Cambridge
made in our representations, then re-submitted for full public	Residents' Associations)
consultation.	
The impact that the scale of planned housing and economic growth	59128 (Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Clinical
will have on existing health infrastructure needs to be carefully	Commissioning Group)
reviewed, and where improvements and/or new facilities are	
required to meet the needs of this new population, this should be	
supported through appropriate developer contributions.	
The cross-boundary impacts of developments also need to be	59128 (Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Clinical
considered, where NHS services often span multiple Local Planning	Commissioning Group)
Authority Boundaries	
Planning policy should support the need to deliver homes for NHS	59128 (Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Clinical
staff to meet need, particularly in areas where there is pressure on	Commissioning Group)
affordability which is impacting on the ability to attract and retain key	
staff	
Major risk of developing too much and too fast, destabilising the	57610 (J Pratt)
Cambridge community. Be sure these dwellings will be occupied -	
many recently built are bought as investment by overseas	
purchasers looking to reduce the risk for their money and are	
standing empty.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Especially wrong to overdevelop North East Cambridge. It is very	57533 (A Martin)
attractive to put everything next to the new station, but this will	
generate a huge increase in traffic. It is naive to think that people	
living there will all work there. Commuting in and out will cause	
chaos. Many of the new homes will be bought by commuters to	
London or worse absent foreign investors, with no affordable	
housing	
Green Belt status for the Mingle Lane development was granted	56676 (A Phillips)
because of exceptional circumstances. It preserves the nature of the	
parish and is a major reason to live here. There are not the	
exceptional circumstances to warrant removal of this status. The	
development would make traffic congestion and pollution worse.	
Care needs to be taken when summarising consultation responses	56802 (M Colville)
as there is an inherent bias in who responds to these consultations	
There appears to be a misinterpretation of consultation response	58814 (R Mervart)
evidence. 49% is not a majority of respondents	
Making full responses to the Local Plan in the way you requested	59498 (Babraham PC)
would be a highly labour intensive process because of the	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
requirement to respond to sections and sub-sections of the Local	
Plan then to cut and paste responses into a further document.	
We note the complexity of the information contained in the Local	59716 (Swavesey PC), 59850 & 59853 (Barrington PC)
Plan and would observe that it is not easy for local people to	
understand the proposals sufficiently to meaningfully comment. We	
would ask that future consultations use simpler language and format.	
Testing readability of materials with non-planning people could help	
with this.	
USS notes that the Greater Cambridge Employment Land and	57267 (Universities Superannuation Scheme -
Economic Development Evidence Study recommends retaining the	Commercial)
site allocation for the Clifton Road Industrial Estate.	
The preferred allocation at Site Ref. S/RSC/HW (Land between	57300 (AJ Johnson)
Hinton Way and Mingle Lane, Great Shelford) for 100 dwellings	
would be consistent with the commitments to support economic	
growth and increase housing delivery and the supply of affordable	
housing.	
As per letter 30 June 2021 titled 'Greater Cambridge Local Plan –	57315 (Huntingdonshire DC)
Green belt and the Duty to Cooperate', it is urged that full	
consideration is given to all possible locational choices during the	
course of the preferred options consultation. Only if it is	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
demonstrated that Greater Cambridge cannot meet its standard	
method (minimum) housing need, rather than any higher aspirational	
target would Huntingdonshire District Council give further	
consideration to this issue.	
ECDC will want to be satisfied that the evidence behind the balance	59860 (East Cambs DC)
between jobs and homes growth is sufficiently robust. ECDC may	
have concerns if, over the coming years, new homes considerably	
exceeded job growth, or job growth considerably exceeded new	
homes. Under such scenarios, there could be 'spill over' effects on	
East Cambridgeshire, hence the need for the plan to have	
mechanisms in place to actively 'plan, monitor and manage' for	
these potential eventualities.	
The delivery of 44,000 new homes and 19 new sites should be	57012 (KWA Architects)
increased to cover the number of houses developable under site JDI	
number 40509; Land to the south of Babraham Road and east of site	
H1c, Sawston which has been incorrectly omitted from the	
assessment.	
Marshall is pleased that the significant contribution which its land	58349 (Marshall Group Properties)
can make to the future wellbeing of Cambridge has been recognised	
through its draft allocation. Marshall is committed to working	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
positively and proactively with the Councils to ensure that	
Cambridge East comes forward to optimise its social, environmental	
and economic potential.	
Support emerging strategic policies S/JH (new jobs and homes),	60260 (Cambridge Innovation Parks Ltd)
J/NE (new employment) and J/EP (supporting a range of facilities in	
employment parks), which the Cambridge Innovation Park West	
proposals would respond to. Substantial planned housing growth will	
generate additional employment land requirements. Furthermore,	
CIPW would contribute to the spatial distribution of employment land	
- providing significant and high-quality floorspace and shared	
campus-style facilities in a predominantly rural, yet sustainable	
location.	

Other sites proposed for allocation

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Land west of Long Lane, Fowlmere (HELAA site	57329 (Clarendon Land and Development Ltd)
40327)	
Land to the north east of Hurdleditch Road,	55711 (K.B. Tebbit Ltd)
Orwell (HELAA site 40383) / Land to the south	

west of Hurdleditch Road, Orwell (HELAA site	
40378)	
Land to the south of Babraham Road and east of	57012 (KWA Architects)
site H1c, Sawston (HELAA site 40509)	
Land east of Highfields Road, Highfields	57472 & 57473 (Vistry Group - Linden Homes)
Caldecote (HELAA site 51599)	
Land at Fulbourn Road, Teversham (HELAA site	56894 (RWS Ltd)
40295)	
West Wratting Estate (HELAA site 56213)	57526 (H d'Abo)
Hall Farm, West Wratting Estate (new site 59388)	57526 (H d'Abo)
Land adjacent to Babraham (HELAA site 40297)	57543, 57546, 57552, 57555 & 58476 (Cheveley Park Farms Limited)
Land south of Old House Road, Balsham (HELAA	57647 (Endurance Estates - Balsham Site)
site 40438)	
Land off The Causeway, Bassingbourn (HELAA	57682 (Endurance Estates - Bassingbourn Sites)
site 40228) & Land off Poplar Farm Close,	
Bassingbourn (HELAA site 40230)	
Land north of Cambourne (HELAA site 40114)	57892 (Martin Grant Homes)
Scotland Farm (East & West), Scotland Road, Dry	58216 (Hallam Land Management Limited)
Drayton (HELAA site 56252), Land to the west of	
Scotland Road, Dry Drayton (HELAA site 40317)	

& Land to the east of Scotland Road, Dry Drayton	
(HELAA site 40318)	
Land off High Street, Little Eversden (HELAA site	58253 (Bletsoes)
40211), Land off Chapel Road, Great Eversden	
(HELAA site 40212) & Land west of Comberton	
(HELAA site 40152)	
Land east of Cambridge Road, Hardwick (HELAA	58360 (Hill Residential Ltd and Chivers Farms Hardington LLP)
site 40414)	
Land north of Impington Lane, Impington (HELAA	58504 (Hill Residential Limited)
site 40061)	
Land west of London Road, Fowlmere (HELAA	58659 (Wates Developments Ltd)
site 40116)	
Land to the east of Cambridge Road, Melbourn	58683 (Wates Developments Ltd)
(HELAA site 47757)	
Land south of High Street, Hauxton (HELAA site	58795 (Redrow Homes Ltd)
40283)	
Land north of Barton Road and Land at Grange	58946 (North Barton Road Landowners Group)
Farm, Cambridge (HELAA site 52643)	
Land south of Addenbrooke's Road and east of	58954 (Jesus College working with Pigeon Investment Management and
M11, Cambridge South (HELAA site 40064)	Lands Improvement Holdings, a private landowner and St John's College)

Land to the north, east and south of Six Mile	59075 (L&Q Estates Limited and Hill Residential Limited)
Bottom (HELAA site 40078)	
Brickyard Farm, Boxworth Farm, Boxworth	59076 & 59318 (Newlands Developments)
(HELAA site 47353)	
Cambridge Science Park, North East Cambridge	60147 (U&I PLC and TOWN)
(HELAA site 59390)	
Land to the north of St Neots Road, Hardwick	60260 (Cambridge Innovation Parks Ltd)
(HELAA site 40224) & Land between A428 and St	
Neots Road, Hardwick (HELAA site 40550)	
Land at Rectory Farm, Milton (HELAA site 54906)	60262 (Gonville & Caius College)
Land at Rectory Farm, Milton (HELAA site 54096)	60266 (Gonville & Caius College)
Land south of Fulbourn Road and north of Worts	60270 & 60274 (Commercial Estates Group)
Causeway, known as Cambridge South East	
(HELAA site 40058)	
Land off Shelford Road, Fulbourn (HELAA site	60294 (Miller Homes - Fulbourn site)
51610)	
Land off Cambridge Road, Melbourn (HELAA site	60301 (Miller Homes - Melbourn site)
47903)	
Land east of Long Road, Comberton (HELAA site	60546 (Thakeham Homes Ltd)
40497)	

Land to north west of Balsham Road, Linton	60562 (Countryside Properties)
(HELAA site 40411)	
East of Horningsea Road, Fen Ditton (HELAA site	60567 (Countryside Properties – Fen Ditton site)
47647) & West of Ditton Lane, Fen Ditton (HELAA	
site 40516)	
Land to rear of Fisher's Lane, Orwell (HELAA site	60608 (Endurance Estates – Orwell site)
40496)	
Land east of Redgate Road, Girton (HELAA site	60623 (NIAB Trust – Girton site)
40241)	
Whaddon Road, Meldreth (west of The Burtons)	60667 (Mill Stream Developments)
(HELAA site 55082)	
Land South Of Milton, North of A14 (HELAA site	60758 (U+I Group PLC)
47943)	

H/RM: Residential moorings

Hyperlink for all comments

Open this hyperlink - Policy H/RM: Residential moorings > then go to the sub-heading 'Tell us what you think' > click the magnifying glass symbol

Number of Representations for this section

2

Note

• The representation summaries for Policy H/RM: Residential moorings are included alongside the comments on the overall housing need made to S/JH: New jobs and homes as issues relating to housing need are referred to within them. The representation summaries for Policy H/RM: Residential moorings will also be included alongside the representation summaries for the other Homes Chapter policies when they are reported to a later JLPAG meeting.

Abbreviations

• PC= Parish Council DC= District Council TC= Town Council

Executive Summary

There was support for addressing provision from Huntingdonshire DC. The Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire Green Parties highlight the need for engagement, and for provision of appropriate facilities.

Table of representations: H/RM – Residential moorings

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support for extending the policy to the small proportion of River	57454 (Huntingdonshire District Council)
Great Ouse where the banks lie within South Cambridgeshire.	
Important to review successes and failures of existing policy to	60806 (Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire Green Parties)
inform any necessary updates. Need to learn from previous	
consultations where proposals were met with fierce opposition.	
There are issues with existing provision that should be	60806 (Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire Green Parties)
considered:	
new moorings should have appropriate pump out facilities,	
pontoons should be designed with a narrowboat in mind to	
ensure boats will fit, and	
fixtures for moorings need to be designed with caution, and	
reflecting need for boats to be able to move as water levels	
change.	

H/RC: Residential caravan sites

Hyperlink for all comments

Open this hyperlink - <u>Policy H/RC: Residential caravan sites</u> > then go to the sub-heading 'Tell us what you think' > click the magnifying glass symbol

Number of Representations for this section

6

Note

• The representation summaries for H/RC: Residential caravan sites are included alongside the comments on the overall housing need made to S/JH: New jobs and homes as issues relating to housing need are referred to within them. The representation summaries for H/RC: Residential caravan sites will also be included alongside the representation summaries for the other Homes Chapter policies when they are reported to a later JLPAG meeting.

Abbreviations

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Executive Summary

The Cambridge GRT Solidarity Network and Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire Green Parties raise concerns regarding sufficient provision of sites and the effective assessment of need. The Environment Agency highlight the importance of addressing flood risk.

Table of representations: H/RC - Residential caravan sites

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Need to review the vulnerability of tenure which may be an	56782 (Croydon PC)
issue.	
No comment.	57455 (Huntingdonshire District Council)
Needs to distinguish between mobile home parks and caravans	57754 (Bassingbourn-cum-Kneesworth PC)
on farms used for seasonal workers.	
Annex C (Flood Vulnerability Classification) of the NPPF	59730 (Environment Agency)
classifies caravans, mobile homes and park homes intended for	
residential use as highly vulnerable as if located adjacent to	
rivers they are at significant risk from being quickly inundated	
without sufficient warning or means of escape. Therefore:	
flood risk should be a key consideration in the policy criteria,	
and	
sequential test needs to be applied when considering sites.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Deep concern for the policy, particularly given Police, Crime	60246 (Cambridge GRT Solidarity Network)
Sentencing and Courts Bill which targets Gypsy and Traveller	
communities and effectively criminalises their way of life. This	
policy needs to safeguard these groups and provide sufficient	
pitches/plots to meet their needs.	
Essential that this policy is based on good evidence and on	60807 (Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire Green Parties)
genuine consultation with the communities affected. Concerned	
that the Accommodation Needs Assessment will have been	
unable to establish much contact with the communities affected.	
Local Plan should prioritise the delivery of sites for Gypsy, Roma	
and Traveller communities and ensure that they meet their	
needs, are sufficiently spacious and affordable, and are in	
locations that are desirable to this community.	

H/GT: Gypsy and traveller and travelling showpeople sites

Hyperlink for all comments

Open this hyperlink - <u>Policy H/GT: Gypsy and Traveller and Travelling Showpeople sites</u> > then go to the sub-heading 'Tell us what you think' > click the magnifying glass symbol

Number of Representations for this section

11

Note

• The representation summaries for H/GT: Gypsy and traveller and travelling showpeople sites are included alongside the comments on the overall housing need made to S/JH: New jobs and homes as issues relating to housing need are referred to within them. The representation summaries for H/GT: Gypsy and traveller and travelling showpeople sites will also be included alongside the representation summaries for the other Homes Chapter policies when they are reported to a later JLPAG meeting.

Abbreviations

PC= Parish Council

DC= District Council

TC= Town Council

Executive Summary

A number of organisations highlight the importance of provision of sites, and ensuring those sites are suitable, such as having access to facilities, and appropriate foul drainage. Best practice examples are highlighted. One developer expresses concerns regarding the provision of sites as part of major developments.

Table of representations: H/GT: Gypsy and traveller and travelling showpeople sites

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support for policy	57755 (Bassingbourn-cum-Kneesworth PC) 56783 (Croydon
Additional suitable sites should be provided, and	PC), 56999 (Trumpington Residents Association), 58287 (H
unauthorised sites subject to the same planning as housing	Smith), 57456 (Huntingdonshire District Council)
and residential caravan sites	
There is a need for a traveller site to support members of the	
travellers community who need good access to the hospitals	
on CBC	
• Provision for permanent and transit sites must be addressed,	
with a process to provide sites including on the edge of Major	
Developments	
A diverse range of locations should be provided to ensure	
they offer choice and respond to the preferences of future	
residents	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
The principle of inappropriate in the Green Belt must be	58296 (Histon & Impington PC)
enforced for all	
Opposed to proposed policy. Gypsy and Traveller	57399 (Persimmon Homes East Midlands)
Accommodation is best provided through standalone Gypsy and	
Traveller site allocations or through windfall allocations. If there	
is a requirement for this accommodation to be provided as part	
of larger developments, this should only relate to the larger	
developments for new settlements and such requirements	
should be set out in the allocation policy for that site	
The current policies are not working and have delivered too few	58573 (Cambridge GRT Solidarity Network), 60808 (Cambridge
sites. Failings will be exacerbated by the Police, Crime	and South Cambridgeshire Green Parties)
Sentencing and Courts Bill	
Should be following best practice as set out in the London	58573 (Cambridge GRT Solidarity Network), 60808 (Cambridge
Gypsies and Travellers 'Best Practice for assessing the	and South Cambridgeshire Green Parties)
accommodation needs of Gypsies and Travellers'	
This applies to consultation and needs assessment	
methodologies	
Recent needs assessments have under-stated needs	
Need to allocate better quality sites	58573 (Cambridge GRT Solidarity Network), 60808 (Cambridge
	and South Cambridgeshire Green Parties)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
The nature of G&T sites means they should be treated as highly	59731 (Environment Agency)
vulnerable and flood risk should be a key consideration in any	
policy criteria	
The existing site at Fen Road continues to be a source of	59731 (Environment Agency)
ongoing local water quality and environmental health problems	
due to inadequate foul drainage provision. Policy H/GT should	
include provision for mains foul drainage and protection of water	
quality as part of the policy criteria	

S/DS: Development Strategy

Hyperlink for all comments

Open this hyperlink- <u>S/DS: Development Strategy</u>> then go to the sub-heading 'Tell us what you think'> click the magnifying glass symbol.

Number of Representations for this section: 245 (albeit see note below)

Note

A large number of representations attached to the Greater Cambridge in 2041 and How much development and where webpages have been moved to the tables below to ensure relevant strategy comments are considered together. Representations which have been moved in this way are denoted with an asterisk in the following format Representation number* (Name of respondent).

Executive Summary

Regarding plan-wide development levels, representors (including a number promoting specific sites) proposed that the strategy should plan for more employment and housing, in order to support economic growth, reduce in-commuting, deliver more affordable housing, and to provide a more flexible supply of homes. A number of Individuals, parish councils and community groups commented that the strategy should plan for less development, noting: the circular nature of planning for more and more growth, climate and nature impacts, harm to quality of life and the character of the area, that development will compound affordable housing challenges and existing inequality, or that the proposal is higher than government's standard minimum housing need. The Environment Agency and Natural England stated that they were concerned about whether the growth proposed can be sustainable without causing further deterioration to the water environment. These bodies, together with Cambridge Water and Anglian Water, expressed their intention to work collaboratively with the Councils to explore the issue further. Other comments noted the need to reconsider the strategy in the light of COVID. The quick questionnaire included a related question (Quick question 1) which asked whether respondents supported the proposed housing level. Of 580 responses, 31% either strongly agreed or agreed; 16% were neutral, and 54% either strongly disagreed or disagreed.

There was wide ranging in principle support for the climate focused development strategy, including focusing development in locations which reduce need to travel, and in locations with existing and committed transport links. On the other hand, around 100 individuals supported the Friends of the River Cam letter objecting to the plan on the grounds of inadequate water supply, effect on national food supply, failure to minimise climate change, likely irreparable damage to ecosystems, carbon emissions from construction, lack of integrated public transport, undermining the Levelling Up agenda, democratic deficit in process and evidence base. The quick questionnaire included a related question (Quick question 2) which asked whether respondents agreed that new development should mainly focus on sites where car travel, and therefore carbon emissions, can be minimised. Of 572 responses, 68% either strongly agreed or agreed; 16% were neutral, and 16% either strongly disagreed or disagreed.

A number of comments, particularly from those promoting specific developments, argued that the plan was too heavily focused on strategic sites and too restrictive of village development. Regarding directions of growth, a limited number of individuals and developers argued that given previous plans had focused housing development to the north of Cambridge, future development should be focused to the south, close to the area of ongoing employment growth. Others proposed greater levels of development in the rural southern cluster and A428 corridor than was currently proposed in the plan. Regarding the economy, a number of landowners and developers argued that more sites should be provided to meet specific sector needs.

A large number of landowners and developers argued that that the strategy relied too much on large urban extensions to Cambridge City and new settlements in South Cambridgeshire, which had infrastructure dependencies which therefore presented a risk to the deliverability of the plan. Comments expressed concern about the accelerated delivery rates assumed at the strategic sites included in the First Proposals. The same respondents proposed that the plan should include a greater number of smaller sites, particularly in the rural area, to allow a sufficient amount and variety of land to come forward to support the objective of significantly boosting supply of homes, and to support rural communities.

A small number of individuals expressed concern at the plan's reliance on East West Rail and/or objected to the East West Rail project. Equally a small number of individuals and parish councils expressed concern about whether transport and other infrastructure would cope with the pressure generated by the development proposed in the plan.

Regarding the approach to Cambridge urban area, comments were mixed, including support for densification from some individuals, concern from individuals regarding the impact of densification on quality of life, and comments from developers or landowners (or their agents) promoting village sites that brownfield sites can be challenging to deliver. Regarding the edge of Cambridge and in the Green Belt, comments included those from promoters of sites not included in the plan stating that exceptional circumstances existed to release their site from the Green Belt, and individuals and community groups objecting to the releases included in the First Proposals. Affected parish councils urged greater separation between proposed development - at Cambridge East and at Mingle Lane, Great Shelford - and their villages. Regarding new settlements, support was expressed by a limited number of individuals, East West Rail Company, and Cambridgeshire County Council, for Cambourne as a location for expanded development. A number of site promoters for other locations highlighted the reliance of this site on the uncertain delivery of East West Rail. Regarding the rural area, individuals and parish councils supported the limits on rural development proposed in the plan.

The quick questionnaire included four related questions (quick questions 7 to 10) which were relevant to this policy. These questions asked respondents' views about development focused on the rural southern cluster, village development and provided the opportunity to identify additional sites. Responses to these questions broadly reflected the comments attributed to policy S/DS summarised above.

Tables of representations: S/DS: Development Strategy

Plan-wide development levels

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Comment that the strategy should plan for more employment and	Developers, Housebuilders and Landowners
housing, including for the following reasons:	57340 (HD Planning Ltd), 57650 (Endurance Estates -
the Councils' preferred option forecasts of jobs and homes	Balsham Site), 58309 (University of Cambridge), 58567
are low	(MacTaggart & Mickel), 58600 (Hill Residential Ltd and
to reflect the Councils' higher growth scenario	Chivers Farms (Hardington) LLP), 58676 (The Church
embrace the maximum economic benefits that can	Commissioners for England), 58805 (Redrow Homes Ltd),
sustainably be accommodated within the Greater	58815 (Great Shelford (Ten Acres) Ltd), 58879 (Scott
Cambridge area	Properties), 58899 (Axis Land Partnerships), 58963
Experiencing unprecedented levels of economic growth;	(Endurance Estates), 59048 (Emmanuel College), 59082
32% jobs increase over plan period and jobs growth has	(L&Q Estates Limited and Hill Residential Limited), 60541
outstripped homes	(Beechwood Homes Contracting Ltd), 60580 (Martin Grant
Provide substantial increase in housing, at least 15%	Homes), 60668 (Mill Stream Developments), 60685 (Trinity
above proposed	College), 58335* (Marshall Group Properties), 57148*
to fully meet the housing requirement + 10% buffer	(Southern & Regional Developments Ltd), 57191* (European
to ensure delivery of the required annualised housing	Property Ventures – Cambridgeshire), 57212* (Deal Land
supply	LLP), 58265* (Pigeon Land 2 Ltd), 58356* (Hill Residential
to ensure choice, affordability and diversity of housing	Ltd and Chivers Farms -Hardington- LLP), 58948*

(Endurance Estates), 59032* (L&Q Estates Limited & Hill Reduce in-commuting Residential Ltd) reverse commuting patterns and meet full affordable housing need. to address under-delivery of affordable housing at new settlements to provide flexibility should allocated sites not come forward as anticipated to ensure that allocated sites don't have a monopoly position whereby the LPA is under pressure to grant permission even where it has concerns about the proposal Approach to faster delivery at Edge of Cambridge, Northstowe and Waterbeach is not supported by evidence Shortfall of 44 dwellings – only account for 11,596 of the 11,640 to be planned To accommodate additional growth from Ox-Cam Arc Does not demonstrate how can meet future jobs targets or

Comment that the strategy should plan for less growth, for the following reasons:

needs, particularly mid tech

Individuals

57592 (M Jump), 60188 (J Preston), 57582* (C Maynard), 59777* (M Bijok Hone), 57850 & 57854* (T Harrold), 57980*

- concern that the model of planning for growth inevitably leads to more growth – suggested to consider when the current model may be forced to change
- worsening conditions and finite capacity for growth with limited resources
- Overoptimistic and unrealistic vision of growth
- Predict and provide approach is flawed
- Downward revision needed to reflect covid and home/hybrid working, less need for homes close to jobs, some demand can be met outside Greater Cambridge.
- Challenge the need for growth in an area of over-rapid expansion, cannot continue indefinitely
- planning for 44,000 homes is incompatible with the aim of decreasing carbon impacts, nature recovery, and improving quality of life
- Failure to minimise climate change, existing development already outstrips CO2 emissions;
- Over ambitious and high risk to Vision and Aims.
- Minimum / Medium options can be justified with limitations of sustainability

(E Osimo), 57831* (S Sinclair), 58057* (B Marshall), 59764* (B Hunt), 58165* (S Kennedy), 57929* (F Goodwille), 56801* (M Colville), 57632* (J Conroy), 57033* (W Harrold), 57129* (D Lott), 57777* (C Harding), 57886* (C Schofield), 59456* (A Alderson), 60108* (C Blakeley), 60187* (J Preston), 57886* (C Schofield),

Public bodies

56737 (Croydon PC), 59258* (Teversham PC), 59258* (Teversham PC), 57801* (Coton PC), 59030* (Great Shelford PC), 58325* (Linton PC)

Third Sector Organisations

58097 (Cambridge Doughnut Economics Action Group), 56965 (Trumpington Residents Association), 57548* (Save Honey Hill Group), 57767* (Cambridge Doughnut Economic Action Group), 57786* (Carbon Neutral Cambridge), 58103* (Cambridge Doughnut Economics Action Group), 60738* (Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire Green Parties)

- economic growth encourages inward migration from other areas which is unsustainable
- The plan's proposals to support carbon neutrality will themselves consume carbon. There is no environmental capacity for additional homes and people.
- No more development allocations until environmental and transport capacity assumptions, in line with the principles of Doughnut Economics have been holistically assessed.
- Cambridge has reached maximum; more growth will impair quality of life
- Increase of nearly 40% is character changing
- Effect on national food security;
- Likely irreparable damage to ecosystems;
- Lack of integrated public transport, increased congestion (and pollution);
- Growth in Cambridge outstrips infrastructure.
- concern that the plan will not achieve affordable housing, given the primary driving force of external investment
- Growth in jobs will compound existing problems of affordable housing;

- concern that the support of capital growth will increase inequality
- Drive for growth comes from landowners and businesses, residents see the impacts;
- Move away from formulae to find ways to accentuate the positives and eliminate negatives;
- The proposed level is higher than the government advises
- The standard government calculation may itself be questioned
- Support only the absolute minimum number of new homes, around 37,400, already in the planning pipeline.
- No justification for an increase in houses
- Priority should be on Levelling Up other areas there are plenty of brownfield sites elsewhere in the country
- Focus on improving transport links from outside Greater Cambridge
- concern at the inclusion of a 10% buffer when that is accounted for by planning for more than the Standard Method
- concern at the inclusion of a 10% buffer which accounts for 40% of the total number of additional homes

- Puts economic growth as primary objective, which is incompatible with climate and nature recovery objectives.
 The plan should be scrapped; homes and jobs should be supported in locations elsewhere in the country which are in need of regeneration, and which have environmental capacity.
- Existing housing stock will take available carbon budget and water supply. Growth is irresponsible without solution to these problems
- What models does the Planning Service have to determine likely limits to growth of the Cambridge economy?

We remain genuinely concerned about whether the growth proposed (48,800 new homes inclusive of 10% buffer and 37,200 from previous plans) can be sustainable without causing further deterioration to the water environment. We understand the regional and water company water resource planning is still ongoing and the next version of the IWMS Detailed WCS will be updated as these plans come to fruition. We offer our support to work collaboratively with all the parties involved. Support the idea of development limited to levels that can be supported by a sustainable water supply (phased delivery) until the time the

59719 (Environment Agency)

strategic infrastructure is in place, though we are mindful this may	
lead to heavily back loaded delivery.	
Major concerns with scale of development and 2041 timeframe	59964* (Natural England)
for delivery, given damage already being inflicted on natural	
environment and lengthy lead-in time for identification and	
delivery of measures to address water resource issue and	
implement strategic green infrastructure.	
Welcome recognition water supply is significant issue for	59969* (Natural England)
deliverability. Support preparation of Integrated Water	
Management Study. Demonstrate appropriate deliverable	
mitigation measures can support sustainable growth until new	
strategic water supply infrastructure operational. Consider	
extended timeframe for delivery.	
Support the environmental objectives of the Plan and would want	60457 (Anglian Water Services Ltd)
to have continued joint working with other stakeholders such as	
the Environment Agency to agree matters such as a joint	
approach to calculating growth. Anglian Water proposes that a	
Statement of Common Ground approach is taken as part of Duty	
to Cooperate to reach agreement on evidence and methodology	
with the two Councils and the EA.	

We would welcome regular and continued engagement and	60496* (Cambridge Water)
collaboration to ensure that planned growth can be supplied in a	
sustainable way. The timing and location of individual	
developments is critical to our planning.	
Committed to reduction of abstraction from chalk aquifers.	58915 (Cambridge Water)
Increased collaboration vital to ensure growth can be supplied	
sustainably. Strongly support ambitious targets for water efficient	
home building and any new development.	
This talks of 'creating space' but admits that water supply cannot	58094* (Hills Road Residents' Association)
just be created quickly. With so many problems* (air quality,	
transport, water, high housing costs, strained services) how can	
we cope with more?	
No assessment of current growth and its cumulative impact or the	60236* (Federation of Cambridge Residents' Associations)
success or failure of current Local Plan policies	
The 2018 Local Plan requires a rework due to the impact of the	58062* (Horningsea PC)
global pandemic.	
A regular review of the quantum, composition and location of job	57819* (W Wicksteed)
growth is needed to allow flexible adjustments across the full	
range of topics covered by the Local Plan.	

Contingency sites should be included to ensure the plan is	58693 (Wates Developments Ltd)
effective (deliverable over the plan period) as required by the	
NPPF.	
Support for the level of employment and homes, if it is carefully	59141* (Cambourne TC)
located and is sustainable.	
The overarching strategy should plan for more homes with the	57150 (Southern & Regional Developments Ltd), 57195
plan period spread across the settlement hierarchy.	(European Property Ventures - Cambridgeshire)
Further consideration of sites suitable for potential development	58333 (Simons Developments Ltd), 59740 (Endurance
of specialist housing for older people (including Extra Care	Estates)
development) in sustainable locations should be undertaken	
Concern that further employment growth will continue to put	57938 (North Newnham Residents Association)
pressure on housing. Suggestion to limit commercial	
development.	
The policy stifles the role of Neighbourhood Planning in Greater	58534 (Martin Grant Homes Ltd)
Cambridge by not allocating specific levels of growth to guide the	
review of or preparation of Plans in designated Neighbourhood	
Plan Areas which possess an established sustainable settlement.	
The approach to guide Neighbourhood Plans by identifying	
indicative levels of growth from Windfall numbers is not a sound	
or robust way to proceed	

Objections to the approach to windfalls including	58534 (Martin Grant Homes Ltd), 58561 (Grosvenor Britain &
Over-reliance on windfalls	Ireland), 58668 (Wates Developments Ltd), 58693 (Wates
 Comment that the new Windfall figure is artificially high 	Developments Ltd), 58899 (Axis Land Partnerships), 60181
due to the extended period in the previous decade where	(Home Builders Federation), 60272 (Commercial Estates
a large number of speculative development proposals	Group), 60323 (Daniels Bros – Shefford – Ltd)
were approved, and that an increase is not necessary	
Suggestion that the windfall allowance should be lowered	
and more sites explicitly allocated	
Evidence suggests previous development has been higher	
than estimates but finite supply of brownfield sites so fewer	
will come forward in future	
 Resist inappropriate development of gardens (contrary to 	
NPPF para 71); inclusion in allowance will perpetuate	
trend	
2041 is an appropriate plan period, given uncertainty over major	57314* (Huntingdonshire DC)
transport infrastructure projects including East-West Rail and	
Oxford to Cambridge expressway.	
Suggestion that there could be a case for a longer plan period to	58622 (Vistry Group and RH Topham & Sons Ltd), 58676
2050 to be advanced to:	(The Church Commissioners for England)
allow time to plan the necessary infrastructure	
align with the OxCam Spatial Framework plan period	

Proposal to increase the homes buffer above 10% and further	58668 (Wates Developments Ltd), 58693 (Wates
sites allocated to:	Developments Ltd), 58805 (Redrow Homes Ltd), 60180
 ensure a robust strategy to account for both the current 	(Home Builders Federation), 60273 (Commercial Estates
heavy reliance on existing allocations and planning	Group), 60323 (Daniels Bros – Shefford – Ltd), 60541
permissions, as well as to accommodate any additional	(Beechwood Homes Contracting Ltd), 58265* (Pigeon Land 2
jobs growth	Ltd)
 provide greater certainty over the delivery of housing 	
offset the potential risks that development will not come	
forward as planned	
 Housing Delivery Study recommends at least 10% to 	
ensure over-allocation given strong economic growth.	
Facilitate houses close to local employment	
20% buffer would increase robustness of supply position	
Concern raised that the First Proposals does not demonstrate a 5	58805 (Redrow Homes Ltd), 60541 (Beechwood Homes
year land supply, noting:	Contracting Ltd)
The annual requirement should be derived from the	
44,400 plan period figure	
Delivery added to the early trajectory has not been	
properly tested	
Expected five-year housing land supply on adoption in 2025 will	60182 (Home Builders Federation)
be 5.15 years. This is marginal and could easily fall should sites	

not come forward as expected. Consider allocating small sites of	
less than one hectare to bolster supply in the first five years	
following adoption.	
Assumption that all 44,000 houses have to be allocated within	59942 (Fen Ditton PC)
Greater Cambridge to minimise carbon footprint of travel and	
congestion is too simplistic and unsound. Reality is people will	
continue to travel to/from outside area for variety of reasons.	
Potential for more rail commuting from Fenland and East	
Cambridge and Levelling Up in the County. NEC will attract out-	
commuters.	
Support for the identified requirement for 44,400 new homes;	58601* (Vistry Group and RH Topham & Sons Ltd), 58748*
10% flexibility allowance; additional land for a minimum 11,640	(Great Shelford -Ten Acres- Ltd)
homes is appropriate.	
Recognising the housing needs requirements Anglian Water	60444 (Anglian Water Services Ltd)
supports the approach taken on the quantum of growth planned	
with additional 10% allowance for flexibility. Note Anglian Water	
considers the Water Resources Management Plan (WRMP) and	
Drainage and Wastewater Management Plan (DWMP) with their	
25-year time horizon, direction on sustainability requirements and	
demand management,	

enable appropriate and timely investment to support growth, also
proposes enter into a Memorandum of Understanding.

Spatial strategy thematic topics

Overarching

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Broad support for the overarching strategy	
	Individuals
	57035 (W Harrold), 60110 (C Blakeley),
	Public bodies
	57110* (D Ogilvy – Bartlow Parish Meeting), 56861
	(Bassingbourn cum Kneesworth PC), 58358 (Linton PC),
	59877 (Cottenham PC), 60440 (Late representation: Westley
	Waterless PC),
	Other Organisations
	58003 (Imperial War Museum/Gonville and Caius College),

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
	Developers, Housebuilders and Landowners
	60243 (Bidwells), 60256 (Jesus College),
Support in principle for the strategy's approach of directing	
development to locations that have the least climate impact,	Individuals
where active and public transport is the natural choice, and	58183 (Cllr N Gough),
where green infrastructure can be delivered alongside new	55 155 (5.m. 11 5 5 3 g. 1),
development.	Public bodies
	57110* (D Ogilvy – Bartlow Parish Meeting), 56572
	(Gamlingay PC), 59691 (Central Bedfordshire Council),
	59966 (Natural England), 57477 (ESFA - Department for
	Education), 57314* (Huntingdonshire District Council), 59250*
	(Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Combined Authority),
	Third Sector Organisations
	60677 (Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire Green
	Parties),
	Other Organisations
	58309 (University of Cambridge), 60444 (Anglian Water
	Services Ltd),

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue	
	Developers, Housebuilders and Landowners	
	57310 (Deal Land LLP), 58096 (Jesus College), 58195	
	(Terence O'Rourke Ltd), 58196 (Countryside Properties (UK)	
	Ltd), 58240 (Janus Henderson UK Property PAIF), 58359	
	(Marshall Group Properties), 58488 (BDW Homes	
	Cambridgeshire & The Landowners (Mr Currington, Mr Todd,	
	Ms Douglas, Ms Jarvis, Mr Badcock & Ms Hartwell), 58647	
	(Deal Land LLP), 58657 (Socius Development Limited on	
	behalf of Railpen), 58731 (Trumpington Meadows Land	
	Company ('TMLC') a joint venture between Grosvenor Britain	
	& Ireland (GBI) and Universities Superannuation Scheme	
	(USS)), 58743 (CBC Limited, Cambridgeshire County Council	
	and a private family trust), 58257 (Pembroke College), 58900	
	(Varrier Jones Foundation), 58952 (Varrier Jones	
	Foundation), 59020 (Peterhouse), 59048 (Emmanuel	
	College), 59100 (Pace Investments), 59252 (Croudace	
	Homes), 59403 (Pace Investments), 60263 (Gonville & Caius	
	College), 60610 (CALA Group Ltd), 60612 (Endurance	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue	
	Estates – Orwell site), 60624 (NIAB Trust – Girton site),	
	60629 (NIAB Trust), 60633 (NIAB Trust)	
Support strategy focused on strategic sites with better transport	56801* (M Colville), 57110* (D Ogilvy – Bartlow Parish	
links, and with limited level of development proposed for villages	Meeting), 59995 (Steeple Morden PC), 60077 (Guilden	
	Morden PC), 56907* (West Wickham PC), 59470* (Shepreth	
	PC), 58350 (Toft PC), 58241 (Cambridge Past, Present &	
	Future),	
Support continued development of committed sites	57316 (Huntingdonshire DC),	
Support for focus on brownfield sites	60444 (Anglian Water Services Ltd),	
Support for a blended strategy including a range of locations	58359 (Marshall Group Properties),	
Support for emphasis on dense settlements, including supporting	57709 (J Pavey),	
new towns to be vibrant self-sustaining communities with good		
facilities.		
Support for strategy which important issues, including needs,	56791* (J Kirkbride),	
climate change, making use of existing sites.		
Support for focusing development in locations where	56861 (Bassingbourn cum Kneesworth PC),	
infrastructure already exists.		
Support for focusing development in locations with existing and	56923 (Cambridgeshire County Council),	
committed transport links.		

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support weighted distribution towards most sustainable locations	60219 (Thakeham Homes Ltd),
and key employment hubs.	
Areas around Cambridge are good, logical sites	58039 & 58041* (Great and Little Chishill PC)
Support new homes that do not destroy the county and its	59810* (Dry Drayton PC)
waterways. Brownfield sites to be prioritised for development.	
Greenbelt to be fully protected.	
Support a GCLP strategy that supports and plans for continuing	58001* (Imperial War Museum/Gonville and Caius College),
economic growth and innovation hubs, as well as the homes	58703* (Trumpington Meadows Land Company)
needed to reduce commuting into the area in a way that	
minimises environmental impacts and improves the wellbeing of	
communities.	
Comments regarding the overarching strategy, including:	56572 (Gamlingay PC), 56737 (Croydon PC), 57709 (J
 there is a vital need for the strategy to protect green 	Pavey), 59966 (Natural England), 60188 (J Preston), 60234
spaces, and protect the qualities that makes Cambridge	(P Blythe), 60444 (Anglian Water Services Ltd), 60640 (TTP
City a great and unique place to live	Campus Limited)
The need to locate jobs close to homes to reduce the	
need to travel	
New development should have solar hot water and high	
levels of insulation	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
emphasis should be given to placemaking and ensuring	
the character of existing communities is not harmed but	
rather enhanced	
Consider further evidence as part of Sustainability	
Appraisal on whole lifecycle carbon benefits of selected	
approach.	
Ensure the distinctive character of the City, towns and	
villages are not adversely affected through new	
development	
Strategy needs to tackle commuting patterns from outlying	60641 (Bruntwood SciTech)
villages into City. With the presence of Green Belt, opportunities	
for development within the City are limited. The strategy	
therefore relies on areas beyond the Green Belt developing and	
consolidating their employment offer.	
Note locations for development, with limited housing adjacent to	56963* (Trumpington Residents Association)
Trumpington	
Many of committed developments also unlikely to deliver	59966 (Natural England),
sufficient level of accessible high quality green infrastructure to	
meet the needs of new residents without adverse recreational	
pressure impacts to the existing ecological network including	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
statutorily designated sites. These issues need to be addressed	
urgently through further stages of Plan preparation.	
Emphasis should be given to placemaking and ensuring the	57709 (J Pavey),
character of existing communities is not harmed but rather	
enhanced	
Need to locate jobs close to homes to reduce the need to travel.	56572 (Gamlingay PC),
Further evidence should be produced by the Councils as part of	60444 (Anglian Water Services Ltd),
the Sustainability Appraisal on the whole lifecycle carbon	
benefits of the selected approach and reasonable alternatives to	
guide consideration of a policy on the phasing of developments	
sites and supporting infrastructure including biodiversity	
opportunities and infrastructure option carbon benefits.	
Ensure the distinctive character of the City, towns and villages	60640 (TTP Campus Limited)
are not adversely affected through new development, by	
exploiting opportunities to use brownfield land	
Development Strategy doesn't appear to include a balanced	58106 (M Asplin),
option on delivery of local housing needs for comparison, with an	
aligned transport strategy, which excludes the over densification	
and corresponding penalties of the S/NEC proposal.	

Comments highlighting this issue
60310 (Gladman Developments),
60547 (Thakeham Homes Ltd),
59500 (Babraham PC)
59945 (O Harwood)
59548 (Campaign to Protect Rural England)
56524* (C Preston)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Better to have larger settlements less dependent on cars and	56735* (Croydon PC)
close to employment	
Support for the vision, aims and the amount of development, but	58387* (Grosvenor Britain & Ireland)
not the distribution and proposed allocations.	
Councils discourage new homes in places where car travel is the	58672* (Artisan* (UK) Projects Ltd)
easiest way to get around and yet villages with stations (e.g.	
Meldreth, Shepreth and Foxton) are not allocated any growth.	
Yet with only the prospect of a station in Cambourne, it is	
considered sufficient for a c.2,000 home allocation.	
Too much farmland allocated for development in the Plan which	59492* (D Seilly)
is unsustainable and physically impossible. The plan does not	
address the fundamental problems of food and water security.	
Destroying the countries best farmland Cambridge Area is not	
simply a bad idea, it would dangerously damage the UKs food	
security.	
Please note the "Place Standard" Survey by Cllr Sam Davies in	59770* (B Hunt)
Queen Edith's, Feb. 2020.	
GB1 & GB2 should not become an isolated community.	
Windfall proposals for residential development in Cambridge,	
and elsewhere, being subject to no limit on individual scheme	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
size, will encourage developers to maximise profit at the	
expense of quality of life for residents. Specific sites should have	
their capacity limits stated from the outset.	
Comment proposing revisions to the strategy to ensure the plan	57551 (Save Honey Hill Group)
meets its aims, including:	
 greater focus on bringing sustainable transport initiatives 	
from outside the Greater Cambridge area	
 evaluate progress of adopted strategy before adding to it 	
objecting to allocation of North East Cambridge and	
associated relocation of Cambridge Waste Water	
Treatment Plant	
 applying minimum growth option and focusing 	
development at Cambridge East and potentially	
Cambridge Biomedical Campus.	
The plan fails to consider the overall environmental	60236* (Federation of Cambridge Residents' Associations)
capacity and climate change impact and the effect on the	
historic environment in a holistic way.	
Where is the overall vision of what Cambridge will be like	
in the future? Who is the city for? This plan does not make	
clear.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Essential all policies are rigorously enforced and not just window	59061* (M Berkson)
dressing. Many organisations are proposing short and long term	
developments. Plan must take account of each proposal and	
ensure full co-ordination.	
Agree with policy direction and Figure 6. Support the fact that no	60442 (Late representation: Westley Waterless PC)
new settlement is proposed around Six Mile Bottom and agree	
with comment (page 39) that further new settlements should not	
be allocated.	
Notes expansion of Cambourne, continuing to develop Bourn	59863 (Dry Drayton PC)
Airfield. Mansel Farm, Oakington (20 homes near Beck Brook).	
Notes mention of 10% extra buffer for homebuilding, and 1,000	
more homes on the Eddington site (M11 side).	
The plan includes many welcome similarities with CA's	60519 (Cambridge Ahead)
Suggested Spatial Vision, including supporting the need for	
higher density development, five strategic sites, agglomeration	
supported by transport corridors, creation of a connected nature	
network.	
Need to act on the recommendations of the Climate	60519 (Cambridge Ahead)
Commission.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
New development should have solar hot water and high levels of	56737 (Croydon PC),
insulation.	
2 nd & 4 th paragraphs should recognise the importance of access	58502* (ARU)
to excellent education provision and areas can/should be	
improved through regeneration or enhancement.	
The proposed house expansion would change the nature of	57984* (F Seregni)
Cambridge from a small town to a large city.	
Please focus on connecting the biomedical campus to other	
residential areas outside of Cambridge city.	
Cambridge City Council and South Cambridgeshire District	59736* (The Coal Authority)
Council lies outside the defined coalfield. No specific comments	
to make.	
Non-substantive comment	57852* (T Harrold), 57860* (T Harrold)

Strategic influences and Duty to Cooperate

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
Welcome consideration of how Plan fits with other plans and strategies, including Ox Cam Arc,	59970* (Natural England)
and prepared within wider regional context, noting duty to cooperate. Pleased to engage in	
preparation and development of a draft Statement of Common Ground.	
To ensure compliance with NPPF para. 16 of the NPPF, the Councils should seek to identify or	58655* (The Church
establish a suitable forum for engaging with the Government for the OxCam Arc.	Commissioners for England)
Welcome the approach to preparing the preferred development strategy / draft allocations and	59968 (Natural England)
green infrastructure initiatives in parallel. Consideration has been given, through the	
Sustainability Appraisal, to the best locations to restore the area's habitat networks and	
provide more green spaces for people providing health and wellbeing benefits. Support	
identification of 14 Strategic Green Infrastructure initiatives.	
No objection in principle to the existing and new allocations, areas of major change or	59971 (Natural England)
opportunity areas being taken forward subject to:	
 identification of strategic water supply infrastructure and/or feasible interim solutions 	
 establishment of a robust plan to deliver the 14 Strategic Green Infrastructure initiatives 	
ahead of development	
 need robust requirements to deliver biodiversity net gain and on-site green 	
infrastructure	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
Pleased to note the assessment in relation to historic environment, especially HELAA	59601 (Historic England)
Appendix 4. Welcome commitment to preparation of Strategic Heritage Impact Assessment for	
site allocations.	
Important that site allocation policies include sufficient clarity (NPPF para 16d). Policy should	59602 (Historic England)
identify assets on site/nearby, mitigation measures, reference HIA. Suggested wording.	
Combined Authority is consulting on its Sustainable Growth Ambition Statement; considers	59313* (Cambridgeshire and
good growth in context of six 'capitals'. Reflection of six capitals in Plan policies and	Peterborough Combined
Sustainability Appraisal is supported.	Authority)
The location and form of new development should fully consider the principles of creating	59114* (Cambridgeshire and
healthy environments.	Peterborough Clinical
	Commissioning Group)
ECDC has no objections at this stage. Notes there are no additional major development	59859 (East Cambridgeshire
proposals close to the border and no obvious significant 'cross-border' implications of	DC)
relevance to East Cambridgeshire.	
Wide range of spatial options have been tested. Chosen option aids achieving net zero carbon	59953 (Suffolk Council)
ambitions, particularly relating to transport, by locating homes, employment and services near	
to one another. Support this approach. Focusing development largely in close proximity to	
Cambridge City, is also least likely to impact on infrastructure within Suffolk.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
Want to produce a joint evidence base to set out the most up to date position and for this to be	60460 (Anglian Water Services
further updated as the Drainage and Wastewater Management Plan (DWMP) progresses.	Ltd)
The area is too complicatedly organised by local government divisions with no satisfactory	60233* (H Warwick)
overview. We need to work on many existing problems before we fall for Government's hopeful	
plans for South East and Arc that are not regarding the complications realistically.	
Supportive of Councils working jointly, aligns with commitment in existing Plans and allows	60307* (Gladman
strategic matters to be considered comprehensively in a joined-up manner. Critical to work	Developments)
alongside Cambridgeshire authorities to ensure wider cross boundary issues are addressed. If	
a Council fails to satisfactorily discharge its Duty to Cooperate a Planning Inspector must	
recommend non-adoption.	
Be clear how it will deliver on ambitions of Oxford-Cambridge Arc. Support strategic spatial	58640* (National Trust)
planning approach being applied to Ox-Cam Arc but it appears a substantial amount of	
housing may be planned for and delivered at an earlier stage due to conflicting timescales.	
Plan assumes coordination with OxCam Arc project, which is now under review by	59540* (Campaign to Protect
government.	Rural England)
Plan assumes influence by UK Innovation Corridor and Cambridge-Norwich Tech Corridor,	59540* (Campaign to Protect
which are projects driven by unelected business interests.	Rural England)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
Opposition to Oxford Cambridge Arc Spatial Framework and East West Rail southern route.	59851 (Barrington PC)
Concerns these may lead to central government-imposed rather than locally-agreed	
development which will be highly detrimental to the area.	
The planning authorities should engage with their neighbours under the Duty to Cooperate to	60519 (Cambridge Ahead)
ensure they respond to the footprint of the Cambridge economy, including its travel to work	
area.	

Spatial directions for development

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Proposal that the plan should reflect more strongly the benefits of the Public	59040 (Axis Land Partnerships)
Transport Corridors Spatial Option	
Comment that new housing should be focused on the south of Greater Cambridge,	56803 (M Colville), 58561 (Grosvenor
and limited in the north, given the existing imbalance of jobs with homes.	Britain & Ireland)
Note that in previous plans large developments were located to north and jobs to	57639* (Histon & Impington PC)
the south of city. This requires increased traffic to work through and around	
Cambridge City. Expect policies to counter negative effects by putting more	
stringent requirements on developers for sustainability criteria.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Developments are concentrated on the North side of Cambridge due to 'better'	58896* (R Donald)
transport links, but it would be easy to improve bus services on the South side of	
Cambridge.	
Comment that the level of development focused in the southern cluster should be	58195 (Terence O'Rourke Ltd), 58503
increased, to:	(Bloor Homes Eastern), 58561 (Grosvenor
support the continuing growth of the economic cluster in life sciences and	Britain & Ireland), 58188* (Smithson Hill),
technology related activities, and	60561 (W Garfit),
provide homes well related to jobs	
reduce long distance commuting	
South West sustainable transport corridor should be given greater weight than	57343* (HD Planning Ltd)
relying on corridors where infrastructure projects are to be decided / proven	
deliverable.	
Comment that the plan should capitalise further on the committed key sustainable	58567 (MacTaggart & Mickel), 58622
transport infrastructure along the A428/E-W Rail/OxCam Arc corridor, and that	(Vistry Group and RH Topham & Sons Ltd)
further development should be proposed here.	
Comment that the strategy should review other sustainable corridors in the same	57340 (HD Planning Ltd), 58567
way as the Rural Southern Cluster approach, including	(MacTaggart & Mickel)
the southwest corridor, which benefits from the railway and GCP Melbourn	
Greenway project.	
the A428/E-W Rail/OxCam Arc corridor	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Comment that the development strategy should revise its focus away from the	59082 (L&Q Estates Limited and Hill
western A428 corridor of Cambridge to the east where strategic growth locations	Residential Limited)
like Six Mile Bottom can create a more sustainable pattern of development linked to	
good transport links, supporting the southern cluster.	

Economy

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
Support for focus on employment uses such as Life Sciences (including healthcare,	57316 (Huntingdonshire DC),
biotechnology and biomedical activities) associated research and development laboratory	
space and life science related advanced manufacturing	
It is right for the strategy to be realistic around the locational limits of some new jobs	58195 (Terence O'Rourke Ltd),
floorspace which is centred upon national and global economic clusters.	
Should be governed by local need. Local jobs to reduce travel to work and be more	57639* (Histon & Impington PC)
sustainable.	
Plan for a new era of flexible work and location choices, including build to rent as part of	60519 (Cambridge Ahead)
diverse housing needs. Failing to manage pressure of future employment flows will result in	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
escalating house occupancies, rents, expanding travel to work areas, and rising congestion	
levels.	
Concern about the lack of clear information about where employment land is located and to	58561 (Grosvenor Britain &
categorise this land into different potential uses	Ireland), 60276 (Commercial
	Estates Group)
Cambridge needs more quality office buildings within Cambridge Prime Central submarket	58646* (Socius Development
with most severe supply pressures in Greater Cambridge.	Limited on behalf of Railpen)
Supply/demand imbalance is acute and getting worse. Whilst there is need for housing, Grade	
A commercial floor area should be encouraged, incentivised and make best use of brownfield	
site.	
No constraints to development, only what quantum can be accommodated. Allocation should	
not be prescriptive. Site specific matters will determine what impacts and benefits arise.	
Comment that the plan should provide allocations to meet demand for warehouse and	58585 (Endurance Estates -
distribution centres for the following reasons:	Caxton Gibbet Site)
 the evidence base for the emerging GCLP underestimates the need for Class B2 and 	
B8 uses, and does not reflect the market demand for these uses in Greater Cambridge	
Address logistics needs and locational requirements (NPPF); good connectivity to strategic	60215 (Tritax Symmetry)
road network, on large flat sites.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
Plan does not demonstrate how it can meet future jobs targets or needs, particularly for mid	60685 (Trinity College)
tech.	

Strategic and smaller scale development

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support for development at strategic sites for the following	56861 (Bassingbourn cum Kneesworth PC), 56923
reasons:	(Cambridgeshire County Council), 57316 (Huntingdonshire
Development can be located close to existing	DC), 58309 (University of Cambridge), 58359 (Marshall
infrastructure	Group Properties), 58523 (Phase 2 Plannning), 58808 (R
They perform better in transport terms and result in	Mervart), 58923 (Clare College, Cambridge)
greater internalisation of trips	
They can provide large numbers of new homes	
They provide long term certainty of delivery	
They are at locations which make best use of land while	
creating well-designed, characterful places	
Comment that all strategic sites need to:	56923 (Cambridgeshire County Council)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
provide sufficient land for educational purposes, taking	
into account Cambridgeshire County Council's agreed	
school site sizes	
ensure that schools are centrally located and easily	
accessible to families living within the catchment area by	
walking or cycling, to support 'healthy schools' objectives	
Comments regarding strategic sites including new settlements,	56803 (M Colville), 56923 (Cambridgeshire County Council)
including the following points:	
 require carefully considered design incorporating suitable 	
levels of facilities and open spaces	
 locate jobs in these locations to minimise travel and 	
maximise their attractiveness to new residents	
Generally, the larger the development the greater the	
chance of trips being internalised, and the settlement is	
likely to have a greater chance at being able to provide	
key services and facilities.	
Any development in the Cambourne / Bourn Airfield area	
needs to have good links to the existing community to	
enable greater access to services and to reduce the	
potential transport impacts of any new development	

Comments highlighting this issue
60044 (Cambridgeshire Development Forum)
Individuals
56956 (J Swannell), 57301 (Mrs Ann Josephine Johnson),
58146 (J Manning), 57063 (C Meadows)
Developers, Housebuilders and Landowners
60369 (Critchley Family), 58534 (Martin Grant Homes Ltd),
60458 (P, J & M Crow)
60394 (D Wright), 56557 (Bonnel Homes Ltd), 56713 (KB
Tebbit Ltd), 56895 (RWS Ltd), 56902 (R. Cambridge Propco
Limited), 56995 (Hastingwood Developments), 57056
(Endurance Estates), 57083 (Shelford Investments), 57094
(RO Group Ltd), 57104 (J Francis), 57113 (Cambridge District
Oddfellows), 57121 (KG Moss Will Trust & Moss Family),
57150 (Southern & Regional Developments Ltd), 57195

Summary of issues raised in comments Comments highlighting this issue North East Cambridge, East West Rail, and relocation of (European Property Ventures (Cambridgeshire)), 57202 (MPM Properties (TH) Ltd and Thriplow Farms Ltd), 57346 Cambridge Airport Strategic sites often do not deliver policy-compliant levels (Clarendon Land), 57348 (Bloor Homes Eastern), 57502 (Cambridgeshire County Council (as landowner)), 57636 of affordable housing (Dudley Developments), 57650 (Endurance Estates -Balsham Site), 57684 (Endurance Estates - Bassingbourn Sites), 58187 (Enterprise Property Group Limited), 58255 (Bletsoes), 58401 (Hawkswren Ltd), 58433 (NW Bio and its UK Subsidiary Aracaris Capital Ltd), 58488 (BDW Homes Cambridgeshire & The Landowners (Mr Currington, Mr Todd, Ms Douglas, Ms Jarvis, Mr Badcock & Ms Hartwell), 58503 (Bloor Homes Eastern), 58534 (Martin Grant Homes Ltd), 58534 (Martin Grant Homes Ltd), 58600 (Hill Residential Ltd and Chivers Farms (Hardington) LLP), 58356* (Hill Residential Ltd and Chivers Farms -Hardington- LLP), 58629 (Hill Residential), 58668 (Wates Developments Ltd), 58693 (Wates Developments Ltd), 58694 (LVA), 58879 (Scott Properties), 58899 (Axis Land Partnerships), 58923 (Clare

College, Cambridge), 58929 (Carter Jonas), 58950 (North

Barton Road Landowners Group), 58963 (Endurance

Comments highlighting this issue
Estates), 59082 (L&Q Estates Limited and Hill Residential
Limited), 59148 (Silverley Properties Ltd), 59252 (Croudace
Homes), 60580 (Martin Grant Homes), 60625 (NIAB Trust -
Girton site), 60632 (NIAB Trust), 58948* (Endurance
Estates), 59032* (L&Q Estates Limited & Hill Residential Ltd),
60323 (Daniels Bros - Shefford - Ltd), 60329 (Steeplefield),
60345 (FC Butler Trust), 60356 (FC Butler Trust), 60383 (S &
J Graves), 60580 (Martin Grant Homes), 60668 (Mill Stream
Developments),
58899 (Axis Land Partnerships), 59040 (Axis Land
Partnerships)
Individuals

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Should take into account delivery evidence from other	56481 (V Chapman), 56499 (W Grain), 57063 (C Meadows),
locations	57104 (J Francis) 57301 (A Josephine Johnson), 58146 (J
No justification for how Waterbeach will achieve increase	Manning) 58639 (R Grain)
	Developers, Housebuilders and Landowners
	56489 (D & B Searle), 56517 (RJ & RS Millard), 56995
	(Hastingwood Developments), 57051 (Cemex UK Properties
	Ltd57083 (Shelford Investments), 57094 (RO Group Ltd),
	57113 (Cambridge District Oddfellows),
	57202 (MPM Properties (TH) Ltd and Thriplow Farms Ltd),
	57348 (Bloor Homes Eastern), 57502 (Cambridgeshire
	County Council (as landowner)), 57636 (Dudley
	Developments), 57650 (Endurance Estates - Balsham Site),
	57684 (Endurance Estates - Bassingbourn Sites), 57893
	(Martin Grant Homes), 58187 (Enterprise Property Group
	Limited), 58401 (Hawkswren Ltd), 58433 (NW Bio and its UK
	Subsidiary Aracaris Capital Ltd), 58503 (Bloor Homes
	Eastern), 58534 (Martin Grant Homes Ltd), 58622 (Vistry
	Group and RH Topham & Sons Ltd), 58629 (Hill Residential),
	58644 (Abbey Properties Cambridgeshire Limited), 58668

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
	(Wates Developments Ltd), 58693 (Wates Developments
	Ltd), 58805 (Redrow Homes Ltd), 58815 (Great Shelford (Ten
	Acres) Ltd), 58899 (Axis Land Partnerships), 58950 (North
	Barton Road Landowners Group), 59040 (Axis Land
	Partnerships), 60580 (Martin Grant Homes), 57121 (KG Moss
	Will Trust & Moss Family), 60580 (Martin Grant Homes),
Concern about in delivery rate assumptions for strategic sites:	60271 (Commercial Estates Group), 60323 (Daniels Bros –
Disparity between sites of similar scale	Shefford – Ltd)
 Inconsistent and contrary to Housing Delivery Study. 	
Lower average build-out rate to 250dpa, with peak 300dpa	
in years 1 or 2 if it can be evidenced.	
Inconsistent with Lichfields Start to Finish evidence and	
past delivery	
First Proposals plan is heavily reliant on the delivery of a handful	60357 (H. J. Molton Settlement)
of strategic developments, particularly large and complex sites.	
To ensure that the delivery of industrial space does not stall, and	
the supply-demand gap for employment space widens as a	
result, a pipeline of smaller developments which can deliver	
commercial sites quickly will be needed in the short-to-medium	
term.	

Summary of issues raised in comments

Comment that more development should be directed to small and medium sized sites on the edge of Cambridge and in the rural area, for the following reasons:

- support sustainable rural development
- enhance vitality of rural settlements including supporting the existing services and facilities, as per NPPF para 79
- meet increasing demand for housing away from larger settlements arising from the COVID pandemic
- NPPF para 60 notes the need to allow sufficient amount and variety of land to come forward to support the objective of significantly boosting supply of homes
- support stated aim of supporting rural communities
- Risk to five year supply and resulting potential impact of speculative development by limiting such sites
- The plan should positively plan for development at established rural settlements, including Group Villages
- There are a number of sustainable villages including being accessible by sustainable modes of transport, and where development in one village may support services in a village nearby

Comments highlighting this issue

Individuals

56481 (V Chapman), 56499 (W Grain), 57063 (C Meadows), 57301 (Mrs Ann Josephine Johnson) 58639 (R Grain), 56479* (V Chapman), 56487* (D & B Searle), (W, Grain), 56515* (RJ & JS Millard), 58624* (R Grain), 58771* (S Grain), 57014 (J Francis), 56956 (J Swannell), 56961 (S & D Jevon and Raven)

Developers, Housebuilders and Landowners

60263 (Gonville & Caius College), 57121 (KG Moss Will Trust & Moss Family),58355 (Bridgemere Land Plc), 56489 (D & B Searle), 56517 (RJ & RS Millard), 56557 (Bonnel Homes Ltd), 56713 (KB Tebbit Ltd), 56895 (RWS Ltd), , 56995 (Hastingwood Developments), 57051 (Cemex UK Properties Ltd), 57056 (Endurance Estates), 57083 (Shelford Investments), 57094 (RO Group Ltd), 57113 (Cambridge District Oddfellows), 57150 (Southern & Regional Developments Ltd), 57195 (European Property Ventures (Cambridgeshire)), 57202 (MPM Properties (TH) Ltd and Thriplow Farms Ltd), 57310 (Deal Land LLP), 57346

Summary of issues raised in comments

- Such sites can deliver policy-compliant levels of affordable housing
- provide a flexible, diverse supply of housing sites
- facilitate greater space for people
- provide opportunities to connect with the surrounding countryside to improve mental and physical health
- provide local, smaller housebuilders the opportunity to acquire sites
- address NPPF para 62 requirement for housing types and sizes to reflect the needs of the community
- NPPF para 105 regarding minimising the need to travel notes that the opportunities will be different in urban and rural areas
- Limiting such development conflicts with the Plan's aim of enhancing existing places
- Public transport infrastructure investment should be directed to villages to make them more sustainable
- Village employment sites can enhance the sustainability of such settlements by reducing the need to travel

Comments highlighting this issue

(Clarendon Land), 57348 (Bloor Homes Eastern), 57374 (Colegrove Estates), 57502 (Cambridgeshire County Council (as landowner)), 57516 (R2 Developments Ltd), 57527 (Mr Henry d'Abo), 57636 (Dudley Developments), 57636 (Dudley Developments), 57650 (Endurance Estates - Balsham Site), 57684 (Endurance Estates - Bassingbourn Sites), 58146 (J Manning), 58187 (Enterprise Property Group Limited), 58255 (Bletsoes), 58285 (Pigeon Land 2 Ltd), 58333 (Simons Developments Ltd, 58370 (D Moore), 58401 (Hawkswren Ltd), 58433 (NW Bio and its UK Subsidiary Aracaris Capital Ltd), 58488 (BDW Homes Cambridgeshire & The Landowners (Mr Currington, Mr Todd, Ms Douglas, Ms Jarvis, Mr Badcock & Ms Hartwell), 58503 (Bloor Homes Eastern), 58512 (Hill Residential Limited), 58523 (Phase 2 Plannning), 58534 (Martin Grant Homes Ltd), 58561 (Grosvenor Britain & Ireland), 58567 (MacTaggart & Mickel), 58600 (Hill Residential Ltd and Chivers Farms (Hardington) LLP), 58629 (Hill Residential), 58644 (Abbey Properties Cambridgeshire Limited), 58668 (Wates Developments Ltd), 58693 (Wates Developments Ltd), 58694 (LVA), 58805 (Redrow Homes

Summary of issues raised in comments

- Changes in working patterns arising from COVID have enhanced the sustainability of rural living. The Sustainability Appraisal (SA) for the Local Plan does not adequately account for this change in sustainable characteristics.
- Can support provision of needed community infrastructure
- To maintain smooth delivery of housing throughout plan period
- At villages, tightly drawn framework boundaries limit infill opportunities

Comments highlighting this issue

Ltd), 58815 (Great Shelford (Ten Acres) Ltd), 58879 (Scott Properties), 58900 (Varrier Jones Foundation), 58923 (Clare College, Cambridge), 58929 (Carter Jonas), 58952 (Varrier Jones Foundation), 58963 (Endurance Estates), 59020 (Peterhouse), 59080 (A P Burlton Turkey's Ltd), 59148 (Silverley Properties Ltd), 59252 (Croudace Homes), 59307 (Countryside Properties), 59740 (Endurance Estates), 59048 (Emmanuel College), 58613* (MacTaggart & Mickel), 58265* (Pigeon Land 2 Ltd), 56497* 57148* (Southern & Regional Developments Ltd), 57191* (European Property Ventures – Cambridgeshire), 57342* (HD Planning Ltd), 58483* (D Moore), 58564* (Croudace Homes), 58635* (Abbey Properties Cambridgeshire Limited), 58652* (Wates Developments Ltd), 58672* (Artisan* (UK) Projects Ltd), 58875* (St John's College Cambridge), 60217* (Thakeham Homes Ltd), 60545* (Thakeham Homes Ltd), 60295 (Miller Homes – Fulbourn Site), 60302 (Miller Homes – Melbourn Site), 60323 (Daniels Bros – Shefford – Ltd), 60329 (Steeplefield), 60345 (FC Butler Trust), 60356 (FC Butler Trust), 60383 (S & J Graves), 60510 (Taylor Wimpey UK Ltd),

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
	60541 (Beechwood Homes Contracting Ltd), 60563
	(Countryside Properties), 60580 (Martin Grant Homes),
	60610 (CALA Group Ltd), 60612 (Endurance Estates – Orwell
	site), 60624 (NIAB Trust – Girton site), 60629 (NIAB Trust),
	60633 (NIAB Trust), 60668 (Mill Stream Developments),
	60284 (Wheatley Group Developments Ltd),
Support for the Councils' response to NPPF para 69 - that plans	57316 (Huntingdonshire DC)
should accommodate at least 10% of their housing on sites no	
larger than 1 hectare	
Objection to the Councils' response to NPPF para 69 - that plans	56557 (Bonnel Homes Ltd), 56713 (KB Tebbit Ltd), 56961 (S
should accommodate at least 10% of their housing on sites no	& D Jevon and Raven), 57340 (HD Planning Ltd), 57346
larger than 1 hectare, for the following reasons:	(Clarendon Land), 58355 (Bridgemere Land Plc), 60284
there are a number of available sites for residential	(Wheatley Group Developments Ltd), 60561 (W Garfit),
development, located outside of the Green Belt, at	
sustainable settlements such as Group Villages	
all sites relevant to para 69 should be identified within the	
plan	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Need to show meeting NPPF para 69. The plan states that the	60183 (Home Builders Federation)
requirement will be exceeded but includes windfall sites which	
are unidentified. Must be able to demonstrate it can meet the	
requirements through allocations or on sites identified on the	
Brownfield register.	
Comment that directing self-build to strategic sites will limit this	57374 (Colegrove Estates)
form of development meeting local needs.	

Water supply and drainage

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support recognition that water supply challenge is a serious	59970* (Natural England)
issue to be resolved.	
Object on grounds of inadequate water supply, effect on national	Individuals
food supply, failure to minimise climate change, likely irreparable	59467* (H Alder), 59480* (Jo Ashman), 59501* (Babraham
damage to ecosystems, carbon emissions from construction,	PC), 59503* (J Ayton), 59505* (A Barry), 59509* (L
lack of integrated public transport, undermining Levelling Up	Benedetto), 59511* (N Ashman), 59513* (V Estellers Casas),
agenda, democratic deficit in process and evidence base.	59516* (C Fisher), 59518* (S Fisher), 59520* (M Forbes),
Support Friends of River Cam objection.	59521* (V Fowkes Bolt), 59522* (A Fraser), 59523* (R
	Fredman), 59524* (C Friend), 59525* (L Garnier), 59526* (Z

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
	Gilbertson), 59538* (F Goodwille), 59539* (C Goodwille),
	59552* (R Hegde), 59557* (E Hewitt), 59560* (J Holden),
	59561* (G Holland), 59562* (K Hulme), 59564* (J Johnson),
	59746* (A Jones), 59748* (T Jones), 59749* (J Kavanagh),
	59750* (P Kenrick), 59751* (M Kivlen), 59752* (Anonymous),
	59753* (T Knight), 59754, 59756, 59757* (Anonymous),
	59758* (R Lambert), 59760* (D Langley), 59763* (J Langley),
	59766* (T Levanti-Rowe), 59769* (J Lucas), 59772* (M
	Majidi), 59777* (M Bijok Hone), 59778* (S Marelli), 59784* (C
	Martin), 59789* (P Carney), 59790* (A McAllister), 59791* (B
	Bolt), 59792* (S Mercer), 59793* (C McKay), 59794* (R
	Meyer), 59795* (I Fourcade), 59796* (B Bruun), 59798* (S
	Burch), 59800* (M Cassidy), 59802* (B Basheer), 59804* (J
	Clarke), 59807* (G Offley), 59808* (M Cooper), 59809* (I
	Page), 59811* (M Patten), 59815* (P Pettitt), 59820* (H Pike),
	59822* (M Presa), 59829* (H Price), 59844* (S Ramaiya),
	59848* (R Edwards), 59865* (C Wilson), 59873* (J
	Winterkorn), 59874* (S Worzencraft), 59875* (J Nilsson-
	Wright), 59876* (M Zmija), 59884* (J Waterfield), 59885* (P
	Waterfield), 59887* (E Wayne), 59888* (N Willis), 59889* (L

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
	Ramakrishnan), 59890* (E Reid), 89891* (K Rennie), 59892*
	(F Crawford), 59893* (K Reti), 59894* (R Savage), 59895* (A
	Sharpe), 59897* (R Cushing), 59958* (N Deja), 59959* (LC
	Driver), 59960* (S Sharples), 59961* (S Sinclair), 59962* (R
	Sorkin), 59963* (F Spalding), 59967* (D Stoughton), 59990* (J
	Tanner), 59993* (M Taylor), 59994* (H Thomas), 60000* (C
	Todd), 60039* (A Wilson), 60041* (M Farrington), 60500* (R
	Doyon),
	60501* (J Pratt), 60617* (J Toynbee), 60618* (S Loveday),
	60621* (I Fowler), 60622* (C A Holloway), 60636* (K Smyth),
	60637* (C Redfern), 60638* (D Murrell), 60670* (Anonymous),
	60671* (Anonymous), L Whitebread), 60824* (R Bienzobas),
	60210 (J V Neal) 60505* (Late representation: C Candeloro),
	60820* (Late representation: L Whitebread)
	Third Sector Organisations
	59594* (Campaign to Protect Rural England), 60037* (Friends
	of the Cam Steering Group)
Has the water provision been planned for all these	57833* (S Sinclair)
developments? What will be their water source? How will the	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
health of the Cam and its associated chalk streams be	
maintained?	
Plan does not satisfactorily address inadequate water supply	60234 (P Blythe)
Support for the approach taken to addressing water supply	58882 (A Sykes), 59133 (M Berkson)
issues	
Further development needs to be phased in line with public	58970* (RSPB Cambs/Beds/Herts Area)
water supply availability, if the plan is to meet its environmental	
objectives.	
Comment that the plan's approach to water supply issues	58882 (A Sykes)
should also be taken to permissions and s106 agreements.	
Queried whether proposed infrastructure projects take into	
account water demand from construction.	
Support for the need for the delivery of new strategic water	58731 (Trumpington Meadows Land Company), 59082 (L&Q
supply infrastructure	Estates Limited and Hill Residential Limited)
The plan does not satisfactorily address issue of inadequate	60188 (J Preston)
water supply; need to identify strategic water supply solutions	
and / or interim measures	
There is insufficient capacity for utilities delivery (supply of water	59258* (Teversham PC)
and waste water disposal);	
	I.

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Need to await the findings of the Regional Water Plan.	60236* (Federation of Cambridge Residents' Associations)
Greater Cambridge already has an unsustainable supply	
of potable water.	
The local sewage system is currently inadequate.	
Comment that water resources should not be seen as a	57650 (Endurance Estates - Balsham Site), 58359 (Marshall
constraint to growth, noting that:	Group Properties), 58963 (Endurance Estates), 60171 (Home
 the onus is on Water Resources East and the water 	Builders Federation)
companies, through their obligations in the Water	
Industries Act 1991, to plan for and provide water to meet	
the requirements	
Water Resources East have stated that water supply	
should not curtail development and that the regional plan	
will offer up a number of solutions to address short-long	
term needs.	
Developments will need to implement integrated water	
management regimes	
If infrastructure is not in place a stepped requirement may	
be necessary (last resort). Ensure planned housing	
requirements can still be met within plan period and does	
not become continually delayed (PPG para 68-021)	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Comment that work needs to be undertaken to further identify	58534 (Martin Grant Homes Ltd)
and programme practical interim solutions to a specific	
timescale to overcome the potential constraint to growth in the	
area posed by water supply constraints.	
Need to consider how water will be provided for this amount of	56511 (C Martin)
growth - the chalk aquifer is already being over abstracted	
Concern about water supply impacts of the plan, including the	56523 (C Martin)
potential carbon impacts of any required water transfer.	
Comment regarding the strategy, noting its dependence on	57316 (Huntingdonshire DC)
uncertain infrastructure issues, including water supply, East	
West Rail and relocation of Cambridge airport. Comment that	
water supply is likely to affect surrounding districts to varying	
degrees, and that if the issue was not resolved it would be	
difficult to justify the proposed level and speed of delivery.	
Suggestion that a stepped trajectory and phased delivery of	
development might be the best way to respond to these issues.	
The Plan should consider whether there are strategic site	59082 (L&Q Estates Limited and Hill Residential Limited)
allocations	
elsewhere in the plan area that will benefit from new planned	
investment in water infrastructure. Provision is currently being	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
made for a new pipeline connecting water supplies from the	
north of Lincolnshire to the Colchester area of Essex, which	
includes supply to the eastern part of Greater Cambridge near	
Six Mile Bottom. This £500 million	
scheme will be delivered by 2025 (early on in the Local Plan	
period) and will allow water to be moved from areas where it is	
more plentiful to areas of scarcity across the region.	

Transport and other infrastructure

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Comment that the preferred strategy performs well in transport terms as	56923 (Cambridgeshire County Council)
demonstrated by the Greater Cambridge Local Plan: Transport Evidence Report	
October 2021, noting that not all transport mitigation has been tested.	
Comment that any unresolved issues regarding transport might have impacts on	57316 (Huntingdonshire DC)
neighbouring districts.	
Support for co-ordinated working. As details of EWR Co's proposals are not yet	59872* (East West Rail)
confirmed, there is a risk of overlap in location of potential development options	
between EWR Co and Local Plan. Liaise on development proposals at and around	
Cambourne and Cambridge Stations.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Objection to the plan's perceived implicit support for East West Rail, for the	57035 (W Harrold)
following reasons:	
Very expensive	
City Deal proposals can enhance connectivity between Cambourne and	
Cambridge	
Will cause environmental harm and planning blight	
Very low benefit cost ratio	
Concern regarding East West Rail including:	57851* (T Harrold), 57853* (T Harrold),
 Will cause environmental harm and planning blight 	57854* (T Harrold), 57857* (T Harrold),
Protect and enhance Green Belt;	57858* (T Harrold), 58256* (Little & Great
Very expensive	Eversden PC)
 Adverse impact on and need to protect communities; 	
 Will obliterate most objectives including climate objectives; 	
 Our area being sacrificed for Arc but will receive no benefit; 	
Destroy valuable agricultural land.	
East West Rail is beneficial only if the route approaches Cambridge from the North	59103* (M Berkson)
and connects with the East Coast.	
Looping South after Cambourne contradicts the policy of limiting development in	
the Southern Fringe.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
East West Rail has potential to transform the area, maximising sustainable	59691 (Central Bedfordshire Council)
opportunities for growth. Transport impact assessments / modelling should	
consider cumulative impacts of existing and proposed development at Cambourne,	
and implications for wider area, including on strategic and local road network within	
Central Bedfordshire.	
Moving forward without clear idea how extra housing will impact wider area. Need	59436* (Anonymous)
models showing impact of traffic and public transport use. Proceed as slowly as	
Government allows until information is available, do not accelerate approved	
projects. Agree most important factors are environmental impacts and on local	
traffic. Building near workplaces will only mitigate extra travel. Public transport	
system will need to be transformed. Without details of impacts of developments my	
response will be no to them all.	
Comment noting:	60188 (J Preston)
Lack of information on transport links required, ensure they are brought	
forward concurrently	
Insufficient provision of public transport	
Comment regarding potential transport impacts of existing employment sites and	58650 (North Hertfordshire DC)
the proposed strategy, including the following:	
employment sites at Duxford, Granta Park, the Wellcome Genome Campus	
and the Babraham Institute draw car trips from North Hertfordshire	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Expansion of Cambridge Biomedical Campus will draw more car trips onto	
the A10, negatively impacting on Royston	
 Creation of Cambridge South Station will relieve some pressure on the A10, 	
but stations in North Herts will need enhancement to address additional	
pressures here, including requiring data from Greater Cambridge to help	
quantify these	
Role of Royston as a local centre for communities in the south of South	
Cambridgeshire should be recognised and responded to, were any	
development to be proposed in this area	
Transport links in Cambridge cannot cope with existing demand, leading to	56791* (J Kirkbride)
congestion, making it dangerous for active travel. Transport proposals do not	
adequately address this.	
Support for the committed infrastructure proposals that are being progressed by the	58359 (Marshall Group Properties)
transport bodies and the objective of seeking to achieve a modal shift away from	
the use of the private car	
Comment that coordination with every organisation involved in transport strategy is	59133 (M Berkson)
absolutely essential	
Current transport links and proposals are inadequate. Promoting a strategic and	60051 (Cambridge Connect)
sustainable approach to public transport in Cambridgeshire, including a detailed	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
proposition for light rail on two main routes: Cambourne-Cambridge city centre-	
Addenbrooke's-Granta Park-Haverhill; Cambridge Science Park-Trumpington.	
The plan should focus on public transport and cycle connections	57980* (E Osimo)
Concern that all new development will generate vehicle traffic, noting that most	59258* (Teversham PC)
people will still want a car, and that even car free development will require servicing	
by vehicles. Concern at the lack of a fully integrated transport policy	
Applaud aim to encourage development in locations not reliant on cars. Also aim to	57583* (R Pargeter)
reduce environmental impact of transport; significantly improve public transport to	
villages. Cars likely to remain mainstay so ensure electric charging infrastructure is	
provided.	
Relying on planned public transport links will leave the Plan vulnerable to challenge	57342* (HD Planning Ltd)
if projects are delayed. Focus more on existing infrastructure.	
National Highways have been collaboratively engaging regarding the effect of the	60073 (National Highways)
emerging GCLP on the Strategic Road Network; seeking to ensure the impact of	
allocated sites are identified and suitably mitigated. Detailed technical modelling	
validation queries relating to the Transport Evidence Report.	
Ox Cam Arc; creating low carbon transport links between important centres is good	60075 (C de Blois)
but should minimise impacts on natural environment and ecology. Will create a	
corridor of 'soul-less dormitories'. The only winners are developers not local people.	
Comments on the transport evidence report, including:	60255 (Cambridgeshire County Council)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Supporting its conclusions	
Noting the significant additional traffic generated by the various strategic	
spatial options previously tested	
Welcoming requirement for implementation of trip budgets at strategic sites	
Comment on the need to deliver timely infrastructure including public transport,	57645 (Histon & Impington Parish Council)
broadband, social facilities, retail in new developments,	
Comment that Transport Evidence assumes a massive increase in Park & Ride	58241 (Cambridge Past, Present & Future)
spaces, which could harm landscape and Green Belt.	
Ensure faster delivery of existing new settlements does not impact infrastructure	57314* (Huntingdonshire DC)
provision and services in surrounding areas.	
Green Infrastructure must be delivered before, or alongside new development	56572 (Gamlingay PC)
No new cultural or provision for other 'city-scale' needs which will put the city centre	60236* (Federation of Cambridge
under even greater pressure.	Residents' Associations)
Such a large increase in house building in the city requires a significant investment	57834* (D Lister)
in community facilities and infrastructure to be a benefit to current local	
communities, not a further strain on resources. Investment in public transport	
should come before extra housing.	
The plan does not meet the infrastructure needs of new residents	59030* (Great Shelford PC)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
In areas of significant housing growth, developer contributions for health and care	59114* (Cambridgeshire and Peterborough
services must be sought to meet growing demand. Planning obligations should	Clinical Commissioning Group)
address strategic and local priorities.	
The cumulative impacts of residential developments on healthcare infrastructure in	59134 (Cambridgeshire and Peterborough
the area should be recognised. Planning policies must help finance improved	Clinical Commissioning Group)
healthcare services and facilities through effective estate management.	
The plan should consider education and hospital needs in greater detail.	58882 (A Sykes)
There is insufficient infrastructure (roads, schools and hospitals in particular) to	59258* (Teversham PC)
support delivery of the strategy.	
For a plan to be sound the cumulative impact of policies should not undermine its	60175* (Home Builders Federation)
deliverability. Viability assessment must consider all policy costs and benchmark	
land values accurately. Land values for brownfield sites appear low, should be	
reconsidered and increased to reflect higher existing use values.	

Justification for/presentation of the development strategy

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
The plan is not clear what is meant by development having "the least climate	58676 (The Church Commissioners for
impact", the term is not defined, leading to ambiguity for developers as to what	England)
proposals should be seeking to achieve	
Comment that the policy should include greater clarity about the full list of	57340 (HD Planning Ltd)
allocations including for employment, and their relationship with adopted	
allocations.	
Comment that the plan does not include a trajectory setting out the anticipated	58676 (The Church Commissioners for
rate of development for specific sites.	England)
Comment that there isn't an overarching spatial strategy that explains the	58237 (Hallam Land Management Limited)
rationale behind the distribution of future development, and why the areas and	
locations identified will help achieve the Vision and Aims. The strategy should be	
more strongly presented in the context of proposed connectivity enhancements	
such as East West Rail and Cambourne to Cambridge.	
Comment that the reasons for selecting the preferred strategy are not clearly set	58899 (Axis Land Partnerships), 59040 (Axis
out:	Land Partnerships)
the Preferred Option (Spatial Option 9), along with the alternative blended	
strategy (Spatial Option 10), appear as standalone options without	
reference to the previous options	
Appendix E to the Sustainability Appraisal ostensibly provides the	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
justification for the preferred spatial strategy, however this also does not	
explain why the preferred spatial strategy is considered to be the best	
performing option when compared to other spatial options, nor does it	
give reasons for why other spatial options have been discounted	
The Councils fail to demonstrate that the conclusions of assessment of	
the 10 spatial options have led the determination of the best performing	
strategy for the First Proposals document. Instead, there is the very	
strong	
suspicion that a spatial strategy has instead been retrofitted to suit a	
series of pre-chosen sites	
no clear explanation as to why transport corridors option was discounted	
 there are no SA Objectives where Spatial Option 9: Preferred 	
Option Spatial Strategy clearly performs better than the other Spatial	
Options	
The Sustainability Assessment appraisal only of sites that fitted with the	
emerging spatial strategy has prevented the allocation of suitable sites	
that could be included in a more appropriate development strategy	
Assessment of site options on 'Public Transport Corridors' source of	
supply was combined with Villages to create a category of 'Dispersal:	
Villages / Transport Corridors' for which no clear	

Comments highlighting this issue
58899 (Axis Land Partnerships), 59040 (Axis
Land Partnerships)
58676 (The Church Commissioners for
England)
58694 (LVA)
56713 (KB Tebbit Ltd), 57346 (Clarendon
Land), 58534 (Martin Grant Homes Ltd),

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Suggestion that the approach to rural allocations was site-led rather than	59252 (Croudace Homes), 60568
being led by an objective process which compares the sustainability	(Countryside Properties – Fen Ditton site)
credentials of sustainable rural settlements.	
Other sites with more positive Housing & Employment Land Availability	
Assessment (HELAA) assessments were not allocated.	
Concern how the strategy has been interpreted into the allocations	
proposed.	
Lack of information how extra housing will impact the city/wider area. Proceed	60673 (Anonymous)
slowly until more information is available.	
Comment that the plan should show for reference the relocation of Cambridge	58106 (M Asplin)
Waste Water Treatment Plant (CWWTP)	

Spatial strategy sources of supply

Cambridge urban area, including brownfield sites

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support for focus on densification, including:	58053 (Trinity Hall), 58668 (Wates Developments
in existing urban areas in locations well served by public transport	Ltd), 58808 (R Mervart), 59048 (Emmanuel
making effective use of land	College), 57709 (J Pavey),

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
within Cambridge as a sustainable location for development	
Support for smaller sites where well-integrated with existing	58922 (Metro Property Unit Trust)
neighbourhoods, including on previously developed sites in the urban area,	
including for windfall development, especially in such locations	
Brownfield development should be prioritised	58325* (Linton PC)
Agree that brownfield development should be prioritised and in locally-	59851 (Barrington PC)
agreed not nationally targeted locations. Development "around" villages is	
not considered sustainable.	
Plan does not follow 'brownfield first' approach; it should encourage urban	59945 (O Harwood)
intensification.	
Take opportunities to reuse brownfield land to ensure protection of other	60640 (TTP Campus Limited)
more sensitive locations in the countryside.	
Support for the proposed approach however this should focus sustainable	58907* (Metro Property Unit Trust)
development on under-utilised previously developed sites	
Existing buildings should be re-used wherever possible before new building	60677 (Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire
is considered.	Green Parties)
Objection to focus on densification, noting	57798 (M Starkie), 57638 (J Conroy), 57766* (T
 potential harm to quality of life and that is not in keeping with the 	Elliott); 57582* (C Maynard)
objectives of Wellbeing & Social inclusion" and "Great Places"	
	Elliott); 57582* (C Maynard)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
harm to quality of life and economic growth	
 Cambridge has reached maximum; more growth will impair quality of 	
life;	
Other urban centres should be developed with adequate transport	
links to avoid permanent gridlock in Cambridge;	
Comment on the potential challenges of developing on brownfield sites,	57150 (Southern & Regional Developments Ltd),
including that they:	57195 (European Property Ventures -
 can be blighted by contamination, 	Cambridgeshire), 58676 (The Church
 have complex ownership issues that affect delivery 	Commissioners for England), 58693 (Wates
be too small or inadequately accessed	Developments Ltd)
 are usually associated with higher abnormal costs which can 	
sometimes put pressure on viability and the ability to deliver higher	
standard, sustainable developments	
Comment that the setting of the historic centre, and its relationship with the	57938 (North Newnham Residents Association)
countryside with a network of green spaces complementing the built	
environment, must be preserved	
Comment in relation to densification, that thought also needs to be	58963 (Endurance Estates), 59082 (L&Q Estates
given to development of new communities on sites that: facilitate greater	Limited and Hill Residential Limited)
space for people; provide a greater variety of housing; increase affordability	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
for those unable to afford urban prices; and provide opportunities to connect	
with the surrounding	
countryside to improve mental and physical health	
Question raised whether sites within Cambridge brought forward from the	58923 (Clare College, Cambridge)
2018 Local Plan and some of which were previously allocated in the 2006	
Local Plan are likely to deliver within the plan period.	
No mention of Covid and city centre opportunities from potential radical	60236* (Federation of Cambridge Residents'
changes in retail and office working.	Associations)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support identification of North East Cambridge for the creation of a compact	60148 (U&I PLC and TOWN)
city district on brownfield land. Concerned by homes target (page 32);	
trajectory at odds with that agreed with Homes England as pre-requisite for	
relocating WWTW. Policy should include 5,600 homes on Core Site by	
2041.	
Applica Water agrees that North Fact Combridge about he listed first in the	CO444 (Applies Water Comisse Ltd)
Anglian Water agrees that North East Cambridge should be listed first in the	60444 (Anglian Water Services Ltd)
strategy given it is 'a compact city district on brownfield land already	
identified for	
development, including a mix of jobs and homes'.	
Support for NEC but object to lack of consideration for accommodating	60762 (U&I Group PLC)
displaced commercial uses	
Objection to inclusion of North East Cambridge for the following reasons:	57798 (M Starkie), 58106 (M Asplin), 57129* (D
it is premature to include it ahead of Development Consent Order	Lott), 57548* (Save Honey Hill Group), 57632* (J
outcome for relocation of Cambridge Waste Water Treatment Plant	Conroy), 58105* (M Asplin), 59883 (Fen Ditton PC)
(CWWTP)	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Unnecessary and too large.	
Relocated WWTW will be insufficient for needs of further growth.	
Oversupply of homes within City.	
Tall buildings 4 stories max.	
300dph too dense.	
Nearest local shops Newmarket Rd	
 Huge impact Milton Rd, Elizabeth Way, A10 north 	
 next to two of more deprived LSOAs and requires sewage works to 	
relocate to Green Belt rather than upgrading.	
No mention of retired for balanced community	
Scale and density not supported	
 Plan and NEC AAP do not require relocation of WWTW 	
 S/NEC reliant on relocation of WWTW in Green Belt 	
No justification or operational need for WWTW to relocate to Green	
Belt	
Housing development is not supported, focus on employment with	
public transport	
• development at the proposed location, on Green belt would result in	
'Very High Harm' contrary to the substantial weight.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Objection to inclusion of North East Cambridge as presented and	58400 (Trinity College)
correspondent lack of draft allocation at Cambridge Science Park, as it	
conflates the delivery of new homes reliant on the DCO with the ongoing	
growth of employment associated with the existing Cambridge Science	
Park cluster.	
Objection to assumed trajectory for North East Cambridge, noting	59040 (Axis Land Partnerships)
Likely challenges to the build out rate generated by the requirement	
for a trip budget	
expected DCO outcome timings	
Objection to the relocation of Cambridge Waste Water Treatment Plant	56523 (C Martin), 58106 (M Asplin)
(CWWTP) to enable development at North East Cambridge, for the	
following reasons:	
Loss of Green Belt	
Development of green spaces	
Carbon impact	
The current WWTP is still operational	
Harm to the current open landscape	
Relatively small number of homes enabled by the relocation	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Objection to S/C/SMS Garages between 20 St. Matthews Street and Blue	58381 (F Gawthrop)
Moon Public House, Cambridge on basis that loss of off-street parking	
provision at the garages will harm residents' amenity.	

The edge of Cambridge, and Green Belt

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support for the approach of limiting development on the edge of	56965 (Trumpington Residents Association), 58241
Cambridge beyond already approved sites.	(Cambridge Past, Present & Future)
Support the delivery of sites on edge of Cambridge given they are	58731 (Trumpington Meadows Land Company)
sustainable locations to existing jobs, services, infrastructure, and	
transportation	
Urge greater protection of village separation, noting example of	59258* (Teversham PC)
inadequate separation between proposed Cambridge Airport (Land	
North of Cherry Hinton) site between the settlement and new	
development.	
Support for limited release of Green Belt on the edge of	57502 (Cambridgeshire County Council - as landowner)
Cambridge	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support for conclusion that housing needs alone do not provide	56965 (Trumpington Residents Association)
the 'exceptional circumstances' to justify removing land from the	
Green Belt on the edge of the city	
The additional 11,640 dwellings required to cover a 10% buffer	58166* (Dr S Kennedy)
have already been provided for elsewhere, so the high level of	
need that should be demonstrated before considering any	
additional Green Belt land release has not been met.	
Comment that edge of Cambridge greenfield sites can deliver	58950 (North Barton Road Landowners Group)
policy compliant levels of affordable housing	
Comment that exceptional circumstances exist to justify release	57063 (C Meadows), 57083 (Shelford Investments), 57121
land from the Green Belt in all parts of Greater Cambridge affected	(KG Moss Will Trust & Moss Family), 57150 (Southern &
by the designation, for the following reasons:	Regional Developments Ltd), 57636 (Dudley
the significant need for housing and affordable housing in	Developments), 58433 (NW Bio and its UK Subsidiary
Greater Cambridge and the need to support economic	Aracaris Capital Ltd), 58629 (Hill Residential), 58731
growth	(Trumpington Meadows Land Company), 58929 (Carter
opportunities exist in the Green Belt to promote sustainable	Jonas), 58950 (North Barton Road Landowners Group)
patterns of development	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Comment regarding the reasonable options needing to be	57063 (C Meadows), 57083 (Shelford Investments), 57121
	(KG Moss Will Trust & Moss Family), 57636 (Dudley
explored before considering whether exceptional circumstances	
exist to justify changes to Green Belt boundaries, including the	Developments), 58629 (Hill Residential), 58929 (Carter
following:	Jonas), 58950 (North Barton Road Landowners Group)
 In Cambridge increasing densities and reusing previously 	
developed land is not straightforward and may be	
inappropriate because of heritage assets and the difficulty	
of finding alternative sites for existing uses	
 previously developed land opportunities that are deliverable 	
have already been identified within and on the edge of	
Cambridge	
Development on GB is not generally acceptable, but to release a	60561 (W Garfit)
small site from the GB which in parallel secures greatly enhanced	
bio-diversity, and some informal rural public access, is a	
factor that weighs heavily in favour of the release	
Support for releasing Green Belt land in Shelford.	58815 (Great Shelford (Ten Acres) Ltd)
Support for releasing Green Belt land in Sawston	57376 (Deal Land LLP)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support for releasing Green Belt land in Coton	60580 (Martin Grant Homes)
Don't build on Green Belt	57980* (E Osimo),
Comment that the plan should include even less focus on the	58808 (R Mervart)
Green Belt and villages	
Objection to proposed development in the Green Belt, in particular	56803 (M Colville)
at villages. Place greater focus on new settlements/communities	
and expansion of existing sites.	
Objection to proposed busways to new settlements as they would	58241 (Cambridge Past, Present & Future)
harm Green Belt, landscape, ecology and heritage.	
Do not oppose development around Cambridge outside Green Belt	59273 (National Trust)
provided new green spaces delivered to North East to reduce	
pressure on Wicken Fen. Any changes to Green Belt must be fully	
evidenced and justified.	
Oppose proposals to remove further land from Green Belt,	59595 (Campaign to Protect Rural England)
particularly Babraham and Hinxton. Inconsistent with purposes of	
Green Belt in Great Places Aim.	
No exceptional circumstances for releasing Green Belt land in	60310 (Gladman Developments)
excess of meeting Cambridge's needs, particularly around villages	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
when there are other non-Green Belt suitable and sustainable	
sites.	
Concern about the amount of Green Belt land likely to be	60677 (Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire Green
destroyed, in particular through relocating WWTW to Honey Hill.	Parties)
Support the provision of additional housing on existing allocated	58297* (University of Cambridge)
land at Eddington.	
Cambridge East represents the largest and most sustainable	58335* (Marshall Group Properties)
opportunity to realise this potential.	
Comment that development at Cambridge East can support cross-	58359 (Marshall Group Properties)
city connectivity through the provision of a transformational	
transport strategy.	
Support for inclusion of Cambridge Biomedical Campus for	58961 (Jesus College (working with Pigeon Investment
additional development, noting that the scale of floorspace	Management and Lands Improvement Holdings), a private
requirements justifies the full scale development of the district set	landowner and St John's College)
out in Vision 2050, west as well as east of the West Anglia	
mainline.	
Support proposed allocation for Campus. CBC Limited will support	58247* (CBC Limited, Cambridgeshire County Council and
landowners deliver a Vision 2050 compatible scheme.	a private family trust)
Support the need for growth and to concentrate that growth in	58251* (CBC Limited, Cambridgeshire County Council and
sustainable locations.	a private family trust)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Cambridge Biomedical Campus is one of the best locations to	
sustainability address future needs.	
Spatial Strategy refers to the desirability of locating homes close to	59770* (B Hunt)
existing and proposed jobs at the cluster of research parks to the	
south of Cambridge. Strongly support, a similar approach should	
be adopted at the Cambridge Biomedical Campus, with the	
provision that this is offered as tied accommodation to create	
genuine affordable housing.	
Objection to inclusion of S/CBC/A area for housing.	57933 (F Goodwille)
Objection to proposed Green Belt release at Cambridge	56965 (Trumpington Residents Association), 58090 (D
Biomedical Campus, for the following reasons:	Lister), 58167 (Kennedy)
Scale of proposal	
Harm to the Green Belt	
Loss of high quality agricultural land	
Objection to inclusion of housing within the allocation	
Employment needs could be met by densification of the	
existing campus or at off-site research locations	
Creates urban sprawl	
Harm to biodiversity	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Comments about growing the Cambridge Biomedical campus;	57628* (M Polichroniadis), 58307 & 58322* (D Lynch)
 Impact on quality of life of residents; 	
Unclear whether infrastructure to support;	
 Impacts on green belt and biodiversity, including Ninewells 	
nature reserve;	
Accessibility and congestion;	
Better, frequent low emission public transport could spread	
population growth;	
Only justification for Green Belt release is affordable	
housing for hospital workers to reduce commuting, but must	
remain affordable.	
Releasing Greenbelt land next to Babraham Road: Green Belt	59028* (R Stone)
land protects countryside. Only justification for releasing it is	
affordable housing for hospital workers to reduce commuting, but	
must remain affordable.	

New settlements

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support for development at new settlements for the following	56803 (M Colville), 56965 (Trumpington Residents
reasons:	Association)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
They can be designed with excellent transport links	
They offer a blank canvas with which to design climate	
friendly and enjoyable living spaces within suitable	
locations	
They do not burden existing villages	
They can be sited outside of the Green Belt	
Support for continuing development at the new settlements of	56481 (V Chapman), 56489 (D & B Searle), 56499 (W Grain),
Northstowe, Waterbeach and Bourn Airfield allocated in	56517 (RJ & RS Millard), 58639 (R Grain)
previous plans	
Northstowe, Waterbeach, Bourn and Cambourne are unproven	60281 (Commercial Estates Group)
employment markets with demand remaining in and on edge of	
Cambridge, and encourage unsustainable travel patterns.	
Support for expanding Cambourne, for the following reasons:	56481 (V Chapman), 56489 (D & B Searle), 56499 (W Grain),
the new East West Rail station will make it a well-	56517 (RJ & RS Millard), 56923 (Cambridgeshire County
connected area	Council), 57893 (Martin Grant Homes), 58585 (Endurance
Cambourne was the best performing in transport terms of	Estates - Caxton Gibbet Site), 58639 (R Grain), 58676 (The
the free-standing new settlements of those tested at	Church Commissioners for England), 59833 (MCA
stage one- with the Cambourne to Cambridge public	Developments Ltd), 59866 (East West Rail)
transport scheme and East West Rail included	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Opportunity to co-locate homes and jobs, in close	
proximity to major public transport routes	
It is a location capable of higher levels of self-	
containment and where the options to reduce reliance on	
private cars is highest	
Further develops and enhances a new settlement where	
the groundwork has already been laid, providing access	
to services and facilities within Cambourne and likely	
provision of new services and facilities	
One of largest and most sustainable settlements in	
Greater Cambridge	
EWR will provide a sustainable new travel option	
contributing towards achieving net zero carbon	
Comment that the delivery of additional employment land at	58585 (Endurance Estates - Caxton Gibbet Site)
Cambourne must be part of any strategy to make it more vibrant	
Comment that there is little evidence that travel behaviour in	59082 (L&Q Estates Limited and Hill Residential Limited)
Cambourne will shift significantly with the delivery of a railway	
station given the small take up of employment units in its	
business park and limited high street offer.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Comment that the Councils should be planning for a significant	58676 (The Church Commissioners for England)
extension or new settlement within the Cambourne area	
Comment that no decision on development at Cambourne	59153 (Cambourne TC)
should be taken until there is confirmation regarding East West	
Rail	
Comment that the policy for Cambourne should state that	59153 (Cambourne TC)
planning permission will not be granted until work commences	
on a Cambourne Station and no new homes will be allowed to	
be occupied until the station and East West Rail services are	
operational	
Comment that Cambourne was the best performing in transport	56923 (Cambridgeshire County Council)
terms of the free-standing new settlements of those tested at	
stage one- with the Cambourne to Cambridge public transport	
scheme and East West Rail included. Any development in the	
Cambourne / Bourn Airfield area needs to have good links to the	
existing community to enable greater access to services and to	
reduce the potential transport impacts of any new development.	
Suggestion that the plan should provide greater clarity about the	57893 (Martin Grant Homes)
location of growth at Cambourne, and that development can	
come forward here ahead of East West Rail, supported by	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Greater Cambridge Partnership's Cambourne to Cambridge	
Public Transport Scheme	
Concern raised about assumed trajectory at Cambourne given	58879 (Scott Properties)
uncertainty over East West Rail delivery and timing	
Proposal for additional new settlements, to support the aim of	58622 (Vistry Group and RH Topham & Sons Ltd)
significantly boosting housing supply.	

Rural area

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support for limits on rural development proposed in the plan, for the	56789 (Shudy Camps PC), 56803 (M Colville), 58345
following reasons:	(Caxton PC), 58350 (Toft PC), 58808 (R Mervart), 59957
Protecting existing villages	(Little Abington PC), 59995 (Steeple Morden PC), 60077
Protecting rural nature of the area	(Guilden Morden PC), 60110 (C Blakeley), 59710
Other locations have equal or better public transport	(Caldecote PC), 56521* (R Smith)
connections	
Maintain the character of Cambridgeshire	
Particularly protect villages in the Green Belt	
Improve public transport using existing road network	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
 Villages have already absorbed significant growth. 	
Villages have endured significant development recently with no	58039 & 58041* (Great and Little Chishill PC)
infrastructure and facilities.	
Enabling infill development within smaller villages is supported as this	59691 (Central Bedfordshire Council)
will support rural services, the vitality and viability of villages, and their	
shops and services contributing to overall sustainability.	
Support for inclusion of allocations for housing and employment in the	58196 (Countryside Properties (UK) Ltd), 58255
rest of the rural area as part of the proposed development strategy	(Bletsoes), 58952 (Varrier Jones Foundation)
Support for recognition in the policy DS recognises that appropriate	
development in the rest of the rural area includes "new employment	
sites in the countryside meeting specific business needs"	
Comment that the strategy should be more flexible to allow greater	57374 (Colegrove Estates), 59056* (A P Burlton
scales of development at Group and higher tier villages.	Turkey's Ltd)
Comment that the strategy for the rural area should also reflect on the	57310 (Deal Land LLP), 57650 (Endurance Estates -
merits of planned public transport provision, as this further	Balsham Site), 58647 (Deal Land LLP)
strengthens the sustainability of villages.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Comment that affordable housing in locations requiring car ownership	58183 (Cllr N Gough)
is not affordable.	
More housing in rural areas should be allowed with the	59056* (A P Burlton Turkey's Ltd)
redevelopment of windfall sites.	
Comment that Foxton is a more sustainable village given its rail	57516 (R2 Developments Ltd)
station	
Comment noting the planned improvements to sustainable transport	57348 (Bloor Homes Eastern), 58567 (MacTaggart &
connections that will enhance the sustainability of Papworth,	Mickel), 58900 (Varrier Jones Foundation), 58952
including: East West Rail; GCP proposed bus service enhancements,	(Varrier Jones Foundation)
A428 Black Cat to Caxton Gibbet project, cycle and pedestrian links	
to Cambourne.	
Note the improvement to connectivity in Caxton Village created by the	56481 (V Chapman), 56489 (D & B Searle), 56499 (W
proposed Cambourne East West Rail station.	Grain), 56517 (RJ & RS Millard)
Objection to statement on page 30 of the First Proposals document	58668 (Wates Developments Ltd)
"Using less land for development reduces our carbon emissions, and	
allows more space for nature and wildlife". High quality development	
can also, at suitable lower densities, achieve carbon neutrality and	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
provide enhancements for nature and wildlife, along with a wealth of	
other benefits.	
Objection to the limits placed on small new housing sites in, and	56557 (Bonnel Homes Ltd), 58600 (Hill Residential Ltd
around smaller settlements	and Chivers Farms (Hardington) LLP), 58644 (Abbey
	Properties Cambridgeshire Limited), 58694 (LVA), 58899
	(Axis Land Partnerships)
Request that the development strategy increases its provision of	59080 (A P Burlton Turkey's Ltd)
housing for rural areas where redundant farm buildings exist	
The list of permitted categories in the rural area should be amended	58852 (Dobbies Garden Centres Ltd)
to include 'horticulture and garden centres.'	
Support settlement hierarchy policy as a means of directing	6011 (C Blakeley)
development towards most suitable and sustainable locations.	
Concerned about impact of speculative applications. Suggest the	
word 'indicative' be removed to strengthen and add clarity. Support	
the reclassification of Cottenham and Babraham villages.	
Support for inclusion of Babraham Research Campus in the Plan, to	58087 (Babraham Research Campus Ltd)
provide additional space for life science businesses to cluster and	
grow	
Provisos needed for Babraham Institute being released from Green	59501* (Babraham PC)
Belt. "How Many Homes" by CPRE Devon, demonstrates ONS	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
population projections seriously flawed, 40% overestimation of	
housing needs. Anthony Browne MP survey found very high	
proportion of residents did not want further housing developments.	
Green Belt under pressure and been nibbled away. Very high	
employment so no need for more, and associated housing.	
Support for inclusion of Mingle Lane, Great Shelford within the plan,	57301 (Mrs Ann Josephine Johnson)
for the following reasons:	
close proximity to employment opportunities and the good	
accessibility by sustainable modes of transport	
good range of services and facilities within the village	
exceptional circumstances relating to housing need justifies	
Green Belt release	
supports vitality of rural communities	
 supports a range of housing types and sizes 	
Opportunity to address identified local housing needs including	
for affordable housing which won't be met by other means	
Objection to site S/RRA/MF in Oakington, for the following reasons:	56873 (J Prince)
Removal of Green Belt is not justified in relation to harm to	
separation between Oakington and Northstowe	
Harm to heritage and landscape	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Floodrisk in the vicinity	
Concern that development at village sites such as Melbourn will	58041* (Great and Little Chishill PC)
exacerbate existing problems, noting that this village has seen	
significant development in recent years with no infrastructure and	
facilities, putting pressure on both schools and roads.	
Support for approach taken to meeting logistics sector needs along	59053 (Lolworth Developments Limited)
the A14, including the following points:	
Locating logistics facilities close to urban centres enables the	
use of electric fleet and cargo bikes for last mile deliveries	
The area has high accessibility to the strategic network	
The area along the A14 is served by large scale residential	
development providing a labour pool at short commuting	
distances	
Support for Policy S/RRA identifying two manufacturing and	59053 (Lolworth Developments Limited)
warehousing allocations around the Swavesey junction of the A14	
Support the proposals which exclude any development in Little Linton	57914* (H Lawrence-Foulds), 59432* (J Pearson)
and the land between Little Linton and Linton.	
The settlements of Linton and Little Linton have historically had	
distinct identities. New development in the area would disrupt the	
historic open landscape, destroying the separation and damaging the	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
individual character of each settlement. Land in this area is a valuable	
environmental resource, which should be protected.	
The direction of future development to other more sustainable	
locations is appropriate and will ensure that Little Linton and Linton	
retain their identity.	

Sites not included in the First Proposals

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Promotion of specific sites not included in the First	Individuals
Proposals, for a range of reasons including:	57063 (C Meadows), 57014 (J Francis), 58146 (J Manning)
 It accords with the strategy of the plan 	
Opportunity for development at a sustainable	Developers, Housebuilders and Landowners
village	56713 (KB Tebbit Ltd), 56848 (Gonville and Caius College), 56902 (R.
Opportunity to address identified local	Cambridge Propco Limited), 56995 (Hastingwood Developments), 57051
housing needs including for affordable	(Cemex UK Properties Ltd), 57056 (Endurance Estates), 57083 (Shelford
housing which won't be met by other means	Investments), 57094 (RO Group Ltd), 57113 (Cambridge District
Support development of underutilised land	Oddfellows)
and buildings	57121 (KG Moss Will Trust & Moss Family), 57150 (Southern & Regional
	Developments Ltd), 57195 (European Property Ventures

Summary of issues raised in comments

- Limited contribution to Cambridge Green Belt purposes
- Contributions that development will make to local infrastructure and facilities
- Will be supported by planned Public Transport provision
- Can meet identified employment sector needs
- To maintain smooth delivery of housing throughout plan period
- Support A10 Cambridge to Waterbeach corridor as a focus for growth
- Contribute to NPPF paras 69 & 79
- Performs equitably or better than allocated sites
- Provide as much choice as possible in terms of the location, size, type and tenure of housing that the plan can offer
- Meets evidenced need for logistics land

Comments highlighting this issue

(Cambridgeshire)), 57202 (MPM Properties (TH) Ltd and Thriplow Farms Ltd), 57310 (Deal Land LLP), 57346 (Clarendon Land), 57348 (Bloor Homes Eastern), 57376 (Deal Land LLP), 57427 (Mission Street Ltd), 57502 (Cambridgeshire County Council (as landowner)), 57557 (Cheveley Park Farms Limited), 57558 (Cheveley Park Farms Limited), 57559 (Cheveley Park Farms Limited) 57565, (Cheveley Park Farms Limited), 57636 (Dudley Developments), 57650 (Endurance Estates - Balsham Site), 57684 (Endurance Estates - Bassingbourn Sites), 57893 (Martin Grant Homes), 58003 (Imperial War Museum/Gonville and Caius College), 58187 (Enterprise Property Group Limited), 58195 (Terence O'Rourke Ltd), 58196 (Countryside Properties (UK) Ltd), 58237 (Hallam Land Management Limited), 58257 (Pembroke College), 58333 (Simons Developments Ltd), 58355 (Bridgemere Land Plc), 58400 (Trinity College), 58401 (Hawkswren Ltd), 58433 (NW Bio and its UK Subsidiary Aracaris Capital Ltd), 58471 (Cheveley Park Farms Limited), 58488 (BDW Homes Cambridgeshire & The Landowners (Mr Currington, Mr Todd, Ms Douglas, Ms Jarvis, Mr Badcock & Ms Hartwell), 58503 (Bloor Homes Eastern), 58512 (Hill Residential Limited), 58523 (Phase 2 Plannning), 58561 (Grosvenor Britain & Ireland), 58567 (MacTaggart & Mickel), 58585 (Endurance Estates - Caxton Gibbet Site), 58600 (Hill Residential Ltd and

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
	Chivers Farms (Hardington) LLP), 58622 (Vistry Group and RH Topham &
	Sons Ltd), 58629 (Hill Residential), 58647 (Deal Land LLP), 58668 (Wates
	Developments Ltd), 58676 (The Church Commissioners for England),
	58693 (Wates Developments Ltd), 58704 (Grange Farm Partnership),
	58899 (Axis Land Partnerships), 58900 (Varrier Jones Foundation), 58922
	(Metro Property Unit Trust), 58923 (Clare College, Cambridge), 58929
	(Carter Jonas), 58950 (North Barton Road Landowners Group), 58952
	(Varrier Jones Foundation), 59020 (Peterhouse), 59040 (Axis Land
	Partnerships), 59048 (Emmanuel College), 59053 (Lolworth Developments
	Limited), 59082 (L&Q Estates Limited and Hill Residential Limited), 59100
	(Pace Investments), 59148 (Silverley Properties Ltd), 59252 (Croudace
	Homes), 59307 (Countryside Properties), 60263 (Gonville & Caius
	College), 60284 Wheatley Group Developments Ltd), 60295 (Miller Homes
	- Fulbourn Site), 60302 (Miller Homes - Melbourn Site), 60709 (Vistry
	Group – Linden Homes), 60819 (Gonville & Caius College), 57009* (KWA
	Architects), 60545* (Thakeham Homes Ltd), 58188* (Smithson Hill),
	58297* (University of Cambridge), 58613* (MacTaggart & Mickel), 58652*
	(Wates Developments Ltd), 57891* (Martin Grant Homes), 58265* (Pigeon
	Land 2 Ltd), 59053 (Lolworth Developments Limited), 59131* (Lolworth
	Developments Ltd), 58651* (Wates Developments Ltd), 60561 (W Garfit)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support for the rejection of specific sites promoted	56789 (Shudy Camps PC), 56965 (Trumpington Residents Association)
to the plan, for the following reasons:	
Strain on local infrastructure	
Traffic	
Worsening flooding	
Objection to perceived incorrect assessment of site	57015 (KWA Architects)
within the Strategy topic paper and HELAA	
Request for clarity regarding inclusion or not of a	57076 (R Wilson)
specific site within the housing commitments	
identified in the First Proposals.	
Comment identifying the need to proactively plan for	57477 (ESFA (Department for Education)), 57494 (ESFA - Department for
educational facilities when sites are actively being	Education)
sought, and most specifically to provide a site for	
Cambridge Maths School.	
Objection to the proposed reclassification of	57114 (Cambridge District Oddfellows)
Cottenham to Minor Rural Centre, due to its good	
services and facilities.	

S/SH: Settlement hierarchy

Hyperlink for all comments

Open this hyperlink - <u>Policy S/SH: Settlement hierarchy</u> > then go to the sub-heading 'Tell us what you think' > click the magnifying glass symbol

Number of Representations for this section: 98

Abbreviations

• PC= Parish Council DC= District Council TC= Town Council

Executive Summary

There was broad support for the settlement hierarchy policy approach from across the range of respondents. There were mixed views on the approach to limiting the scale of development according to the classification of settlement within the hierarchy. Suggestions for an alternative approach included taking into consideration 'made' Neighbourhood Plans, the context of the local area and available services and facilities and public transport, how settlements interact and support each other, supporting local communities and services, and that it should include business premises as well as housing.

There were mixed views on development thresholds with some supporting the proposed approach, some seeking higher thresholds and others wanting the thresholds removed or replaced. Concerns included that the thresholds are arbitrary, or that the proposed limits were not explained or justified and should better reflect the NPPF ambitions for making best use of land. There was also

concern that the thresholds only applied to individual sites and not the cumulative impacts and overall scale of development permitted within a village. Suggestions for alternative approaches included allowing development within settlement boundaries, using the thresholds as a guide but allowing more development on sustainable sites, replacing the limits with something in line with calculated windfall allowance, allowing more development in smaller villages where it would secure improved services.

A number of representors made village specific comments, including a number of Parish Councils generally supporting their village's classification and several developers suggesting changes to village classifications to a higher tier and greater flexibility on the scale of development permitted, with a number of developers promoting a range of sites for development.

Table of representations: S/SH: Settlement hierarchy

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support Policy	
	Individuals
	57036 (Dr W Harrold), 58109, (M Asplin), 60648 (P Fletcher)
	Public Bodies
	56862 (Bassingbourn-cum-Kneesworth PC), 57318
	(Huntingdonshire DC), 57887 (Ickleton PC), 59468 (Shepreth
	PC), 59812 (Dry Drayton PC), 59852 (Barrington PC)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
	Third Sector Organisations
	56667 (The Ickleton Society), 58244 (Cambridge Past,
	Present & Future)
	Other Organisations
	60445 (Anglian Water Services Ltd)
	Developers, Housebuilders and Landowners
	58238 (Hallam Land Management Limited), 59834 (MCA
	Developments Ltd)
Indicative maximum scheme sizes should include business	56862 (Bassingbourn-cum-Kneesworth PC)
premises as well as housing.	
Support the continuation of a threshold of 30 units of housing	56573 (Gamlingay PC)
developments in minor rural centres.	
This policy should place limits on the size of individual windfall	56804 (M Colville), 57705 (J Pavey), 57832 (D Lister)
schemes. These should be:	
 in line with an adopted Neighbourhood Plan for the rural 	
centre in question	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
considered within context of the local area	
in aggregate of total impact	
The settlement hierarchy review appears to assess each	57339 (HD Planning Ltd), 60311 (Gladman Developments)
settlement in terms of the services located within Parish	
boundaries rather than considering how different settlements	
interact and support each other (in line with paragraph 79 of the	
NPPF). For example, the village of Meldreth is closely supported	
by the facilities of Melbourn.	
This approach fails to take account of situations where it is	57375 (Colegrove Estates)
demonstrated there is a need for a larger amount of growth to	
support villages and local communities.	
The sustainability credentials of Group Villages should therefore	
be further reviewed, and a greater level of development allowed	
at and adjoining these villages	
A capacity assessment is needed for all villages in South	57503 (Cambridgeshire County Council, as landowner)
Cambridgeshire to determine which potential housing sites might	
be deliverable or developable during the plan period to 2041, and	
the number of dwellings that might be delivered from each of	
those sites.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
The site size limits for each category of village should be deleted	
and replaced with a general policy that supports development	
within existing settlement boundaries, in conjunction with a	
revised development strategy that allocates suitable sites on the	
edge of existing sustainable villages.	
The size of individual developments should be subject to limits	57553 (Save Honey Hill Group), 57641 (J Conroy),
until the effects of unprecedented growth already in the pipeline	
can be evaluated in relation to the provision of local services and	
facilities.	
Limits could be specified in line with the Windfall allowance	
calculated.	
Confusion over the use/definition of village and town (simply not a	57646 (Histon & Impington PC)
matter of size and facilities which are undefined).	
Concern over the legal definition and suggested ambition of being	
designated a Town.	
S/SH should also recognise and control within the hierarchy	58109 (M Asplin)
brown field sites that require Green Belt land take.	
Allow development in smaller villages with permission conditional	58168 (Dr S Kennedy)
on the provision of better services which often have excellent	
schools better suited to expansion than Cambridge.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
The village hierarchy must reflect the provision of quality public	58177 (Cllr N Gough)
transportation that provides a reasonable option to the car to and	
from places of work and study. That public transportation needs	
to be assessed by reference to frequency, hours of operation,	
and speed (relative to the car).	
Several sewage treatment facilities upstream from Cambridge are	58244 (Cambridge Past, Present & Future)
unable to cope during periods of high rainfall (discharging raw	
sewage) contributing towards failing water quality.	
A policy is needed to ensure development in any villages served	
by such sewage treatment works should be conditional upon	
improvements to those facilities.	
Settlement hierarchy should be reconsidered in terms of	58246 (Bletsoes)
the roles that settlements play in terms of service provision	
for neighbouring settlements and a settlement's proximity	
to other settlements that offer a range of services.	
Rural settlements should be considered for housing allocations	
proportionate to the size of the settlements	
Support new settlements. Villages and minor rural centres should	58361 (Linton PC)
be the last resort in hierarchy of development which have already	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
taken more than their share, to the detriment of community,	
character and infrastructure.	
The approach to the scale of development in villages needs	58479 & 58495 (Hill Residential Limited)
revisiting. The approach controls the size of individual	
developments, but not the overall scale of development at a	
village. E.g., in a Minor Rural Centre, 2 schemes of 29 dwellings	
are acceptable, but one of 31 is not. There is no logic or	
justification for such an arbitrary approach to the scale of	
development of individual sites.	
Proposed settlement hierarchy is ineffective at delivering required	58593 (Artisan -UK- Projects Ltd)
levels of growth to support the vitality of rural villages and gives	
insufficient weight to the sustainability of villages with railway	
stations.	
Current settlement boundaries are drawn too tightly preventing	
meaningful growth.	
A more flexible/relaxed approach to settlement boundaries is	
needed.	
These villages are not recognised as being considerably more	
sustainable than other locations despite the clear influence a	
station has on sustainable commuting patterns.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
The settlement hierarchy methodology and tiers are generally	58625 (Vistry Group and RH Topham & Sons Ltd)
supported. Decisions on the status of specific settlements	
(excluding Cambridge and new settlements) should wait until the	
spatial strategy has been finalised.	
Object to policy that will limit the size of schemes within minor	
rural centres, group villages and infill villages.	Developers, Housebuilders and Landowners
To set an indicative maximum scheme size fails to recognise the	58656 (Abbey Properties Cambridgeshire Limited), 60170
full potential of a site in such locations nor the potential benefits	(Home Builders Federation), 60220 (Thakeham Homes Ltd),
of such schemes in ensuring existing services remains	60311 (Gladman Developments), 60324 (Daniels Bros -
sustainable into the long term. A more appropriate approach	Shefford- Ltd, 60543 (Beechwood Homes Contracting Ltd),
would be to reflect paragraph 124 and 125 of the NPPF to make	60548 (Thakeham Homes Ltd Land at Comberton Road,
the most effective use of land whilst taking into account housing	Comberton - HELAA site 40497)
needs, market conditions, infrastructure and serves as well as the	
character of the area.	
The proposed limit of housing for settlements identified in the	59095 (A P Burlton Turkey's Ltd)
hierarchy should be reviewed with a view to increasing the	
development threshold and serve as a guide, with the relative	
sustainability of the site/settlement providing a basis for	
increasing the development threshold of a site.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
The size of individual developments should be subject to limits,	59886 (Fen Ditton PC)
specified in line with the windfall allowance calculated.	
The Vision & Aims of the Local Plan are at risk should there be	
no limit on the size and scale of schemes brought forward and	
approved.	
Growth levels attributed to Infill Villages too restrictive.	58714 (LVA)
The definition of Group Villages should be reinforced to restrict	59852 (Barrington PC)
exceptional development of up to 15 dwellings only on brownfield	
sites.	
Caxton, a highly sustainable location for growth with the	56482 (V Chapman), 56490 (D & B Searle), 56500 (W
proposed new railway station should have no limit on the scale of	Grain), 56518 (RJ & JS Millard), 58645 (R Grain), 58714
individual developments.	(LVA)
Development in Teversham – a Group Village - would help	56896 (RWS Ltd)
facilitate a shift away from car use, and certainly reduce any	
journey times by car. However, no sites are proposed for	
allocation within the village.	
West Wickham Parish Council supports the infill village	56908 (Cllr. D Sargeant)
designation for West Wickham and Streetly End and the	
indicative maximum scheme size.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Babraham a proposed 'Group Village' has a primary school	56924 (Cambridgeshire County Council - Education)
consistent with infrastructure in other Group Villages. The school	
is currently full to its capacity of 0.5FE/84 places and operates	
with four classes (it operates a Published Admission Number	
(PAN) of 12). The school's site and context mean that it has	
previously been determined that there is no scope for significant	
expansion beyond its current size.	
Some children currently attend from within Sawston catchment,	
so displacement of places back to Sawston should be borne in	
mind with development at Babraham.	
Melbourn & Meldreth should be allocated as a Rural Centre. The	57041 (Endurance Estates)
villages are performing the role already and should be moved up	
the hierarchy. High Quality Public Transport links and good range	
of shops, services/ education facilities and employment	
opportunities.	
The fourth bullet point restricts 'Minor Rural Centres', such as	57073 (R Wilson)
Linton to an 'indicative maximum scheme size of 30 dwellings'.	
This is not explained and unjustified. It should have this bullet	
point removed	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
The status of Cottenham in the settlement hierarchy should	57115 (Cambridge District Oddfellows), 57151 (Southern &
remain as a Rural Centre. Cottenham is capable of providing	Regional Developments Ltd), 57197 (European Property
larger schemes of more than 30 dwellings.	Ventures -Cambridgeshire)
Objection to Waterbeach being identified as a 'Minor Rural	57151 (Southern & Regional Developments Ltd), 57197
Centre'. Given the growth to the north and the sustainable	(European Property Ventures -Cambridgeshire)
pedestrian and green links between the settlement and the new	
town.	
Existing settlement of Waterbeach can provide larger schemes of	
+30 dwellings. Should be treated as a new town.	
Hardwick should be a Minor Rural Centre because of its location	58298 (Pigeon Land 2 Ltd)
on the public transport corridor between Cambridge and	
Cambourne, proposed investment in East West Rail and Scotland	
Farm Park and Ride. Development here would fulfil more policy	
objectives. The limit on size of development schemes should be	
based on individual site circumstances.	
The former Papworth Hospital Site provides an opportunity to	58339 (DLP Planning Ltd)
deliver a healthcare development, +30 dwellings, in the form of a	
healthcare use (C2). Papworth Everard should be identified as a	
'Rural Centre'.	

Comments highlighting this issue
58380 (Bridgemere Land Plc)
58386 (Deal Land LLP)
58491 (BDW Homes Cambridgeshire & The Landowners)
58548 (Croudace Homes)
58549 (Martin Grant Homes)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Support the identification of Cambourne as a new town within the	58678 (The Church Commissioners for England), 59156
emerging settlement hierarchy.	(Cambourne TC)
Objection: Whittlesford should be a	58706 (Grosvenor Britain & Ireland)
Minor Rural Centre.	
The settlement hierarchy methodology should increase scoring of	
locations with excellent public transport, access to the City of	
Cambridge, employment and services; reinforcing its suitability as	
a sustainable location for growth.	
Bassingbourn and Kneesworth should be recognised as a single	58943 (Scott Properties)
settlement within the Settlement Hierarchy due to their functional	
relationship and physical proximity.	
Concern over the rate of growth of Cambourne. Landscape and	59812 (Dry Drayton PC)
habitat should be significant factors in the assessment of	
developments in group villages.	
Support Steeple Morden, a group village remaining in this	59996 (Steeple Morden PC)
category.	
Support Guilden Morden, a group village remaining in this	60078 (Guilden Morden PC)
category.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this issue
Fulbourn has a wide range of services & facilities and scores	60298 (Miller Homes - Fulbourn site)
highly on the factors assessed. It should be re-classified as a	
Rural Centre.	
Melbourn has a wide range of services & facilities and scores	60305 (Miller Homes - Melbourn site)
highly on the factors assessed. It should be re-classified as a	
Rural Centre.	

Table of representations: S/SH: Settlement hierarchy – site related comments

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
Land to the north east of Hurdleditch Road, Orwell (HELAA site 40383) / Land to the south west	56715 (K.B. Tebbit Ltd)
of Hurdleditch Road, Orwell (HELAA site 40378)	
Group Villages are capable of accommodating housing growth by virtue of their service provision	
and status in the settlement hierarchy.	
Orwell village has access to a number of facilities enabling residents to access services for their	
day-to-day needs. Orwell is an established sustainable settlement capable of accommodating	
proportionate levels of new housing growth to assist in preparation of a balanced and varied	
housing supply which in turn will support the economic growth of Greater Cambridge.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
44 North End and Land at Bury End Farm, North End, Meldreth (HELAA site 40284)	56998 (Hastingwood
Meldreth is a Group Village - Agree	Developments)
Few development opportunities within the settlement boundary for sites of 8 dwellings or more.	
Only small sites for one or two dwellings. Meldreth is a Group Village	
Site size thresholds for category of village are largely irrelevant and ineffective. Available sites	
fall below the threshold where affordable housing is required e.g. less than 10 dwellings.	
Land to the west of Malton Road, Orwell (HELAA site 40324)	57052 (CEMEX UK Properties
A capacity assessment is needed for all villages in South Cambridgeshire to determine which	Ltd)
potential housing sites might be deliverable or developable during the plan period to 2041, and	
the number of dwellings that might be delivered from each of those sites.	
The site size limits for each category of village are deleted and replaced with a general policy	
that supports development within existing settlement boundaries, in conjunction with a revised	
development strategy that allocates suitable sites on the edge of existing sustainable villages.	
including at Orwell.	
Land off Fenny Lane, Meldreth, Royston (HELAA site 40036)	57072 (Elbourn Family)
A capacity assessment is needed for all villages in South Cambridgeshire to determine which	
potential housing sites might be deliverable or developable during the plan period to 2041, and	
the number of dwellings that might be delivered from each of those sites.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
The site size limits for each category of village are deleted and replaced with a general policy	
that supports development within existing settlement boundaries, in conjunction with a revised	
development strategy that allocates suitable sites on the edge of existing sustainable villages	
including at Meldreth.	
Land off Hall Lane, Great Chishill (HELAA site 47879)	57096 (RO Group Ltd)
A capacity assessment is needed for all villages in South Cambridgeshire to determine which	
potential housing sites might be deliverable or developable during the plan period to 2041, and	
the number of dwellings that might be delivered from each of those sites.	
The site size limits for each category of village are deleted and replaced with a general policy	
that supports development within existing settlement boundaries, in conjunction with a revised	
development strategy that allocates suitable sites on the edge of existing sustainable villages	
including at Great Chishill.	
1-3 Lodge Road, Thriplow (HELAA site 47379)	57214 (MPM Properties (TH)
A capacity assessment is needed for all villages in South Cambridgeshire to determine which	Ltd and Thriplow Farms Ltd)
potential housing sites might be deliverable or developable during the plan period to 2041, and	
the number of dwellings that might be delivered from each of those sites.	
The site size limit for each category of village should be deleted or marked as indicative so that	
the policy is sufficiently flexible.	
Land off High Street, Little Eversden (HELAA Site 40211)	57309 (Bletsoes)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
The current adopted Local Plan (2018) identifies Little Eversden as an Infill Village, and this	
classification is to be carried forward through the GCLP.	
Little Eversden should be considered for modest scale housing allocations. To help deliver a	
broader range of housing stock including affordable housing.	
Land to the east of Ridgeway and Old Pinewood Way, Papworth Everard (HELAA site 40439)	57350 (Bloor Homes Eastern)
A capacity assessment is needed for all villages in South Cambridgeshire to determine which	
potential housing sites might be deliverable or developable during the plan period to 2041, and	
the number of dwellings that might be delivered from each of those sites.	
The site size limits for each category of village are deleted and replaced with a general policy	
that supports development within existing settlement boundaries, in conjunction with a revised	
development strategy that allocates suitable sites on the edge of existing sustainable villages	
including at Papworth Everard.	
Land to the south-east of Cambridge Road, Foxton (HELAA site 40408) / Land to the north and	57519 (R2 Developments Ltd)
east of Barrington Road, Foxton (HELAA site 40412)	
The proposed mixed-used development at Site HELAA Ref 40408 will continue to strengthen the	
village's employment offerings and support the wider rural economy. The scale of residential	
development proposed at Site HELAA Ref: 40412 is appropriate to the size of the village and	
would support the long term vitality of the village and provide the local community with housing	
choice.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
Land adjacent to Babraham (HELAA site 40297)	57573, 57574, 57575, 57576
We support this policy. We note that the emerging Plan seeks to classify Babraham as a 'Group	& 58487 (Cheveley Park
Village' as it has a primary school. We consider Babraham has a pivotal role to play in promoting	Farms Limited)
opportunities for employment in the southern cluster and that homes should be located adjacent	
to such opportunities. We consider that the Local Plan should seize this opportunity to co-locate	
employment opportunities and housing and allocate the subject site for mixed use development,	
as per the proposed development at this site. The boundary has not changed.	
Land to the east of Ridgeway and Old Pinewood Way, Papworth Everard (HELAA site 40439)	57652 (Endurance Estates -
A capacity assessment is needed for all villages in South Cambridgeshire to determine which	Balsham Site)
potential housing sites might be deliverable or developable during the plan period to 2041, and	
the number of dwellings that might be delivered from each of those sites.	
The site size limits for each category of village are deleted and replaced with a general policy	
that supports development within existing settlement boundaries, in conjunction with a revised	
development strategy that allocates suitable sites on the edge of existing sustainable villages	
including at Balsham.	
Land off The Causeway, Bassingbourn (HELAA site 40228) & Land off Poplar Farm Close,	57685 (Endurance Estates -
Bassingbourn (HELAA site 40230)	Bassingbourn Sites)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
A capacity assessment is needed for all villages in South Cambridgeshire to determine which	
potential housing sites might be deliverable or developable during the plan period to 2041, and	
the number of dwellings that might be delivered from each of those sites.	
The site size limits for each category of village are deleted and replaced with a general policy	
that supports development within existing settlement boundaries, in conjunction with a revised	
development strategy that allocates suitable sites on the edge of existing sustainable villages	
including at Bassingbourn.	
Land off Station Road, Willingham (HELAA site 40527): Object	58147 (J Manning)
A capacity assessment is needed for all villages in South Cambridgeshire to determine which	
potential housing sites might be deliverable or developable during the plan period to 2041, and	
the number of dwellings that might be delivered from each of those sites.	
The site size limits for each category of village are deleted and replaced with a general policy	
that supports development within existing settlement boundaries, in conjunction with a revised	
development strategy that allocates suitable sites on the edge of existing sustainable villages	
including at Willingham.	
Land at Pitt Dene Farm, Meadow Drift, Elsworth (HELAA site 40351)	58190 (Enterprise Residential
The site size limits for each category of village are deleted and replaced with a general policy	Developments Ltd and
that supports development within existing settlement boundaries, in conjunction with a revised	Davison Group)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
development strategy that allocates suitable sites on the edge of existing sustainable villages	
including at Elsworth	
Land between Balsham Road and Horseheath Road, Linton (HELAA site 40302) - Pembroke	58260 (Pembroke College),
College	60511 (Taylor Wimpey UK
Land north of Cambridge Road (A1307), Linton (HELAA site 51721) - Taylor Wimpey UK Ltd	Ltd)
Linton benefits from a breadth of services and facilities	
The Cambridge South East Transport project seeks to provide better connections between	
Linton and Cambridge. Linton should therefore be a Rural Centre. New development can	
support improvement to existing services.	
Land west of Linton (HELAA Site 51047)	58511 (Bloor Homes Eastern)
Few opportunities for 30 dwellings within existing Minor Rural Centres settlement boundaries;	
Linton is an example where there are no opportunities within the boundary for sites of 30	
dwellings or more.	
The site size limits for each category of village are deleted and replaced with a general policy	
that supports development within existing settlement boundaries, in conjunction with a revised	
development strategy that allocates suitable sites on the edge of existing sustainable villages	
including at Linton.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
Papworth Everard, a minor rural centre, is highly sustainable and has real growth potential.	58544 (MacTaggart & Mickel)
Should be allowed to grow, in a sensitive manner, to provide new services and support and	
improve existing services.	
• Land at Crow's Nest Farm, Papworth Everard (HELAA (2021) Site Reference: 48096) would	
have excellent transport links and could provide a Rural Travel Hub to optimise and maximise	
the use of those links, making sustainable travel modes easier and more attractive than car	
travel for site residents and residents of Papworth Everard more generally.	
Land east of Cambridge Road, Hardwick (HELAA site 40414)	58597 (Hill Residential Ltd
Based on a current assessment, Hardwick Village should be re-classified as a 'Minor Rural	and Chivers Farms -
Centre' within the Settlement Hierarchy.	Hardington- LLP)
If the future development potential of the village is to be taken into consideration (as per	
Waterbeach New Town and Bourn Airfield New Village), then Hardwick Village should be	
identified as a 'Rural Centre' and a key location for sustainable development.	
Our proposed development site at land east of Cambridge Road (Site No. 40414) provides a	
strategic opportunity for the future sustainable development of the settlement.	
Land west side of London Road, High Street, Fowlmere (HELAA site 40116)	58686 (Wates Developments
Development should be assigned across settlement hierarchy. Policy direction includes	Ltd)
restrictions on indicative maximum scheme sizes for each settlement tier. Coupled with overall	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
development strategy for only small number of allocations within rural area, ability for	
sustainable developments to come forward is overly restrictive and unjustified.	
Fowlmere is "Group Village". Concerned by lack of assessment in terms of its ability to	
accommodate growth.	
Failure of evidence base to consider all modes of transport and Fowlmere's connectivity to	
surrounding settlements.	
To ensure employment growth is supported by sufficient housing, Fowlmere should	
accommodate housing sites, to meet criterion c) NPPF Paragraph 8	
Land South of Newington, Willingham would offer the opportunity for a site that benefits from	59154 (Silverley Properties
sustainable travel opportunities, in addition to service and facilities within the village.	Ltd)
East of Horningsea Road (HELAA site 47647) / West of Ditton Lane (HELAA site 40516)	60569 (Countryside
The adopted South Cambridgeshire Local Plan was supported by the Village Classification	Properties - Fen Ditton site)
Report (2012). At this stage it appears that no similar assessment has been prepared to support	
the emerging Greater Cambridge Local Plan. It is considered that an updated assessment must	
be undertaken to support the emerging Plan and to ensure it is both justified and effective.	
Land to the west of Cambridge Road, Melbourn (HELAA site 40489)	60643 (Bruntwood SciTech)
The village of Melbourn remains as a Rural Centre within this emerging Local Plan and is	
supported having regard to the acknowledgement that the Council's recognise the role that the	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting this
	issue
village can play in accommodating new development and in particular the allocation for a mixed	
use site on the eastern side of Melbourn Science Park	
Land to the west of Cambridge Road, Melbourn (HELAA site 40490)	58695 (Wates Developments
Development should be assigned across settlement hierarchy. Policy direction includes	Ltd)
restrictions on indicative maximum scheme sizes for each settlement tier. Coupled with overall	
development strategy for only small number of allocations within rural area, ability for	
sustainable developments to come forward is overly restrictive and unjustified.	
Support Melbourn as a 'Minor Rural Centre'.	
Object to restriction on quantum of dwellings for this tier in Settlement Hierarchy, which	
contradicts its position and identification as largest district within the south west of the district.	

S/SB: Settlement boundaries

Hyperlink for all comments

Open this hyperlink - Policy S/SB: Settlement boundaries > then go to the sub-heading 'Tell us what you think' > click the magnifying glass symbol

Number of Representations for this section: 100

Abbreviations

• PC= Parish Council DC= District Council TC= Town Council

Executive Summary

Broad support was expressed for the principle of the settlement boundaries policy. Elements commended by Parish Councils and individual respondents included the preservation of the character of village settlement edges, preservation of agricultural land and the policy's prevention of encroachment of settlements into the countryside. Suggested improvements to the policy included desire to increase the number and variety of permitted exceptions: garden centres, modern concepts of development such as co-housing and self-build, and employment areas. Additionally, there were aspirations to include minimum green separation between settlements (boundaries) and include parish councils in the development of the policy due their local knowledge.

Criticisms to the policy included suggestions that the policy is not compliant with the NPPF (para 69, 78 & 79). Some suggested that the policy wording needed tightening to avoid ambiguity as to when a settlement boundary would be drawn when building new

settlement. Some developers had concern over the lack of inclusion of proposed sites within the settlement boundaries of many villages and asked that the Cambridge settlement boundary be expanded to accommodate possible future expansions at Cambridge Biomedical Campus and Cambridge East. Other developers suggested a change of approach to create greater flexibility and growth in sustainable village edge locations, including within the Green Belt, with support for a criteria-based assessment and/or undertaking

a capacity assessment of all villages to determine potential additional allocations.

Table of representations: S/SB: Settlement hierarchies

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Summary of issues raised in comments Comments highlighting the issue Support/Strongly support policy, for the following reasons: 56863 (Bassingbourn-cum-kneesworth PC), 56668 (The Ickleton Society), 56574 (Gamlingay PC), 56909 (Cllr D • relating to preserving the character of village settlement edges, Sargeant), 57642 (J Conroy), 57710 (J Pavey), 58052 as these are being eroded by inappropriate development (Ickleton PC), 58362 (Linton PC), 59163 (Cambourne TC), • Important to reference role of Neighbourhood Plans and 59997 (Steeple Morden PC), 60079 (Guilden Morden PC), Village Design Guides. 60112 (C Blakeley) • helps preserve agricultural land and prevents unsustainable development in the countryside. • control of development in villages • difficult to prevent the encroachment of settlements on the countryside without policy. • Flood plains to be respected. • Support tightly drawn development boundaries to reduce encroachment. • Policy work should include Parish Councils at an appropriate stage in the development of the Policy because of their local knowledge and data.

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting the issue
Objects to Policy	56850 (Save Honey Hill Group)
lacks detail on the point at which a new settlement boundary	
will be drawn which would allow for boundaries to be vague	
and subject to expedient drift.	
Policy S/SB would not comply with the aims of the Framework	56558 (Bonnel Homes Ltd)
(para 78 NPPF), Policy 79.	
Approach overly restrictive and not accord with paragraph's 69	60614 (Endurance Estates – Orwell sites)
and 79 of the NPPF	
Not allowing sufficient land within settlement boundaries for	
windfall sites is contrary to Paragraph 69 c) of the NPPF.	
Amend policy text to insert 'garden centres' to permitted	58973 (Avison Young)
exceptions outside settlement boundaries (at bullet point 3 in	
first proposals).	
Amend policy: Employment areas in the Countryside should be	59289 (BioMed Realty)
referenced under the terms of this policy, clearly identify	
Granta Park.	
Include Policy map to with Settlement boundaries drawn with	
draft submission.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting the issue
Policy wording: When developments meet 'sufficient certainty	59898 (Fen Ditton PC)
regarding their exact boundaries, new settlement boundaries	
will be drawn' - careful wording is needed to clarity at what	
point certainty is attained.	
Policy wording: policy S/SB should refer to rural exception sites	60169 (Home Builders Federation)
and first homes exception sites to maintain consistency with	
policy HE/S.	
await the detailed maps.	58658 (Abbey Properties Cambridgeshire Ltd)
consider the implications of any changes in national policy.	
Implications for Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Minerals	56925 (Cambridgeshire County Council)
and Waste Local Plan (July 2021) Policy 5.	
Settlement boundaries are essential for controlling	57585 (R Pargeter)
development around villages.	
Want permitted development rights restricted in countryside so	58245 (Cambridge Past, Present & Future)
changes of use becomes conditional, other uses in the	
countryside require a planning application.	
clear green separation between settlement boundaries. A	58320 (MA Claridge)
minimum separation should be given.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting the issue
Comprehensively review settlement boundaries.	56558 (Bonnel Homes Ltd)
Allow for limited additional growth.	
Hinders sustainable development at the edge of villages.	56958 (J Swannell)
Growth in village locations contributes to housing delivery and	
the settlement boundaries policy should provide the flexibility.	
Approach is acceptable.	57017 (KWA Architects)
Consider altering the parish boundaries between Sawston and	
Babraham, at development on the eastern edge of Sawston	
currently lies in Babraham parish but forms part of the village	
of Sawston.	
The way Settlement Boundaries have been used historically is	57059 (Endurance Estates)
out of date, provided an unnecessary restraint on	
development,	
Maximise flexibility to future land supply do not apply	
settlement boundaries in sustainable locations – Minor Rural	
Centre and above.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting the issue
consider development in context of the overall suitability of the	
site when assessed against wider plan policies, not whether	
inside a settlement boundary.	
Periodic reviews may need to be made to the policies map to	57319 (Huntingdonshire DC)
ensure that the boundaries remain up to date in the event of	
windfall or rural exceptions development.	
small clusters of buildings, isolated properties and hamlets	
should not be provided with a settlement boundary and should	
be considered as countryside.	
development boundaries should be removed and replaced with	57388 (HD Planning Ltd), 58551 (Croudace Homes), 60212
a criterion-based assessment	(Gladman Developments)
will add flexibility to the policy and allow for individual sites to	
be judged on their own merits	
Flexible approach to allow for the sustainable credentials of	
each site to be evaluated rather than preventing development	
completely just because a site falls outside of a boundary line	
Policy should take a flexible approach to development and	
growth within and on the edge of villages.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting the issue
a more flexible and tolerant approach is needed towards	57090 (C King), 57172 (Southern & Regional Developments
development in the rural area.	Ltd), 57198 (European Property Ventures - Cambridgeshire),
The logical approach is to allocate further sites on the edge of	57294 (C Sawyer Nutt), 60336 (F.C. Butler Trust), 60347
sustainable villages.	(F.C. Butler Trust)
Ensure maximum flexibility provided to ensure a pragmatic	
approach is adopted in drafting of settlement boundaries.	
policy severely restricts growth outside settlement boundaries	58606 (Artisan (UK) Projects Ltd)
policy direction should not preclude growth in sustainable	60614 (Endurance Estates - Orwell site)
locations, which may include sites well related to settlements	
previously outside of settlement boundaries	
 past settlement boundaries have been drawn to tightly, and do 	
not provide for many (if any) windfall opportunities	
consider modern concepts of development that can be	58738 (LVA)
permitted outside of settlement boundaries, such as co-	
housing and self-build.	
Employment areas in the Countryside should be referenced	58723 (TWI)
under the terms of this policy or in supporting text	
No coalescence of settlements	59813 (Dry Drayton PC)

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting the issue
Review settlement boundaries of Minor Rural Centres	56558 (Bonnel Homes Ltd)
(Gamlingay) and the provision of additional sites that have	
been put forward through the call-for-sites.	
Green belt villages are relatively more sustainable, particularly	58825 (Great Shelford (Ten Acres) Ltd)
Gt Shelford.	
Identify safeguarding land.	
Settlement boundary of Sawston should be amended to	57025 (H Kent)
include land adjacent Spring House, Church Lane, Sawston.	
Currently the settlement boundary cuts through client's land.	
• review of settlement boundaries, draw around properties that	57379 (Colegrove Estates)
are considered to part of a village.	
 Fowlmere along the west side of Chrishall Road. Appleacre 	
Park, the development of 16 approved entry level house,	
Lanacre along Chrishall Road, and properties to the west of	
these properties, should all be included within the settlement	
boundary of Fowlmere.	
Extend settlement boundary at Orwell to include built out	56718 (K.B. Tebbit Ltd)
development as identified in our main representation,	
(S/3870/18/RM), (S/2379/13/FL).	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting the issue
Settlement boundary along Bourn Road at Caxton is out of	56491 (D & B Searle)
date. Redraw to include the land to the west of the Telephone	
Exchange and wrap around the new replacement dwelling of	
30 Bourn Road to match the houses on the northern side of	
Bourn Road. (S/4069/19/FL), (S/4023/18/FL),	
(21/02839/CLUED).	
Cottenham settlement boundary should be redrawn to include	56959 (S & D Jevon & R)
changes taking place to the west of the settlement,	
development under construction should be included,	
(S/2413/17/OL and S/1606/16/OL).	
Amend Melbourn settlement boundary to include the	58470 (TTP Campus Ltd)
'Birchwood site' (S/2941/18/FL) already granted, north of	
Melbourn Science Park.	
Create looser settlement boundaries, to include small sites	58606 (Artisan (UK) Projects Ltd), 58701 (Wates
promoted for development on the edge of villages.	Development Ltd), 58702 (Wates Development Ltd), 59130
• settlement boundaries need to be drawn more loosely, beyond	(Endurance Estates), 59265 (Endurance Estates), 60365 (H.
outer Green Belt, to allow for speculative development.	J. Molton Settlement), 60374 (The Critchley Family), 60384
Land to East Side of Cambridge Road offers sustainable	(Stephen & Jane Graves), 60395 (D Wright),
location for residential growth Melbourn (HELAA site 47757).	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting the issue
Land West of London Road Fowlmere lies adjacent to existing	60476 (P, J & M Crow), 60614 (Endurance Estates – Orwell
settlement boundary is suitable Fowlmere (HELAA site 40116)	site)
discourage development of less suitable sites and assist in	
delivery of affordable housing, such as in Linton	
Such as Teversham (HELAA site 40250)	
Tight settlement boundary for Orwell artificially constrains	
development. HELAA site 40496 abuts Orwell settlement	
boundary and site forms a logical extension.	
settlement boundary for Steeple Morden is unsound, not	60325 (Daniel Brothers (Shefford) Ltd)
justified and not consistent with national policy Steeple Morden	
(HELAA sites 40440 and 40442).	
Development outside of the settlement boundary should be	58497 (BDW Homes Cambridgeshire & The Landowners (Mr
considered via a series of criteria allowing development	Currington, Mr Todd, Ms Douglas, Ms Jarvis, Mr Badcock &
proposals to be assessed on its respective merits, and	Ms Hartwell))
therefore consider Cottenham (HELAA site 59409).	
Support broad development strategy of bringing jobs and	58533 (Bruntwood SciTech)
homes closer together.	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting the issue
Support the allocation of mixed-use development on east side	
of Melbourn Science Park, Melbourn (HELAA site 40490)	
object to the 'high risk' development strategy, dependent upon	59541 (Cheffins), 60268 (The White Family and Pembroke
the delivery of some strategic, complex sites. Strategy should	college),
allocate sites that can deliver policy- compliant levels of	
affordable housing, Teversham (HELAA site 40250),	
limits the opportunity for suitable sites on the edge of	59755 (Endurance Estates),
settlements to meet the needs of Extra Care developments for	60285 (Wheatley Group Development Ltd),
which there is a current and future unmet need which helps	
tackle the affordability. Comberton (HELAA site 40261),	
Gamlingay (HELAA site 40030),	
Land south of Babraham Road and east of site H1c include	57017 (KWA Architects)
within the revised Sawston boundaries, Sawston (HELAA site	
40509).	
Supports defined settlement boundaries.	58371 (Marshall Group properties)
In defining the settlement boundary on the Eastern edge of	
Cambridge, consider safeguarding land east of Airport Way, in	
order to accommodate for the relocated park & ride and allow	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting the issue
for any future expansion of Cambridge East. Cambridge	
(HELAA site 40306).	
Objection to the Settlement Boundary for Linton, Linton	57078 (R Wilson)
(HELAA site 40044)	
Land at Fulbourn Road, Teversham, RWS Ltd, advocate	56897 (RWS Ltd)
including site within settlement boundary, Teversham (HELAA	
site 40295).	
• fig 4, page 22 of the Plan identifies the locations of proposed	57078 (R Wilson), 57079 (R Wilson), 57084 (R Wilson)
new housing development for the years 2021 to 2041, wants	
written confirmation that client's site at Bartlow Road Linton is	
included within the figure (HELAA site 40044).	
Greater Cambridge Local Plan map	
shows layer 'settlement hierarchy Adopted 2018 Local Plan'	
with blue notation across the majority of Linton and boundaries	
to coincide with the settlement boundary which excludes site	
north and south of Bartlow Road, Linton (HELAA site 40044).	
change or modify Plan to revise the settlement boundary	
around Linton as shown by the green pecked line in Appendix	
8, include Linton (HELAA site 40044).	

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting the issue
include site within the settlement boundary of Hauxton for the	58383 (Bridgemere Land Plc)
provision of either a significantly increased quantity of housing,	
employment or a mixture of both. Hauxton (HELAA site	
59400).	
Sawston (HELAA site 40547) and Stapleford (HELAA site	58403 (Deal Land LLP)
40368) include within the respective settlement boundaries, as	
agree with proposed policy direction to define the boundaries	
based on "the present extent of the built-up area as well as	
planned new development".	
settlement boundary should be amended to include this Site	58515 (Hill Residential Ltd)
Impington (HELAA site 40061).	
 Adapt approach to include obvious development opportunities, 	59112 (A P Burlton Turkey's Ltd)
such as large-scale farm buildings contiguous with existing	
settlements (HELAA site 40208).	
Include site within Settlement Boundary for Willingham	59161 (Silverley Properties Ltd)
(HELAA site 59349).	
Submission demonstrates expansion to the SE and SW of the	58964 (Jesus College (and Pigeon Investment Management
Addenbrookes Campus achieved without undermining Green	and Lands Improvement Holdings), a private landowner and
	St John's College))

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting the issue
Belt, and new boundaries for Cambridge set would enhance	
southern edge (HELAA site 40064).	
case for the settlement boundary amendment at Steeple	60330 (Steeplefield)
Morden to include site within the development framework,	
(HELAA Site 40054).	
• site should be included within the settlement boundary of	60512 (Taylor Wimpey UK Ltd)
Linton (HELAA site 51721).	
Release site from Green Belt and include within settlement	60570 (Countryside Properties - Fen Ditton Site)
boundary of Fen Ditton as part of the allocation, Fen Ditton	
(HELAA site 47647), (HELAA site 40516)	
Amend Horningsea village development framework to include	60726 (M Asplin)
site, Horningsea (new site 59410).	
• no objection to principle of settlement boundaries. Existing	Individuals
boundaries have remained largely unchanged, some cases to	57064 (C Meadows), 57074 (Elbourn Family), 57105 (J
consider site allocations. Villages development opportunities	Francis),58148 (J Manning)
limited constraints such as heritage assets.	
Undertake capacity assessment of all villages in South	Developers, Housebuilders and Landowners
Cambridgeshire to determine which potential housing sites	57218 (MPM Properties (TH) Ltd and Thriplow Farms Ltd),
	57000 (Hastingwood Developments), 57053 (CEMEX UK

Summary of issues raised in comments

- No council assessment of capacity land within the existing settlement boundaries of villages undertaken. Should seek to allocate suitable sites on edge of sustainable villages and adjust settlement boundary.
- If capacity assessment does not identify sites, then additional allocations should be made on the edge of those villages to deliver sufficient housing to meet the affordable housing need. Meldreth (HELAA Site 40284). Orwell (HELAA Site 40234), Meldreth (HELAA site 40277), Great Shelford (HELAA site 40529), Great Chishill (HELAA site 47879), Fen Ditton (HELAA site 48148), Fulbourn (HELAA site 40523), Fulbourn (HELAA site 40522), Papworth Everard (HELAA Site 40439), Balsham (HELAA site 40438), Bassingbourn (HELAA Site 40230), (HELAA Site 40228) and (HELAA Site 40227), Willingham (HELAA site 40527), Linton (HELAA site 40411), Elsworth (HELAA site 40514), Orwell (HELAA site 47890), Linton (HELAA Site 51047), Orwell (HELAA site 40324), Foxton (HELAA site 40159).

Comments highlighting the issue

Properties Ltd), 57085 (Shelford Investment), 57097 (RO Group Ltd), 57122 (KG Moss Will Trust & Moss Family), 57352 (Bloor Homes Eastern), 57405 (Cambridgeshire CC (landowner), 57654 (Endurance Estates – Balsham site), 57688 (Endurance Estates - Bassingbourn Sites), 58152 (Hill Residential), 58192 (Enterprise Residential Developments and Davison Group), 58430 (Hawkswren Ltd), 58517 (Bloor Homes Eastern), 58537 (Hill Residential Ltd).

Summary of issues raised in comments	Comments highlighting the issue
include 'Honey Hill' where a large commercial development	56850 (Save Honey Hill Group), 57609 (J Pratt), 59898 (Fen
planned (CWWTPR), area between Fen Ditton and	Ditton PC)
Horningsea.	
Described in the NECAPP	
support the expansion of the Cambridge City settlement	58746 (CBC Limited, Cambridgeshire County Council and a
boundary for growth of Cambridge Biomedical Campus,	private family trust)
including land identified to the south of the Campus as the	
potential Major Area of Change	